

Denison
Environmental
Services

2010 Annual Inspection Waste and Water Management Facilities Vangorda/Grum

Faro Mine Complex, Yukon



Prepared for:

Denison Environmental Services

Prepared by:

 **SRK Consulting**
Engineers and Scientists

Project Reference Number
SRK 1CD009.003

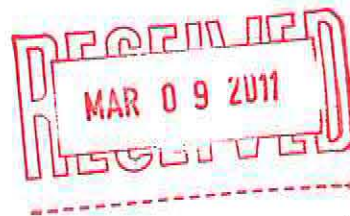
February 2011

**2010 Annual Inspection
Waste and Water Management
Facilities
Vangorda/Grum
Faro Mine Complex, Yukon**

FINAL

Prepared for

Denison Environmental Services



Report Prepared by



February 2011

**2010 Annual Inspection
Waste and Water Management Facilities
Vangorda/Grum
Faro Mine Complex, Yukon**

Denison Environmental Services

**Box 280
Faro, YT Y0B1K0**

SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc.
Suite 2200, 1066 West Hastings Street
Vancouver, B.C. V6E 3X2

Tel: 604.681.4196 Fax: 604.687.5532
E-mail: vancouver@srk.com Web site: www.srk.com

SRK Project Number 1CD009.003

February 2011

**Prepared by
Peter Healey, P.Eng.**

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Vangorda Waste Rock Pile	1
2.1	Observations	1
2.1.1	Seepage Collection System	1
2.1.2	Till Starter Dyke and 1994 Trial Till Cover	2
2.1.3	Instrumentation	2
2.1.4	Trigger Water levels and Monitoring Schedule	3
2.1.5	Vangorda Waste Rock Dump	3
2.2	Recommendations	3
2.2.1	Transverse Drains	3
2.2.2	Seepage Collection Channel	3
2.2.3	Till Starter Dyke and 1994 Trial Till Cover	4
2.2.4	Instrumentation	4
2.2.5	Rock Pile	5
3	Little Creek Dam	5
3.1	Observations	5
3.2	Trigger Water levels and Monitoring Schedule	5
3.3	Recommendations	6
4	Vangorda Creek Diversion	6
4.1	Observations	6
4.2	Recommendations	7
5	Sludge Pond Embankment-Vangorda Water Treatment Plant	7
5.1	Observations	7
5.2	Recommendations	7
6	Grum Settling Pond	7
6.1	Observations	7
6.2	Recommendations	8
7	Grum Interceptor Ditch and Sheep Pad Settling Pond	8
7.1	Observations	8
7.2	Recommendations	8
8	Grum Dump and V-15 Seepage Collection Ditch	8
8.1	Observations	8
8.2	Recommendations	9
9	Surface Runoff Diversion ditch above Vangorda Pit	9
9.1	Observation	9
9.2	Recommendations	10

List of Tables

- Table 1: Vangorda Rock Dump Groundwater Wells and Piezometers - Static Water Levels and Piezometers Elevations
- Table 2: Vangorda Waste Rock Dump - Water Level Trigger Elevations and Monitoring Schedule
- Table 3: Little Creek Dam - Water Level Trigger Elevation and Monitoring Schedule

List of Figures

- Figure 1: Location Map
- Figure 2: General Arrangement Plan
- Figure 3: Ortho-Rectified Mosaic with Contours of Vangorda Plateau Area
- Figure 4: General Arrangement Plan Vangorda Waste Rock Dump
- Figure 5: Vangorda Waste Rock Dump Section AA
- Figure 6: Vangorda Waste Rock Dump Section BB
- Figure 7: Vangorda Waste Rock Dump Section CC
- Figure 8: Vangorda Waste Rock Dump Section DD
- Figure 9: Vangorda Waste Rock Dump Section EE
- Figure 10: Little Creek Dam General Arrangement Plan
- Figure 11: Little Creek Dam Section B-B
- Figure 12: Little Creek Dam Section D-D
- Figure 13: Little Creek Dam Section C-C

List of Appendices

- Appendix A: Photographs
- Appendix B: Pneumatic Piezometer and Thermistor Readings – Little Creek Dam
- Appendix C: Vangorda Waste Rock Dump - Water level trends

1 Introduction

At the request of Denison Environmental Services (DES), Mr. Peter Healey of SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc. (SRK) completed an inspection of the Vangorda/Grum waste and water management facilities at Faro Mine Complex on May 26 to 28, 2010. The Vangorda/Grum mine is located 16 km south of the Faro Mine, near Faro, Yukon as shown on Figure 1. The annual inspection of this area focuses on the geotechnical performance and stability of the following structures:

- Vangorda Waste Rock Containment Facility including the seepage collection system;
- Little Creek Dam;
- Vangorda Creek Diversion;
- Sludge Pond Embankments at the Water Treatment Plant;
- Till overburden dump and revegetation trials;
- Grum Settling Pond;
- V-15 Seepage Collection System and Moose Pond;
- The Grum Interceptor Ditch; and
- The Sheep Pad Sediment Ponds below the Overburden Stockpile.

A plan which identifies the above components is shown in Figures 2 and 3.

This report presents our observations and comments on the performance and stability of the structures and provides recommendations for any remedial action, where appropriate. The report also provides trigger and maximum values associated with the instrumentation installed within and around the Vangorda Waste Rock Dump and within the Little Creek Pond, dam structure. A separate memo on trigger levels has been forwarded to DES. A summary of this memo is provided within this report. The as-built report prepared by SRK for the five groundwater wells recently installed by SRK in the Vangorda Dump should be read in conjunction with this report.

2 Vangorda Waste Rock Pile

2.1 Observations

2.1.1 Seepage Collection System

Transverse Drains and Weirs

During construction of the original till starter dyke, six transverse drains were installed beneath the dyke to allow seepage to drain from the waste dump. These drains discharge into the seepage collection channel built during the 1994 upgrading of the channel around the dump. V-Notch weirs were installed by mine personnel in four of the drains to monitor the seepage.

During this year's inspection, seepage flow was observed at Weir #6 (Photo 1), Weir #5 (Photo 2), Weir #3 (Photo 4), Drain #4 (Photo 3) and Weir #2 (Photo 5). The flow in each of these drains varied from a trace to about 0.5L/min.

Sediment has built up behind the steel plates (V-notch) at some of the weirs as shown in the photo 1. SRK understands that DES Environmental crew cleared out the sediment buildup behind the weirs on June 15, 2010.

Seepage Collection Channel

As seen in the Photos 6, 7 and 8, seepage is collected in the Vangorda seepage collection channel around the Waste dump and discharges into Little Creek Pond.

Last fall (2010) DES excavated riprap from the bottom of the Vangorda Waste rock dump seepage collection ditch downgradient from Weir #3 over a distance of about 200m (see Photo 8). The objective was to improve drainage along the ditch and reduce the ponding that occurs around Weir #3. This ditch has a very flat grade overall (about 0.5%) and drainage is difficult at best. While SRK has no problem with the attempt to improve drainage, the material removed from the bottom of the channel was placed at too steep a slope for long-term stability.

2.1.2 Till Starter Dyke and 1994 Trial Till Cover

In 2006, a previous care and maintenance contractor resloped sections of the till dyke at the western end of the waste rock dump. During the 2008 inspection, a small shallow subsidence was observed on the sideslope of these resloped areas as shown on Photo 8. In addition to this subsidence, a number of wet spots and salt depositions were also noted near the crest of the dyke. In last year's report, SRK commented that a possible cause of the wet areas and the shallow subsidence is an elevated water table within the waste rock behind the dyke. The latter may also be a source of the salt deposits. However, another source of the deposits is runoff from the uncovered sulphide waste above the till dyke. During the 2010 inspection of the shallow subsidence on the till dyke at the western end of the dump (Photo 9), although there was evidence of previous seepage, we observed that the area was dry and no further subsidence had occurred since our inspection in 2009.

Photos 10 and 11 show the area of the resloped till dyke below the till cover trials. These slopes show some signs of erosion but not significant enough to warrant any immediate remedial action. There were no signs of major instability. DES continues to monitor the upper reaches of the ditch for infill by sediment caused by erosion of the cover.

2.1.3 Instrumentation

Water levels in the standpipe piezometers (P94 series see photos 12 to 14) located in the till dyke around the Vangorda Waste Rock Dump have normally been recorded twice a year since they were installed in 1994. A summary of the water level readings taken to date (Feb 2011) in the 94 series piezometers and wells and the recently installed wells (DH, or "PW-10-x" series) are presented in

Table 1. The location of all the piezometers and wells are shown on Figure 4. Figures 5 to 9 present sections through the waste rock dump that are aligned as close as possible with the 94 series piezometers, the 94 series groundwater wells, 2001 series wells and the 2010 groundwater wells. These sections also show the collar and base elevations of all the piezometers and wells. In an attempt to provide a reasonable correlation between the four systems, the maximum recorded water levels (mostly 2008) in the 94 Series piezometers and wells, the 2001 series and the water levels recorded in the 2010 wells have been plotted on each section and an inferred overall groundwater table was generated.

SRK's interpretation of these results indicate that while there appears to be a perched water table in the till dyke, the water table within the waste dump, based on the 2010 drill hole data, appears to be at or slightly below the original ground and does not present an immediate stability problem.

2.1.4 Trigger Water levels and Monitoring Schedule

Trigger levels were determined for each of the above referenced monitoring stations based on the results of a stability analysis on the till dyke completed recently by SRK (SRK Memo Jan 2011). The triggers represent the water level above which the factors of safety for seismic events are less than then 1.1. The trigger levels and actions that should be followed in event that trigger levels are reached are listed in Table 2.

2.1.5 Vangorda Waste Rock Dump

Old tension cracks are still evident in places along the crest at the northeast end of the dump. However there have been no changes to these cracks for several years.

2.2 Recommendations

2.2.1 Transverse Drains

The outlet of these drains should be inspected monthly for any signs of damage or deterioration of the steel v-notch weirs. The inspection should include recording of any flow or seepage rates.

2.2.2 Seepage Collection Channel

In the upper reaches of the seepage collection channel at the location of the till cover, DES should continue to monitor any sediment build-up and periodically remove the sediment that accumulates in the channel. DES should also regrade the riprap section of the channel to a more stable configuration.

2.2.3 Till Starter Dyke and 1994 Trial Till Cover

DES should inspect the resloped areas of the Till Starter dyke for any signs of instability or the development of significant erosion gullies. DES should also identify any wet or soft areas on the slopes. These inspections should be carried out on a monthly basis and any unusual observations should be forwarded to SRK.

