VK130 60= OTTAWA ONT 24 1144A=

2582408

C E HOPPER ESQ=

DEPUTY MINISTER OF LANDS AND FORESTS VICTORIA BC=

UNDERSTAND MEETING ARRANGED WITH YOU BY DISTRICT ENGINEER ANCHORAGE REGARDING HAINES FAIRBANKS PIPELINE TENTATIVELY FOR AUGUST TWENTY SEVENTH AT VICTORIA STOP A C L ADAMS NOW SPPOINTED SPECIAL COMMISSIONER FOR CANADA FOR THE PIPELINE AND I CONSIDER IT DESIRABLE HE ATTEND STOP ADAMS PLANS TO ARRIVE VICTORIA EVENING AUGUST THENTY FIFTH STOP PLEASE CONFIRM DATE OF MEETING BY RETURN WIRE-

H A YOUNG DEPUTY MINISTER=



August 24th 1953.

GENERAL TOUNG DEPUTY MINISTER RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT OTTAWA ONT.

RETEL AUGUST TWENTY SEVEN MEETING CONFIRMED STOP PLEASED TO HAVE SPECIAL COMMISSIONER ATTEND

C.E.HOPPER DEPUTY MINISTER OF LANDS

OUR MESSAGE COMPLETE? EXTRA WORDS COST ONLY A FEW CENTS

Character Control

TO BE RELEASED BY HON. R. RONNER AT 9100 a.m.

August 12th, 1953

PRESS RELEASE

Haines - Fairbanks Pipeline

The Honourable Robert E. Sommers, Minister of Landa and Forests, announced that the Province of British Golumbia has approved plans for the construction by the United States Army Corpe of Engineers of an 8-inch petroleum products pipeline from Haines, near Skagway, in Aluska, through North Western British Columbia and TuKon Territory to Fairbanks, Alaska. The pipeline will play an important part in meeting the silitary requirements for an assured supply of petroleum products for forces based in Alaska. In addition to meeting the United States military needs the pipeline will also be available to most Canadian military requirements in the North West. When the line is not required for military purposes, civilian needs will be satisfied. The total cost of the project is estimated at about \$40 million of which about \$12 million will be spent on the Canadian section.

The pipeline will follow the route of the "Haines Cut-off" of the military road which runs from Haines to Haines Junction, a roint on the Alaska Highway. From there it will follow the Alaska Highway to Fairbanks. The length of the pipeline in Ganadian territory is 28% miles.

Arrangements for the right-of-way for the Canadian section of the pipeline are being made by the Canadian Government. Title to tive, right-of-way will remain with the Province of British Columbia and will Canada. The British Columbia Government is co-operating in the project by making available the Provincial Crown lands involved. The Buited States will be given an essement for the right-of-way for 20 years, after which the arrangement may be reviewed by either country if desired.

- 30 -

,,



PRESS RELEASE

DEPARTMENT OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

No. 55

FOR RELEASE IN AFTERNOON PAFERS OF VEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1953.

Simultaneous announcements were made today in Ottawa and Mashington of the satisfactory conclusion of negotiations which have been under way for the past year by the Canadian and United States Governments of plans for the construction by the United States Army Corps of Engineers of an 8-inch petroleum products pipeline from Haines, near Skagway, in Alaska, through northwestern British Columbia and Yukon Territory to Fairbanks, Alaska.

The pipeline will play an important part in meeting the military requirements for an assured supply of petroleum products for forces based in Alaska. In addition to meeting the United States military needs the pipeline will also be available to fill Canadian military requirements in the Northwest. When the line is not required for military purposes civilian needs will be satisfied. The total cost of the project is estimated at about \$40 million of which about \$12 million will be spent on the Canadian section.

The pipeline will follow the route of the "Halnes Cut-Off" -- the military road which runs from Haines to Haines Junction, a point on the Alaska Highway. From there it will follow the Alaska Highway to Fairbanks. The length of the pipeline in Canadian territory is 284 miles.

Arrangements for the right-of-way for the Canadian section of the pipeline are being made by the Canadian Government. Title to the right-of-way will remain with the Province of British Columbia and with Canada. The British Columbia Government is co-operating in the project by making available the Provincial Crown lands involved. It is contemplated that the United States will be given an easement for the right-of-way for a minimum of 20 years, after which the arrangement may be reviewed by either country if desired.

0