2.2.4 Instrumentation

While water levels in the 94 series wells and piezometers have historically been recorded twice a year, there has been no consistency in timing of the recording sessions. This is primarily a function of fact that there are different field programs that make use of this data and the data is collected by multiple groups. In the future, SRK recommends that all three systems be monitored in accordance with the schedule provided in Table 2. Following water level collection, water levels should be evaluated against the respective expected range and trigger levels and if needed the actions recommended in the Table 2 should be followed.

Readings from Piezometer P94-4A have not been documented since July 2001 because of irregularities in the readings due to a blockage in the pipe. SRK had recommended in a previous report that if a drill rig was in the area for other reasons then the piezometer should be reinstalled. Given the current focus to better understand the water level fluctuations within the waste rock dump, SRK reiterates this recommendation.

However, if future monitoring indicates a rising trend of the water table and trigger levels are exceeded, pumping of the recently installed wells (DH series) will be implemented to control the water level.

The groundwater well GW-94-05 was last read on October 2000. During the 2010 site visit, SRK attempted to locate this well but was unsuccessful. Given the proximity of GW-94-03, SRK is not recommending a replacement to the GW-94-05 well.

SRK is recommending that DES consider the installation of levelloggers in each of the eight 94 series piezometers and the remaining four 94 series groundwater wells. SRK has already installed levelloggers in three of the new 2010 series wells in the dump and recommends that levelloggers are installed in the remaining two wells. SRK is of the opinion that to properly understand the behaviour of the water table in the waste rock dump, it will be necessary to monitor the seasonal variation of the water table more accurately. The continuous record provided by the levelloggers would provide this data.

SRK also recommends the installation of five shallow piezometers located at the toe of the till dyke around the Vangorda waste rock dump. The piezometers would be located at the approximate area of the five sections shown on Figure 4.

2.2.5 Rock Pile

DES should continue to inspect, monthly, the surface of the Vangorda rock fill for any signs of widening of the old tension cracks.

3 Little Creek Dam

3.1 Observations

Water level in the pond (Photo 15) during our inspection on May 26, 2010 was recorded at about 1109m. No cracks or major settlement of the dam were observed and no seepage was observed along the downstream toe. Erosion rills are evident on both the upstream and downstream slopes of the dam (Photos 15 and 16).

The upstream and downstream faces of the dam show no evidence of surficial movement, bulging or instability.

In 1994, six pneumatic piezometers and three thermistors were installed along the crest of the Little Creek dam. The six piezometers are located at three separate locations; two piezometers, one deep and one shallow, at each location. The levels are normally taken twice a year in May and August. However, in 2007 a number of abnormal fluctuations were noted in two of the piezometers (LCD2 and LCD 3). As a consequence, SRK requested that readings in all three piezometers be taken twice a week over the period April to September. In review of data collected, SRK found that the levels responded as expected with no unusual behaviour noted. In subsequent years, including 2010, there have been no further unusual readings noted.

The 900mm CMP emergency spillway (Photo 17) was inspected and is in good condition.

3.2 Trigger Water levels and Monitoring Schedule

As for Vangorda dump, trigger levels have been developed for the instrumentation at the Little Creek Dam and are presented in Table 3. The water level triggers are based on SRK's estimate of a critical phreatic surface that would impact the factors of safety of the slope stability of the Little Creek Dam. The performance of the piezometers and thermistors should be monitored and evaluated against the expected ranges and trigger levels. Actions in the event of any trigger exceedences are shown in Table 3.

SRK recommends that all the instruments in the dam be monitored in accordance to the schedule provided in Table 3.

The trigger levels for temperature variations in the dam are also shown on Table 3 and are based on SRK's experience.

3.3 Recommendations

DES should continue to regularly monitor the crest of the dam for any cracks, settlement or surficial movement of the slope.

Monitoring frequency of the piezometers and the thermistors should be conducted in accordance with the schedule provided in Table 3.

DES should also continue to remove any build-up of debris at the inlet end of the culvert spillway.

If the Little Creek pond is to become a long-term structure to collect seepage from the Vangorda Dump or to function as a polishing pond for the new treatment plant, the spillway would need to be modified to accommodate a larger flood event and should possibly be relocated to the north end of the dam in an open channel.

4 Vangorda Creek Diversion

4.1 Observations

In accordance with a recommendation from SRK, an emergency overflow spillway (2x1m diameter CSP's) was installed at the headworks of the diversion in August 2005 (Photo 18). DES continues to maintain the trash rack at the headworks and the 2.4m diameter flume (Photos 19) to facilitate safe passage of flow in Vangorda Creek. Boulders that fall into the flume are periodically removed. There are no signs of instability or settlement of the embankment at the headworks of the diversion. However, the cross braces that support the flume continue to deteriorate and water continues to escape through openings in the flume joints.

DES continues to pump water from a small seepage collection pond in the old Vangorda Creek ditch back into the flume. This is part of an overall plan to reduce flow of clean water into the Vangorda Pit.

The 2m diameter CMP culvert in the plunge pool shows signs of wear and tear around the entrance to the pipe. A trash rack has been installed at the entrance. SRK did notice that a log was wedged across the trash rack at the entrance to the 2000mm diameter culvert that feeds the drop box structure (Photo 21). However SRK understands that DES has removed most of the debris from the trashrack in the summer of 2010.

The exit culvert and the drop box structure remain intact and functioning satisfactorily.

There is an area halfway along the flume that in the past has been unstable due to heavy seepage (Photo 20). Since the remedial work to control this seepage several years ago, no further instability has occurred.

4.2 Recommendations

DES should continue to monitor the sideslopes above the flume for sloughing and areas of instability and should top-up riprap along the flume where the material has settled below the rim of the culvert sections. Any debris or rock that accumulates in the flume, at the entrance to the 2m CMP or at the headwork's trashrack should be removed. SRK should be notified of any excessive seepage from the flume and increase of discharge into the pit. If any damage to the cross braces and if the structural integrity of any of the flume sections is compromised by ice formation or slides, DES should replace the impacted sections.

SRK recommends that weekly inspections be made of the trash-racks to record any offending debris.

5 Sludge Pond Embankment-Vangorda Water Treatment Plant

5.1 Observations

At the time of our inspection, the sludge pond was almost empty (Photo 22). SRK inspected the downstream slopes and crests of the four embankments that make up the sludge pond. Neither subsidence of the slopes, nor settlement of the crest and no tension cracks were observed.

SRK was asked to comment on the location of a proposed overflow spillway at the WTP sludge pond. We believe the best location would be on the uphill north leg of the pond just east of the barge shown in photo 23. To provide access to the existing discharge pipeline, we suggest building an open channel with flatter sideslopes (like a ford) so that a pick up could still get across. This location has the added advantage of an existing outflow channel for the discharge and has less risk of impacting the slope.

5.2 Recommendations

- Ensure that the pond level does not exceed 2m. below crest; and
- Continue to monitor on a monthly basis, the crest and sideslopes for cracking or any signs of sloughing.

6 Grum Settling Pond

6.1 Observations

SRK inspected the riprapped open channel spillway (Photo 24 and 25), which conveys flow from the Grum settling pond to the Grum Interceptor Ditch (GID). The spillway is functioning normally. There was no sign or any instability or cracking in the surrounding dyke. No seepage was observed along the toe of the dyke.

6.2 Recommendations

The crest of the embankment around the pond should be monitored monthly for cracks and any seepage into and out of the pond.

7 Grum Interceptor Ditch and Sheep Pad Settling Pond

7.1 Observations

In the upper reaches of the GID, the ditch slopes remain stable and the vegetation continues to provide effective erosion control of the ditch sideslopes. However, debris and the odd boulder are beginning to partly block culvert outlets and entrances along the route.

SRK inspected the Sheep Pad Pond dyke (Photo 26) and found no sign of slope instability, settlement or cracking.

7.2 Recommendations

- Monitor monthly the crest of the settling pond dykes for any cracks;
- Monitor monthly the toe of the dykes for any seeps; and
- Clear any debris that accumulates at either end of the GID culverts and the settling pond spillway.

8 Grum Dump and V-15 Seepage Collection Ditch

8.1 Observations

In 2006, increasing concentrations of zinc were observed at the outlet of the V15 sedimentation pond (Photo 27) upstream of Tributary A. In response to this finding, a Bentomat lined diversion ditch (Photo 28) was constructed in August, 2007 to divert outflow from this pond to a naturally formed Kettle called Moose Pond. In previous years a subsidence on an upstream section of the ditch had occurred and blocked off the ditch. Last fall, DES removed the debris and reconstructed that section of the bank by placing additional riprap over the area in question. SRK inspected the ditch during the 2010 site visit and no further subsidence was noted. However the area was showing signs of ongoing seepage and it is likely that further subsidence could occur in the future. SRK also understands that during the winter, this ditch glaciates both upstream and downstream of the culvert crossing just below the V notch weir.

SRK also noted that debris had built up in front of the culvert just below the V notch weir in the Main Stem of Grum Creek (Photo 29). This blockage likely exacerbates the glaciation. SRK understands that DES has removed the debris.

Further downstream of the culvert, DES had excavated a ditch across the roadway to redirect the flow into the Moose Pond. Previously this flow had been conveyed across the roadway in two small pipes. Continual freezing of these pipes was problematic which prompted the need to build an open channel. However, the ditch was hastily constructed and was unstable and had sideslopes that would gradually collapse (Photo 30). However, since SRK's visit, DES has deepened and increased the grade of the ditch and resloped the sideslopes to 2:1(H:V).

The siphon pipeline that was installed to convey excess water from Moose Pond to Tributary A has been damaged in a number of places (Photo 31 and 32). However SRK understands that a pipeline and electrical infrastructure has been installed at the V-15 sump to facilitate pumping from the pond to the Vangorda Pit. The response to activate the system is a few days and this system could be used to reduce the risk of overflow from Moose Pond. This would reduce the immediate requirement to repair the damaged siphon pipeline.

8.2 Recommendations

DES should continue to monitor any sediment build-up in the V15 diversion ditch and clean it out when necessary. DES should also consider the placement of addition riprap in the one area that is susceptible to subsidence.

Although DES has flattened the slopes of the ditch to Moose Pond, riprap should be placed on the slopes to protect against erosion.

The culvert should be inspected monthly to ensure there are no blockages or restrictions to the flow.

9 Surface Runoff Diversion ditch above Vangorda Pit

9.1 Observation

SRK conducted an inspection of the surface runoff diversion ditch located uphill of the Vangorda Pit. Generally this ditch has performed well. However there are a number of areas along the ditch primarily in the overburden till where there have been a number of subsidences, which over time may restrict the flow in the ditch (see Photo 33).

9.2 Recommendations

SRK recommends that DES inspect this ditch on a monthly basis during the summer months looking for signs of subsidence similar to the one in photo 33. These occurrences should be noted and if found to restricting flow, should be excavated out.

This report, “**2010 Annual Inspection Waste and Water Management Facilities – Vangorda/Grum, Faro Mine Complex, Yukon**”, has been prepared by SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc.

Prepared by



Peter M Healey
Principal

Tables

Table 2: Vangorda Waste Rock Dump - Water Level Trigger Elevations and Monitoring Schedule

Instrument	Trigger Levels	Maximum Levels	Max Observed Levels	Date of Max Observed levels	Frequency	Comments
	(mamsl)	(mamsl)	(mamsl)	(mm/yy)		
P94-01A	1131	1132	1129.70	Sep-08	SF(M,S)*	
P94-01B	1133	1134	1132.26	Oct-95	SF(M,S)*	
P94-02A	1133	1135	1131.10	Sep-08	SF(M,S)*	
P94-02B	1134	1135	1133.32	Sep-08	SF(M,S)*	
P94-02C	1125	1126	1124.38	Jul-01	SF(M,S)*	Damaged (no plans to replace)
P94-03A	1126	1128	1123.50	Feb-10	SF(M,S)*	
P94-03B	1126	1128	1124.69	Sep-08	SF(M,S)*	
P94-04A	NA	NA	1124.64	Jul-97	SF(M,S)*	damaged (to be replaced)
P94-04B	1126	1135	1125.45	May-00	SF(M,S)*	
P2001-02A	1123	1124	1119.26	Jun-08	SF(M,S)	
P2001-02B	1123	1124	1119.23	Jun-08	SF(M,S)	
P2001-03	1120	1121	1090.00	Jun-02	SF(M,S)	
GW-94-01	1115	1118	1112.47	Oct-00	SF(M,S)*	
GW-94-02	1115	1118	1113.45	Oct-00	SF(M,S)*	
GW-94-03	1113	1116	1111.53	Oct-00	SF(M,S)*	
GW-94-04	1109	1112	1107.86	Oct-00	SF(M,S)*	
GW-94-05	NA	NA	1100.74	Sep-08	SF(M,S)*	Unable to find in field after 2008
DH-01	1135	1138	1125.68	Nov-10	SF(M,S)	levellogger installed
DH-02	1131	1132	1124.79	Nov-10	SF(M,S)	levellogger installed
DH-03	1130	1132	1123.22	Nov-10	SF(M,S)	levellogger installed
DH-04	1132	1135	dry	Nov-10	SF(M,S)*	
DH-05	1139	1142	1137.86	Nov-10	SF(M,S)*	
P11-01	1125	1128	NA	NA	SF(M,S)*	Proposed Toe Piezometer at Section AA
P11-02	1121	1123	NA	NA	SF(M,S)*	Proposed Toe Piezometer at Section BB
P11-03	1120	1122	NA	NA	SF(M,S)*	Proposed Toe Piezometer at Section CC
P11-04	1120	1121	NA	NA	SF(M,S)*	Proposed Toe Piezometer at Section DD

SF = Spring(May) and Fall (September)

* Recommend the installation of levelloggers (transducers) in each piezometer/Drillhole/well to provide continuous water levels)

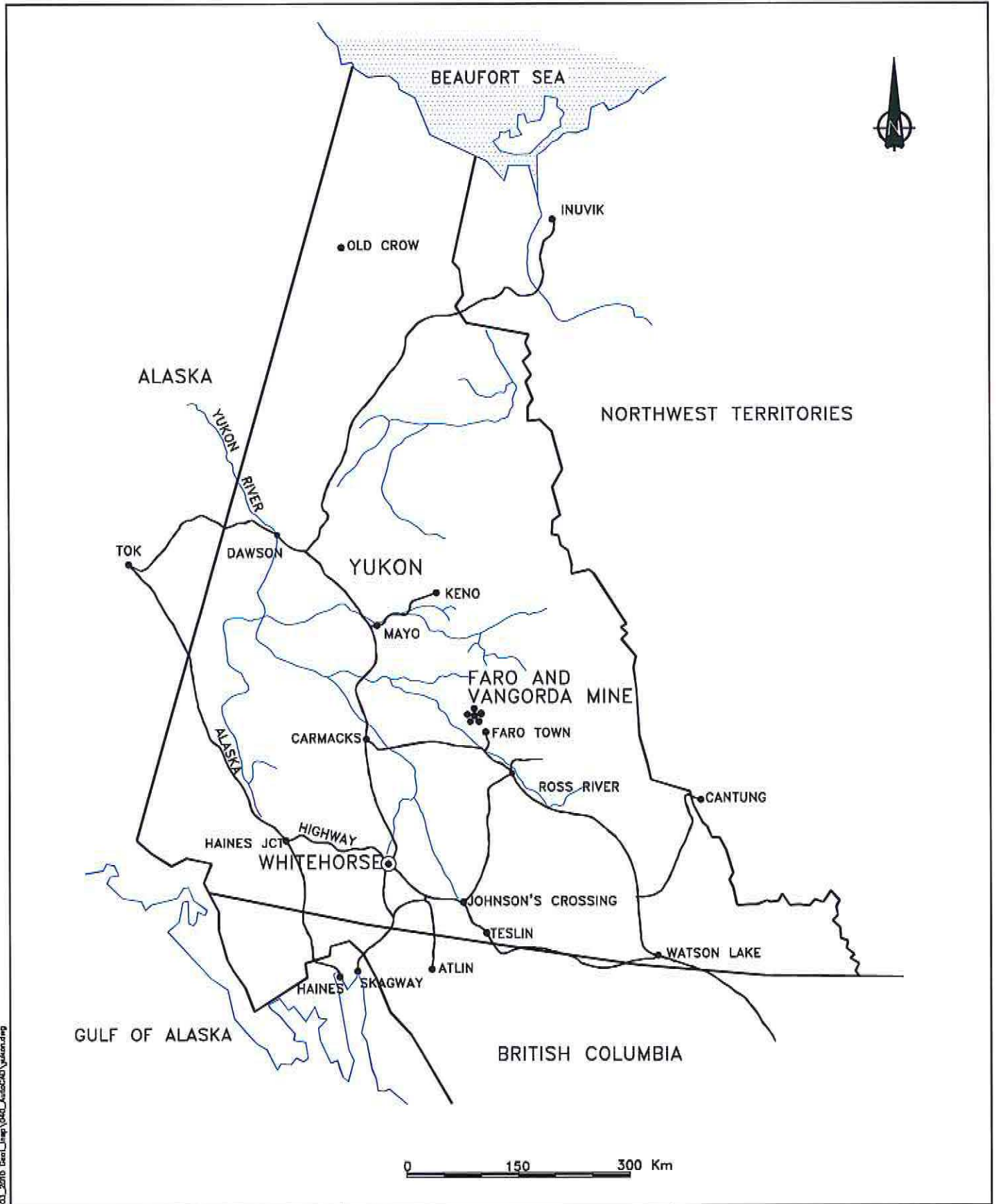
Actions if Trigger level reached:

1. Recheck reading
2. Check instrument
3. Advise Environmental Coordinator and Site Manager
4. Notify Consultant

Table 3: Little Creek Dam - Water Level Trigger Elevation and Monitoring Schedule

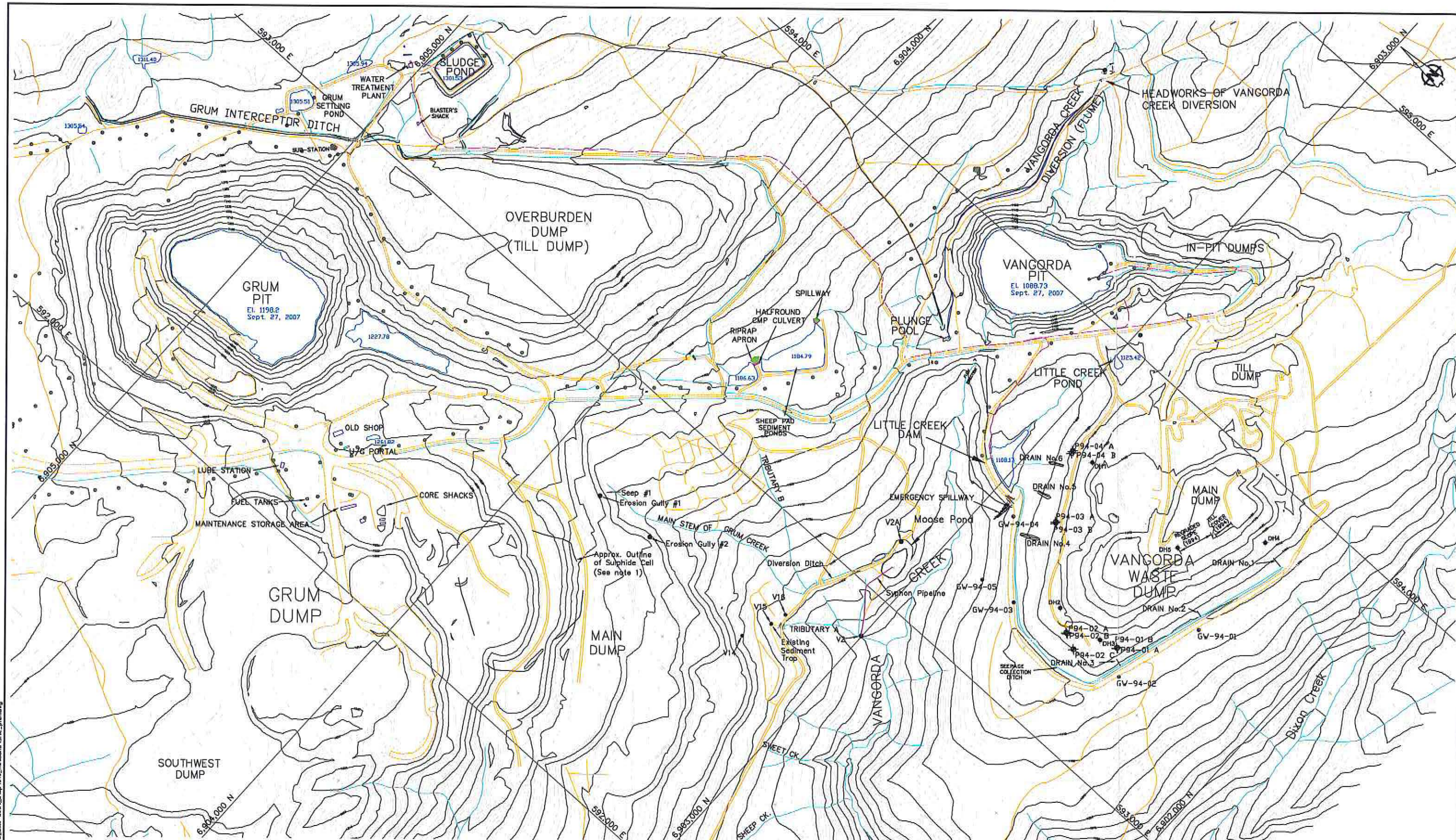
Instrument		Trigger Levels	Maximum Levels	Max Observed Levels	Date of Max Observed Levels	Frequency	Action when Trigger level reached	Comments
		(mamsl)	(mamsl)	(mamsl)	(mm/yy)			
BH94 LCD1	Deep	1107	1108	1105.82	Aug-01	SF(M,S)	1. Check Little Creek Pond Level 2. Recheck reading 3. Check instrument 4. Advise Environmental Coordinator and Site Manager 5. Lower Little Creek pond level 6. Notify Consultant	
BH94 LCD1	Shallow	1107	1108	1105.77	Sep-96	SF(M,S)		
BH94 LCD2	Deep	1103	1104	1102.32	Sep-06	SF(M,S)		
BH94 LCD2	Shallow	1103	1104	1101.76	Sep-06	SF(M,S)		
BH94 LCD3	Deep	1109	1110	1108.62	Sep-06	SF(M,S)		
BH94 LCD3	Shallow	1107	1108	1106.76	Sep-06	SF(M,S)		
Pond Level		1111.6	1112.6	1111.70	May-08		Lower pond Level	
		(°C)	(°C)	(°C)				
BH94 LCD4	+0.0 to -3m	+10 < X < -3	+10 < X < -3	+11.5 < X < -2.8	Mar-08	SF(M,S)	1. Recheck reading 2. Check Instrument 3. Advise Environmental Coordinator and Site Manager 4. Notify Consultant	
	-15 to -18m	+8 < X < +1	+8 < X < +1	+6.7 < X < +2	Jun-94	SF(M,S)		
BH94 LCD5	+0.0 to -3m	+10 < X < -3	+10 < X < -3	+9.8 < X < -2	Jun-08	SF(M,S)		
	-15 to -18m	+8 < X < +1	+8 < X < +1	+7.8 < X < +1.8	Sep-00	SF(M,S)		
BH94 LCD6	+0.0 to -3m	+10 < X < -3	+10 < X < -3	+13 < X < -2	Apr-08	SF(M,S)		
	-15 to -18m	+8 < X < +1	+8 < X < +1	+8.2 < X < +2.2	Jun-00	SF(M,S)		
SF = Spring(May) and Fall (September)								

Figures

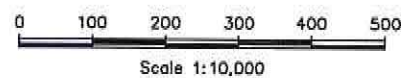


L:\01_SITES\FARO\1107_100009.003_2010_Geol_Map\Map\000_Ans000\Yukon.dwg

 <p>SRK Consulting Engineers and Scientists Vancouver</p>	 <p>Denison Environmental Services</p>	2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection		
		LOCATION MAP		
SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003 FILE NAME: yukon.dwg	FARO MINE COMPLEX	DATE: Feb. 2011	APPROVED:	FIGURE: 1



Map Scale: 1:2500
 Contour Interval: 2m
 Date of Photography: 03/07/25
 Scale of Photography: 1:20000
 Survey control derived from existing 1:20000 photography
 Survey control based on: UTM Projection, NAD27
 Compiled by The ORTHOSHOP, Calgary, September 2003
 WO 8856



SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003
 FILE NAME: site_plan.dwg



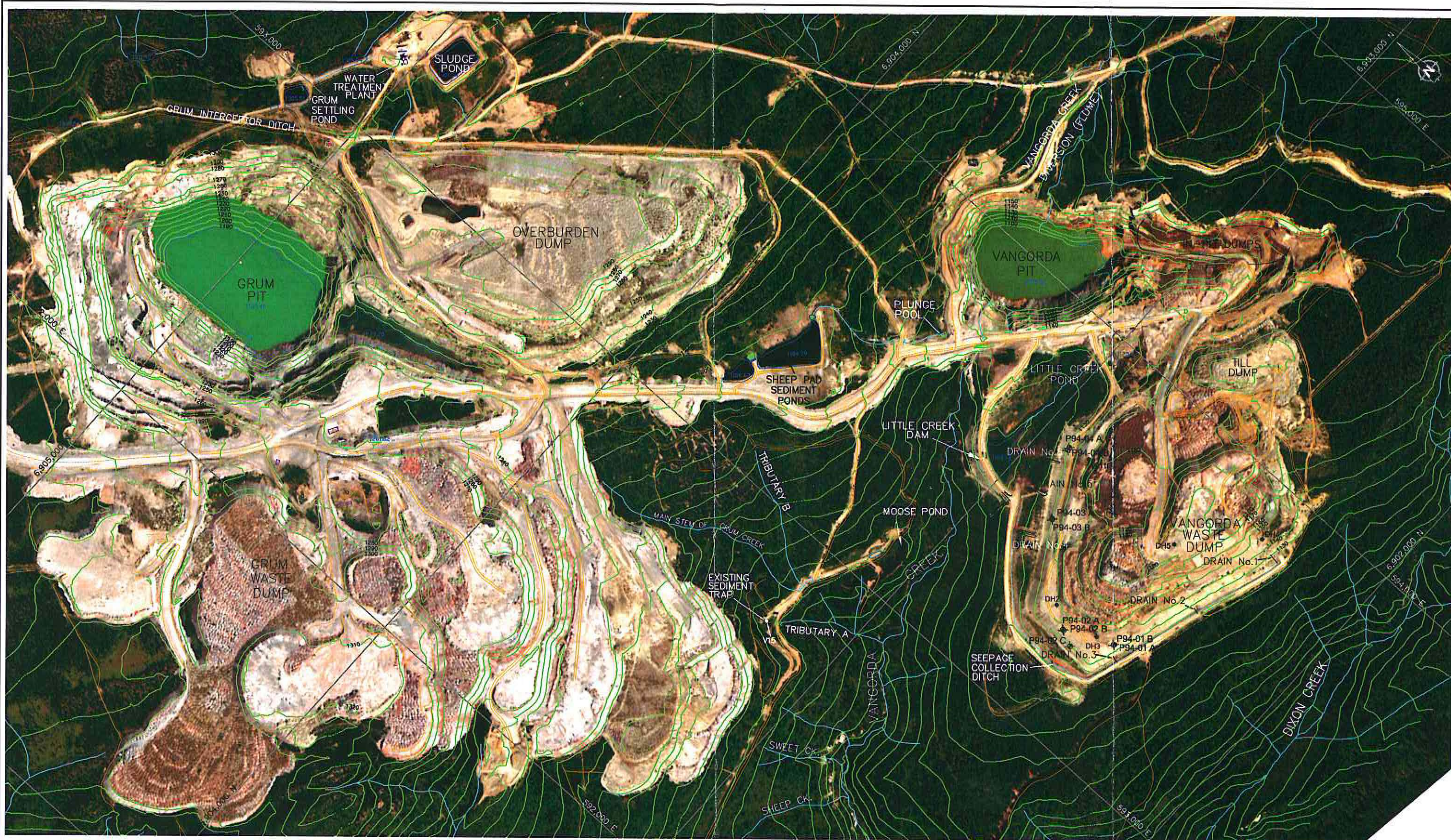
FARO MINE COMPLEX

2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection

General Arrangement Plan

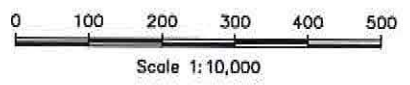
DATE: Feb. 2011 APPROVED: FIGURE: 2

J:\08_2010\ESTES\FAR01\107_120090303_2010_GenArr_Plan.dwg



J:\01_SITES\FAR0\117_113109003_2010_Geot_Inspect\140_Aerial\ortho_mosaic_photo.dwg

Map Scale: 1:2500
 Contour Interval: 2m
 Date of Photography: 18/09/09
 Survey control derived from existing 1:20000 photography
 Survey control based on: UTM Projection, NAD27

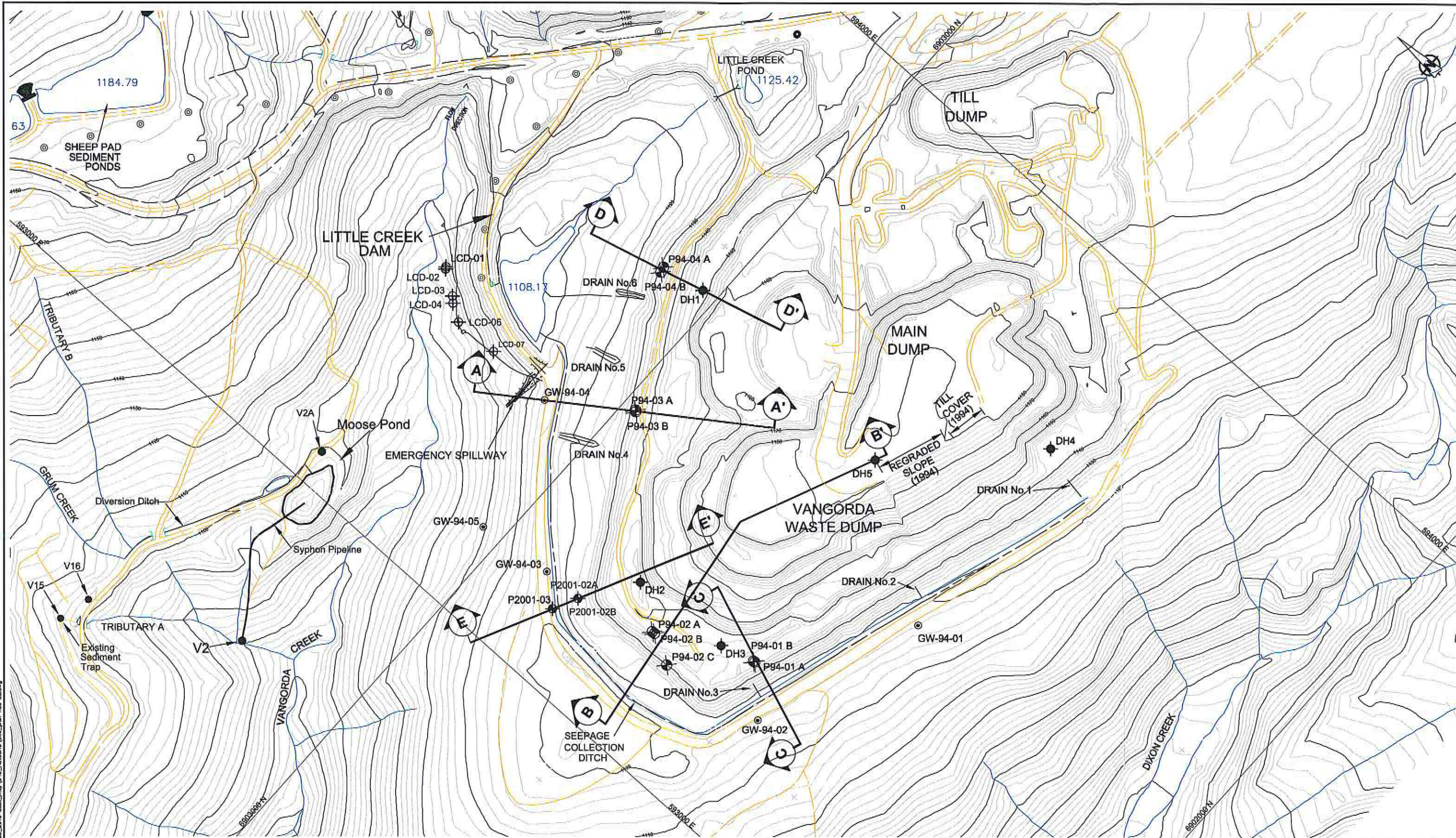


SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003
 FILE NAME: ortho_plan_photo.dwg



FARO MINE COMPLEX

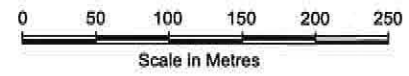
2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection		
ORTHO-RECTIFIED MOSAIC, WITH CONTOURS, OF VANGORDA PLATEAU AREA		
DATE: Feb. 2011	APPROVED: PMH	FIGURE: 3



LEGEND

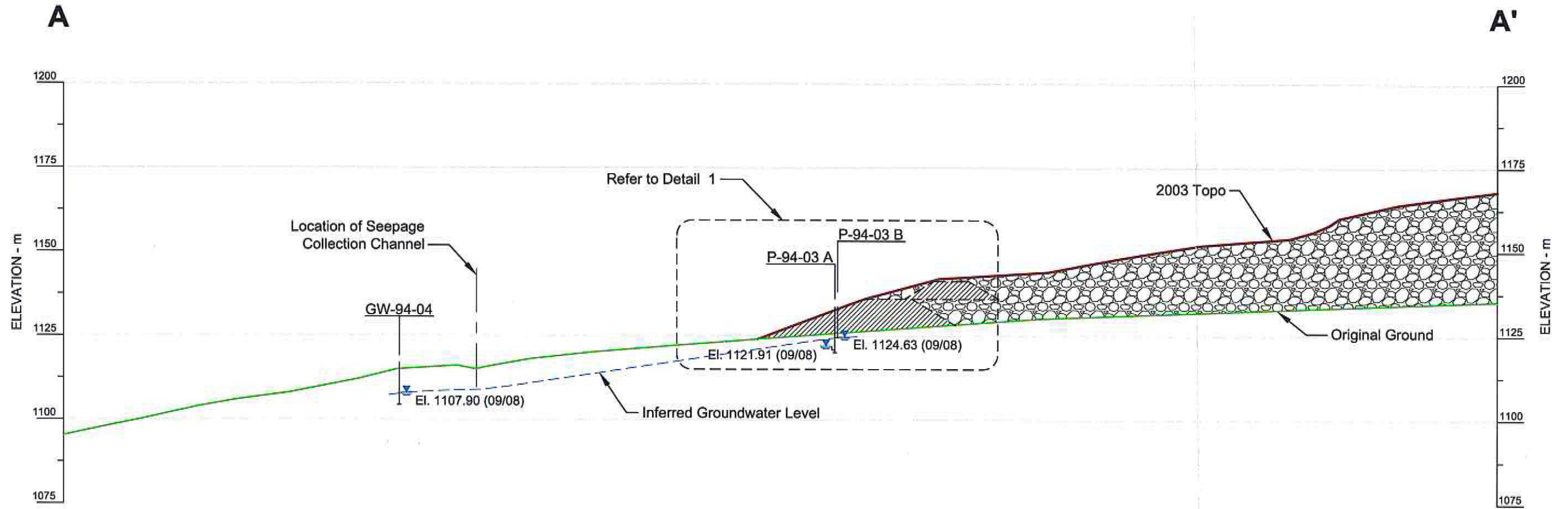
- Piezometer Location
- Monitoring Well Location (2009)
- Monitoring Well Location (1994)
- Monitoring Well Location (2010)

Contour Interval: 2m
 Survey control based on: UTM Projection, NAD83
 Based on The ORTHOSHOP, Calgary, September 2003



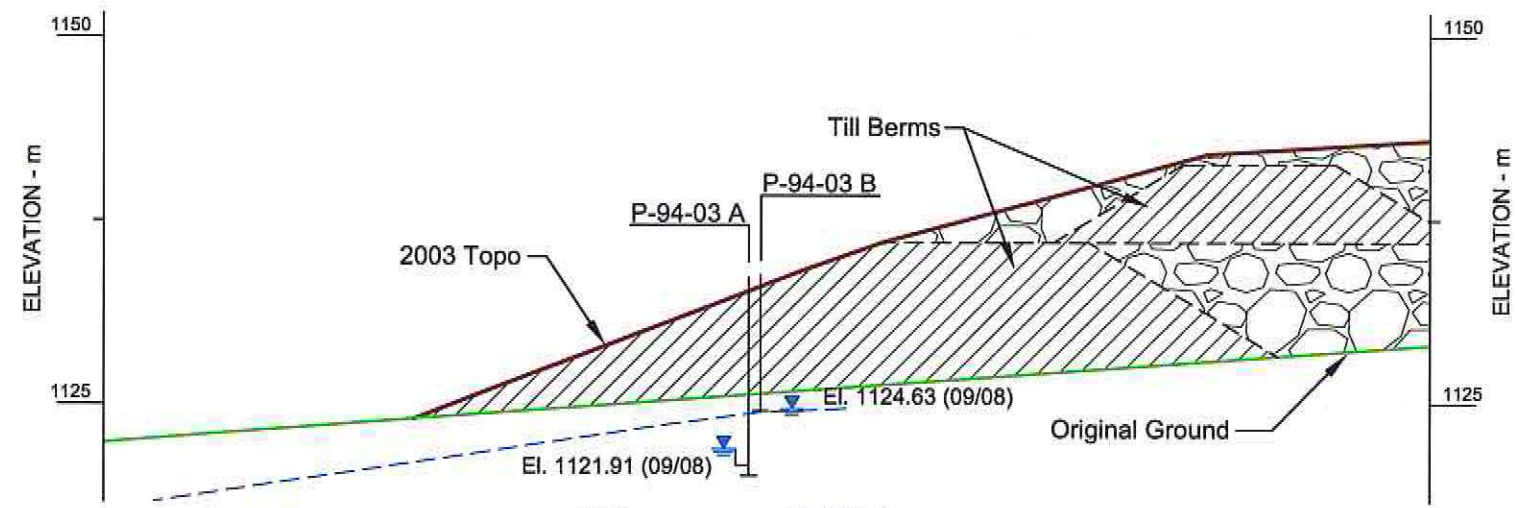
<p>SRK Consulting Engineers and Scientists</p>	<p>Denison Environmental Services</p>	2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection	
		<p>General Arrangement Plan Vangorda Waste Rock Dump</p>	
SRK JOB NO.: 1CDD09.003 FILE NAME: site_plan nod 03.dwg	FARO MINE COMPLEX		DATE: Feb. 2011 APPROVED: JK FIGURE: 4

I:\01_SITES\FAROV107_1CDD09.003_2010_Gen_Arr_Plan_V040_AutoCAD\site_plan nod 03.dwg



A SECTION A-A'

0 10 20 30 40 50
Scale in Metres



1 Detail 1

0 5 10 15 20 25
Scale in Metres

LEGEND

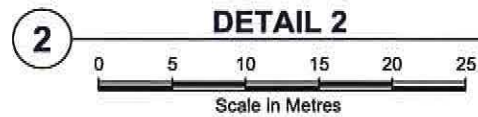
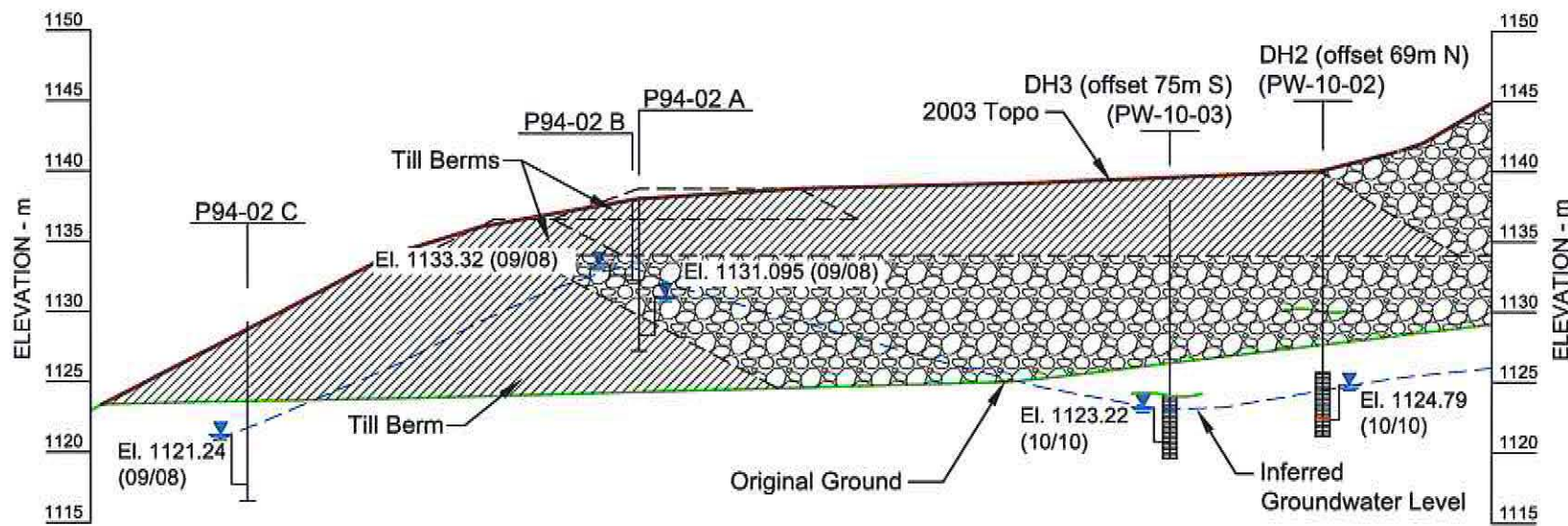
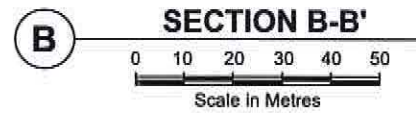
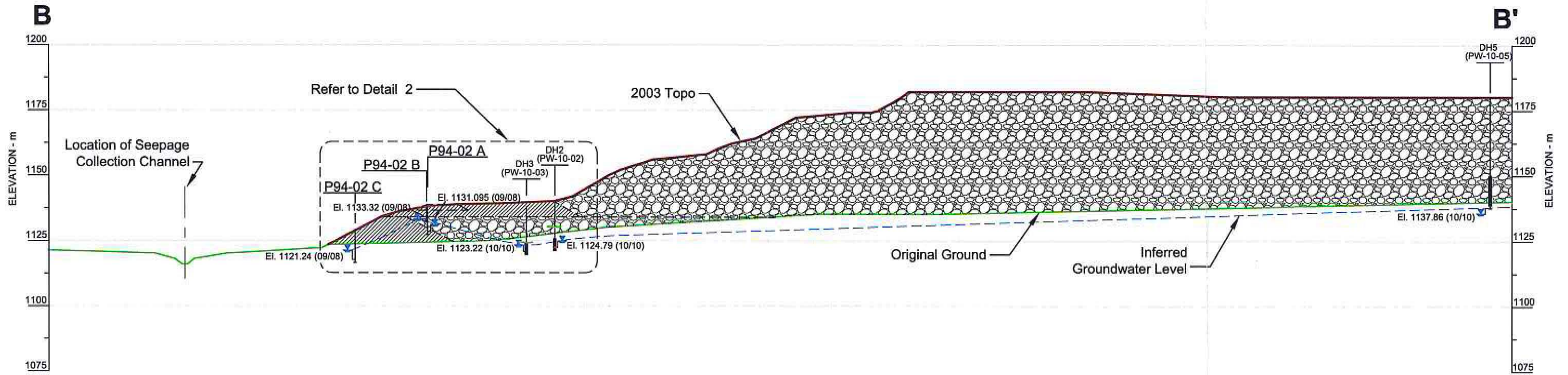
- Phyllite Waste Rock
- Till

NOTE

1. Till berm locations based on available 1994 construction data.

I:\V1_STEVE\FAR01107_100009.003_2010_Geol_Leap_V040_AutoCAD\SectionA.dwg

 SRK Consulting Engineers and Scientists <small>Victoria B.C.</small>	 Denison Environmental Services	2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection	
		Vangorda Waste Dump Section A	
SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003	FARO MINE COMPLEX	DATE:	APPROVED:
FILE NAME: SectionA.dwg		Feb. 2011	PMH



LEGEND

- Phyllite Waste Rock
- Till
- Original 1990 Topography (pre-mining)
- Original Ground Interpreted During Drilling

NOTE

1. Till berm locations based on available 1994 construction data.
2. Water level is in sump below screen indicating water level is not currently within the dump.

Z:\V01_SITES\FAR0\1107_100009.003_2010_Geot_Tmp\040_AutoCAD\SectionsB.dwg



SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003
FILE NAME: SectionB.dwg

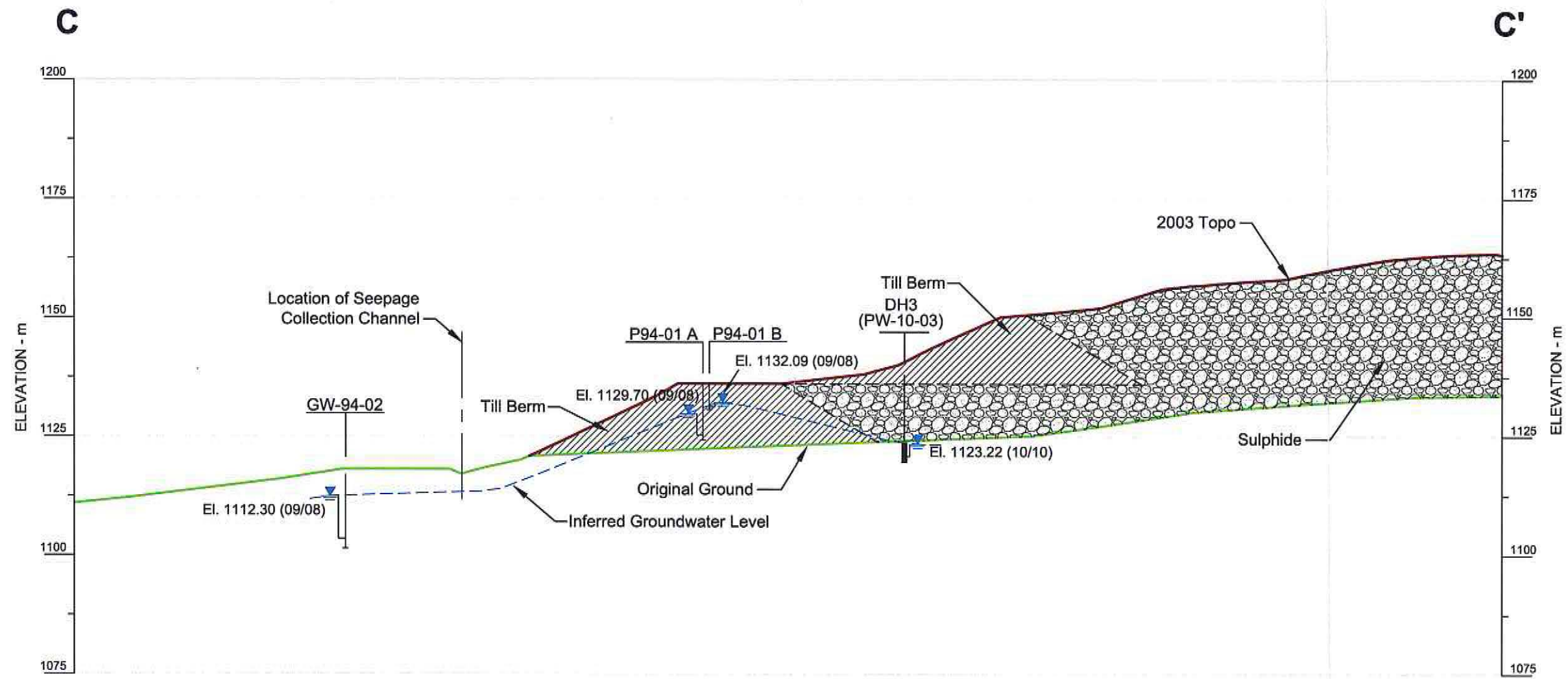


FARO MINE COMPLEX

2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection



Vangorda Waste Dump
Section B

DATE: Feb. 2011 APPROVED: JK FIGURE: 6



C SECTION C-C'
 0 10 20 30 40 50
 Scale in Metres

LEGEND

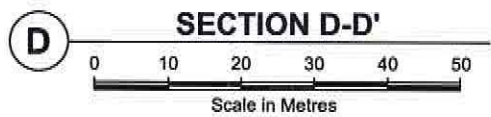
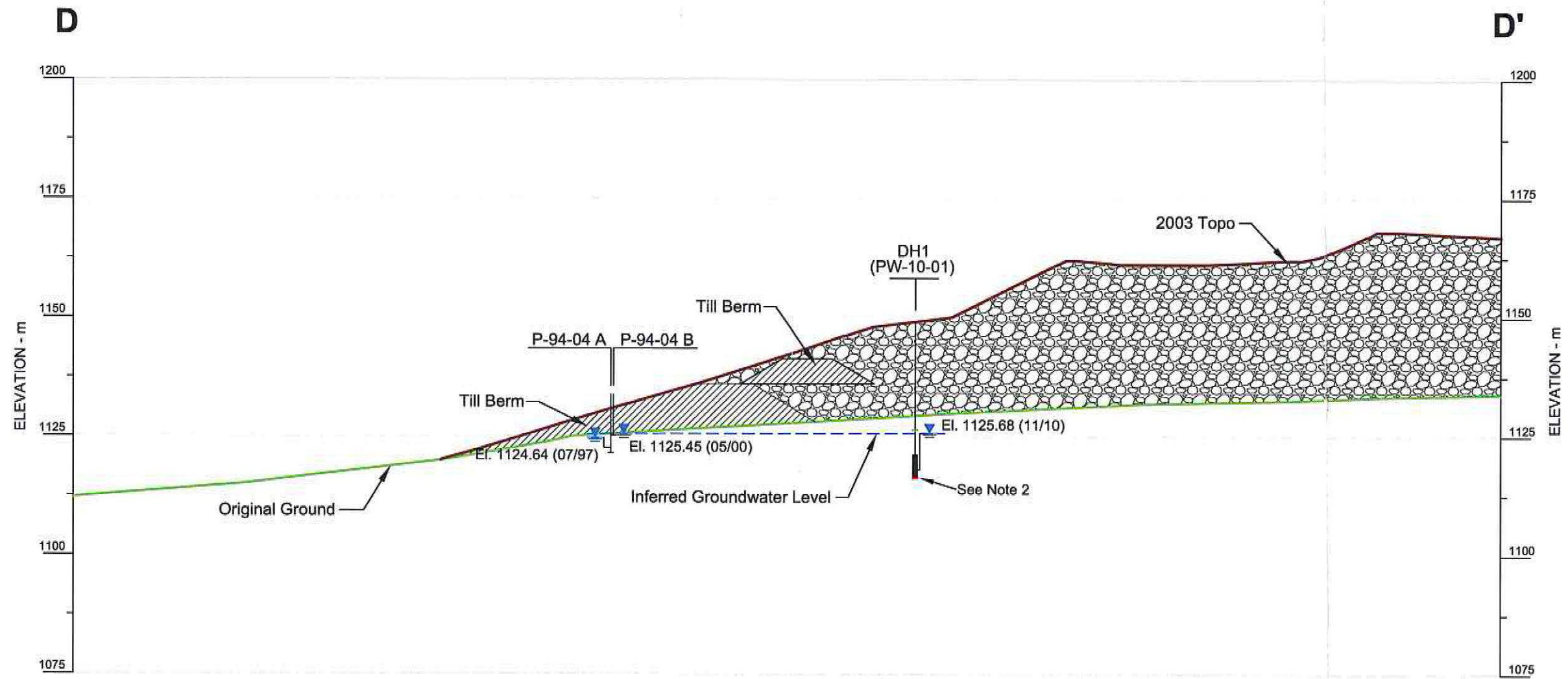
-  Phyllite Waste Rock
-  Till

NOTE

1. Till berm locations based on available 1994 construction data.

I:\Projects\FARO\1107_100009.003_2010_Geol_Line\040_AutoCAD\SectionC.dwg

 SRK Consulting Engineers and Scientists <small>WILLOWBUSH B.C.</small>	 Denison Environmental Services	2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection		
		Vangorda Waste Dump Section C		
SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003 FILE NAME: SectionC.dwg	FARO MINE COMPLEX	DATE: Feb. 2011	APPROVED: PMH	FIGURE: 7





LEGEND

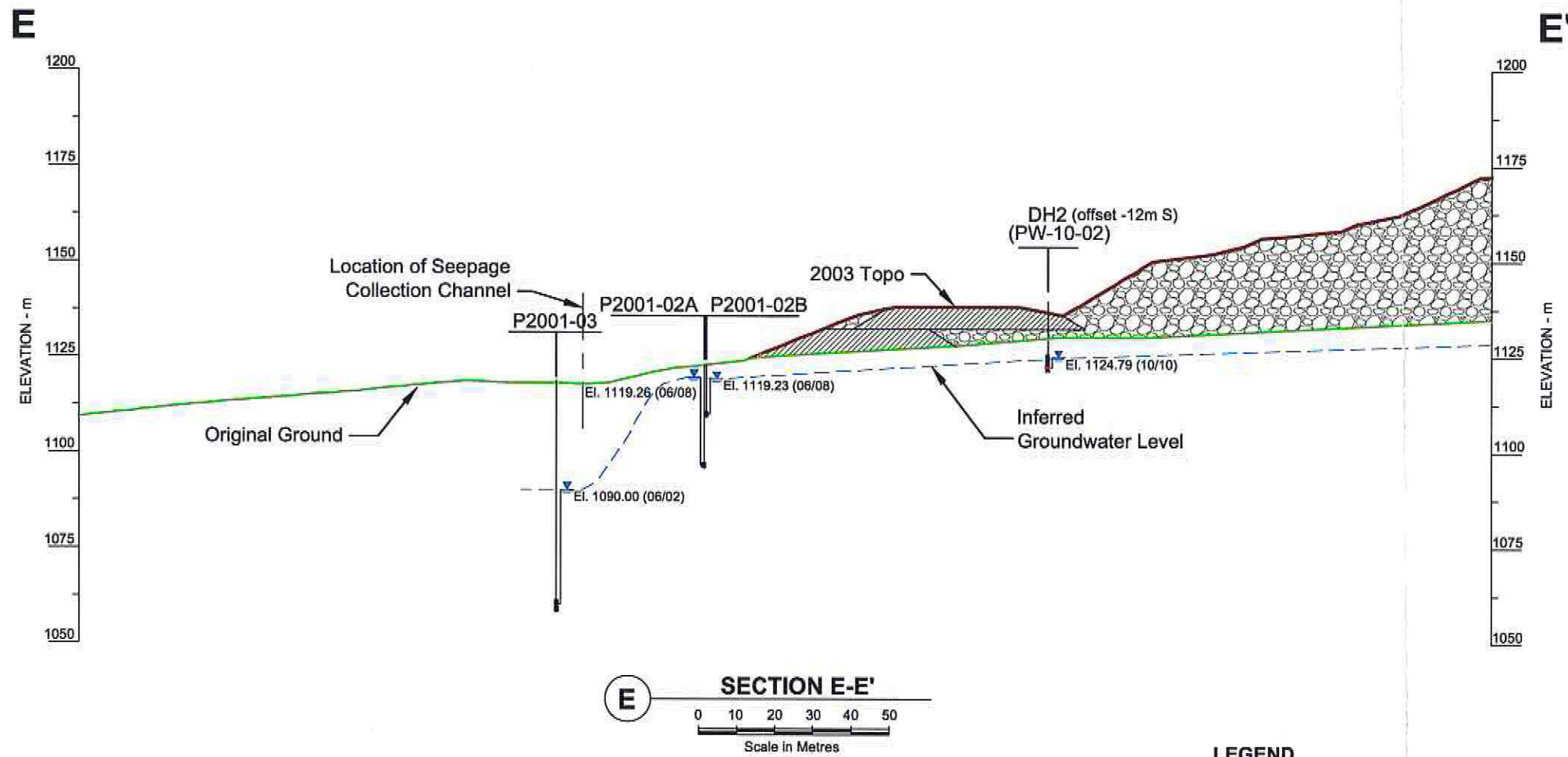
-  Phyllite Waste Rock
-  Till
-  Original 2003 Topography

NOTE

1. Till berm locations based on available 1994 construction data.
2. Original ground not clearly identified during drilling. Screen possibly installed in bedrock.

J:\V1_SITES\FAR0\1107_100009.003_2010_Gen_Line\040_Autocad\SectionD.dwg

 SRK Consulting Engineers and Scientists <small>Winnipeg S.C.</small>	 Denison Environmental Services	2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection	
		Vangorda Waste Dump Section D	
SRK JOB NO.: 1C0009.003	FARO MINE COMPLEX	DATE:	APPROVED:
FILE NAME: SectionD.dwg		Feb. 2011	PMH



SECTION E-E'
Scale in Metres

LEGEND

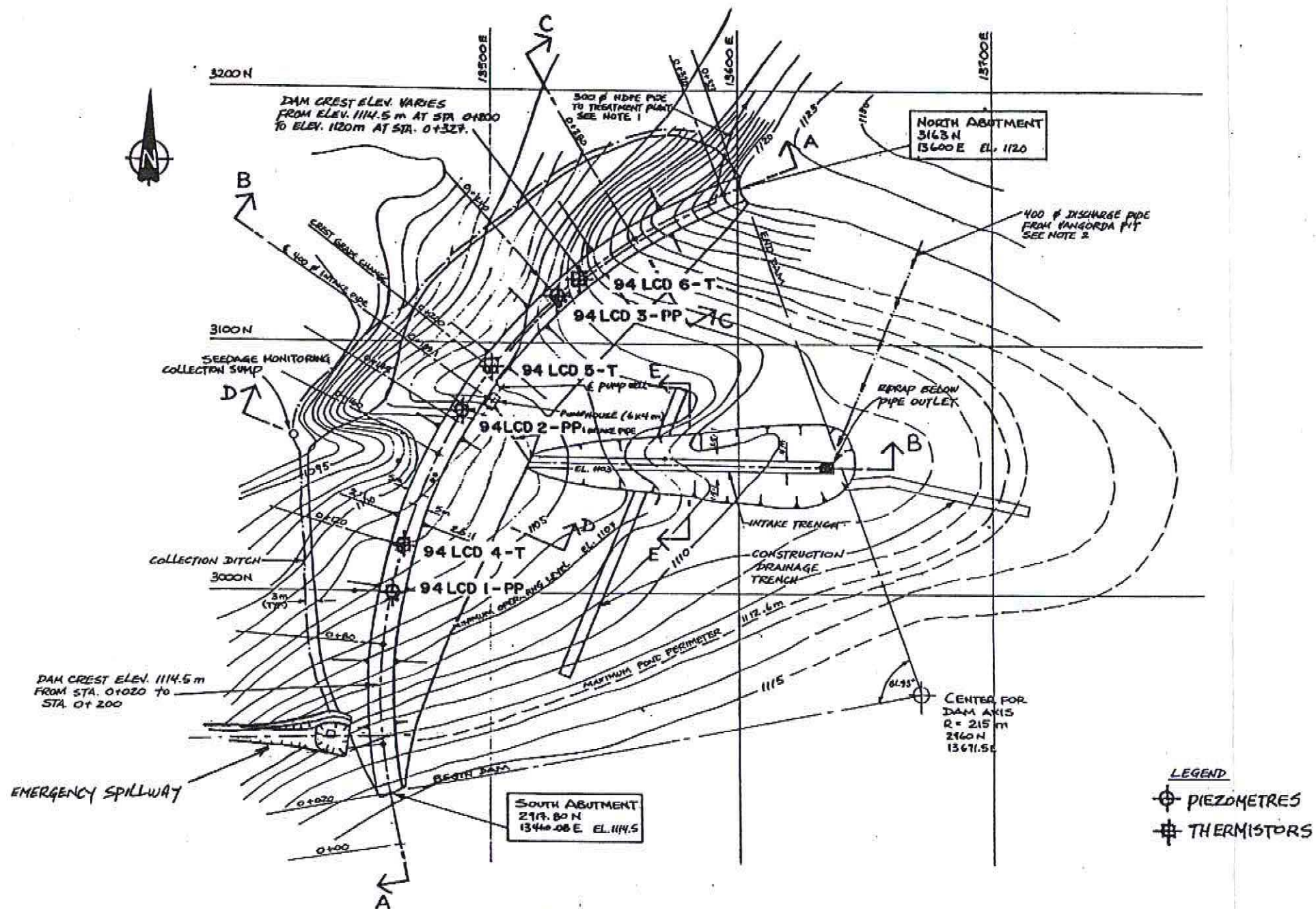
- Phyllite Waste Rock
- Till
- Original 1990 Topography (pre-mining)
- Original Ground Interpreted During Drilling

NOTE

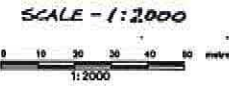
1. Till berm locations based on available 1994 construction data.
2. Water level is in sump below screen indicating water level is not currently within the dump.

I:\01_SITES\FAR0\1107_1CD009.003_2010_Gen_Dwg\040_AutoCAD\SectionB.dwg

<p>SRK Consulting Engineers and Scientists Vancouver B.C.</p>	<p>Denison Environmental Services</p>	2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection	
		Vangorda Waste Dump Section E	
SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003	FARO MINE COMPLEX	DATE:	APPROVED:
FILE NAME: SectionB.dwg		Feb. 2011	JK



GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN



J:\01_STEVE\FAR0\1107_1CD009.003_2010_Geol_James\046_AutoCAD\FIG-9.dwg



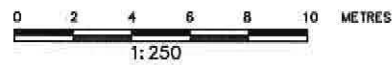
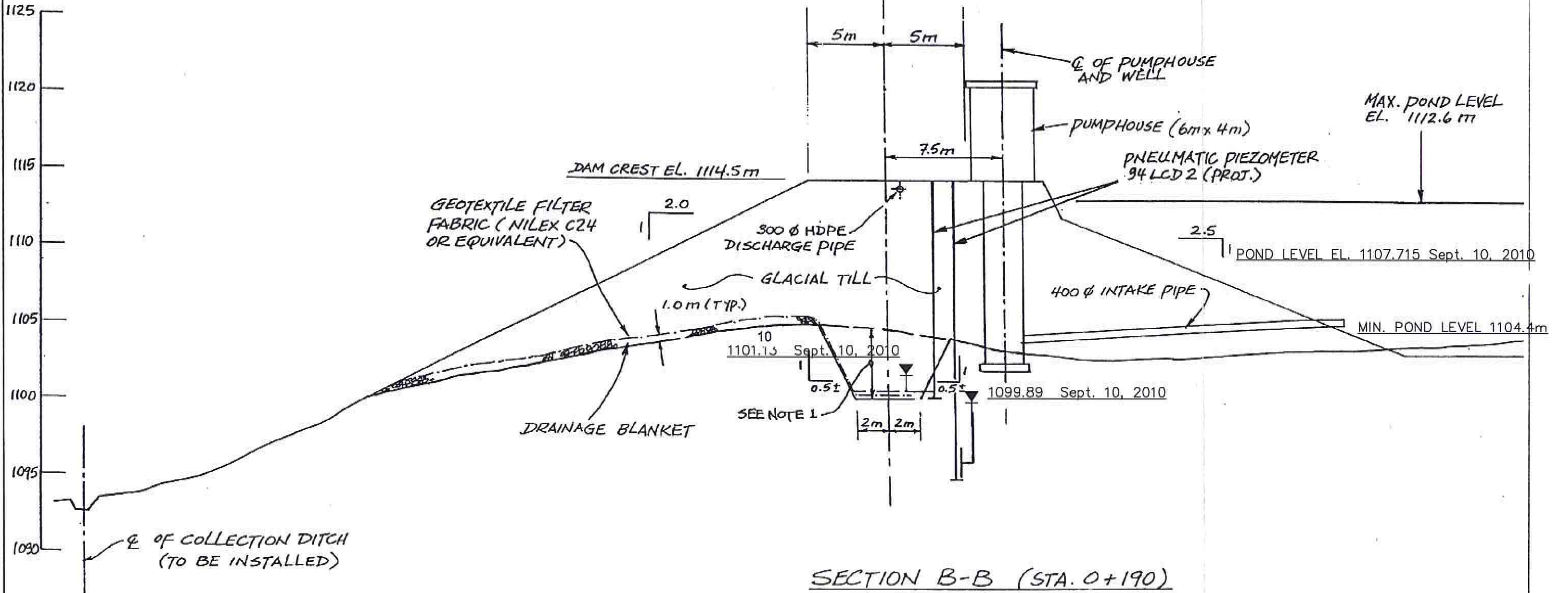
SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003
FILE NAME: FIG-9.dwg



FARO MINE COMPLEX

2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection		
LITTLE CREEK DAM GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN		
DATE: Feb. 2011	APPROVED: PMH	FIGURE: 10

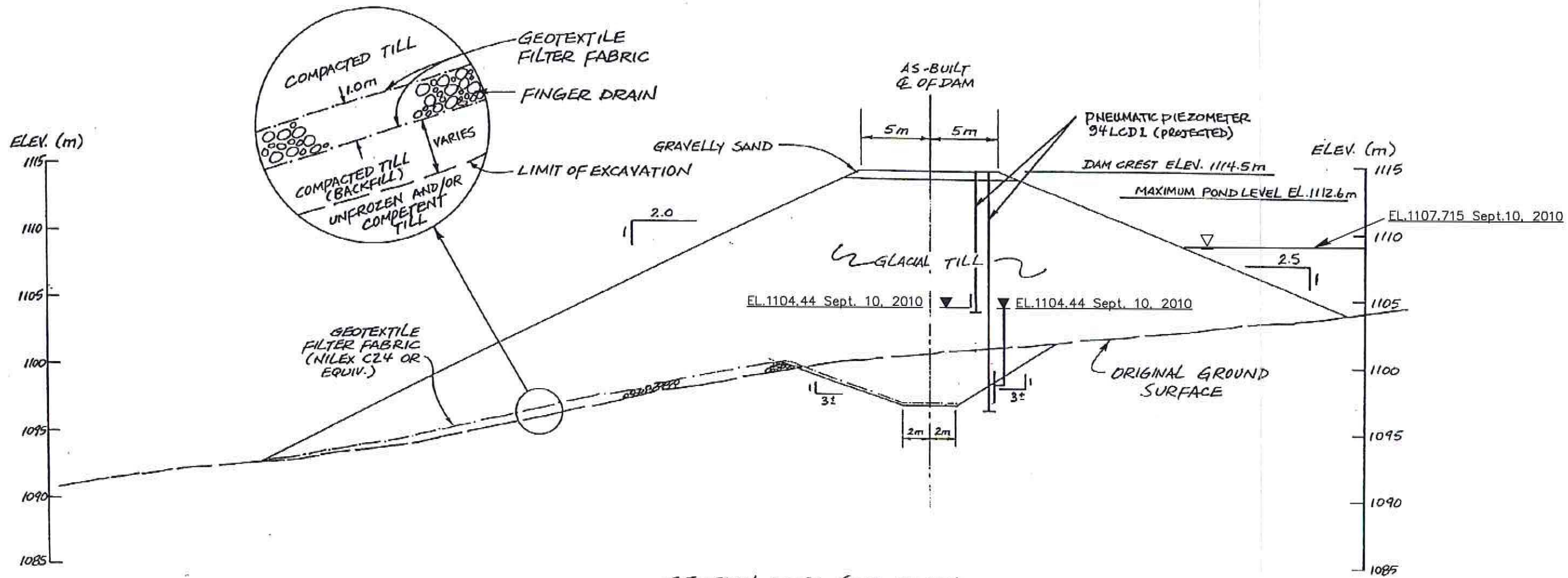
ELEV. (m)



SECTION B-B (STA. 0+190)
SCALE - 1:250

H:\01_SITES\PAROV\107_100009\2010_Geol\map\040_AutoCAD\FIG-10.dwg

 SRK Consulting Engineers and Scientists	 Denison Environmental Services	2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection		
		LITTLE CREEK DAM SECTION B-B		
SRK JOB NO.: 100009.003 FILE NAME: FIG-10.dwg	FARO MINE COMPLEX	DATE: Feb. 2011	APPROVED: PMH	FIGURE: 11

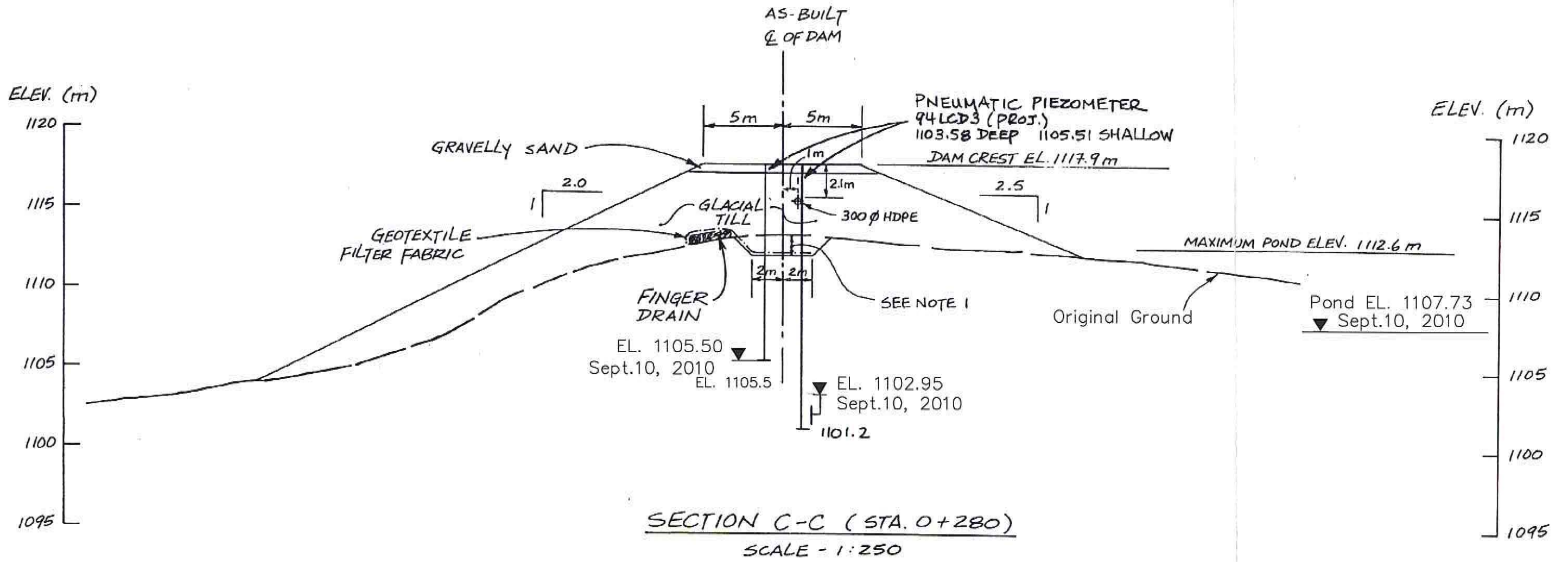


SECTION D-D (STA. 0+144)
SCALE - 1:300



I:\01_STEVE\FARVA\1107_1CD009.003_2010_Geol_Invp\040_AutoCAD\Fig-11.dwg

 SRK Consulting Engineers and Scientists <small>Vancouver</small>	 Denison Environmental Services	2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection		
		LITTLE CREEK DAM SECTION D-D		
SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003 FILE NAME: FIG-11.dwg	FARO MINE COMPLEX	DATE: Feb. 2011	APPROVED: PMH	FIGURE: 12



I:\01_SITES\FAR0\1107_1CD009.003_2010_Geol\traj\40_AutoCAD\Fig-12.dwg

 SRK Consulting Engineers and Scientists	 Denison Environmental Services	2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection		
		LITTLE CREEK DAM SECTION C-C		
SRK JOB NO.: 1CD009.003 FILE NAME: FID-12.dwg	FARO MINE COMPLEX	DATE: Feb. 2011	APPROVED: PMH	FIGURE: 13

Appendix A
Photos



Photo 1: Drain #6



Photo 2: Drain #5



Photo 3: Drain # 4



Photo 4: Drain #3



Photo 5: Drain #2



Photo 6: Seepage Collection looking back towards Drain #3



Photo 7: Seepage Collection Ditch looking downstream towards Drain #4



Photo 8: Fall 2009 Excavation of the riprap from the base of the seepage Collection Ditch

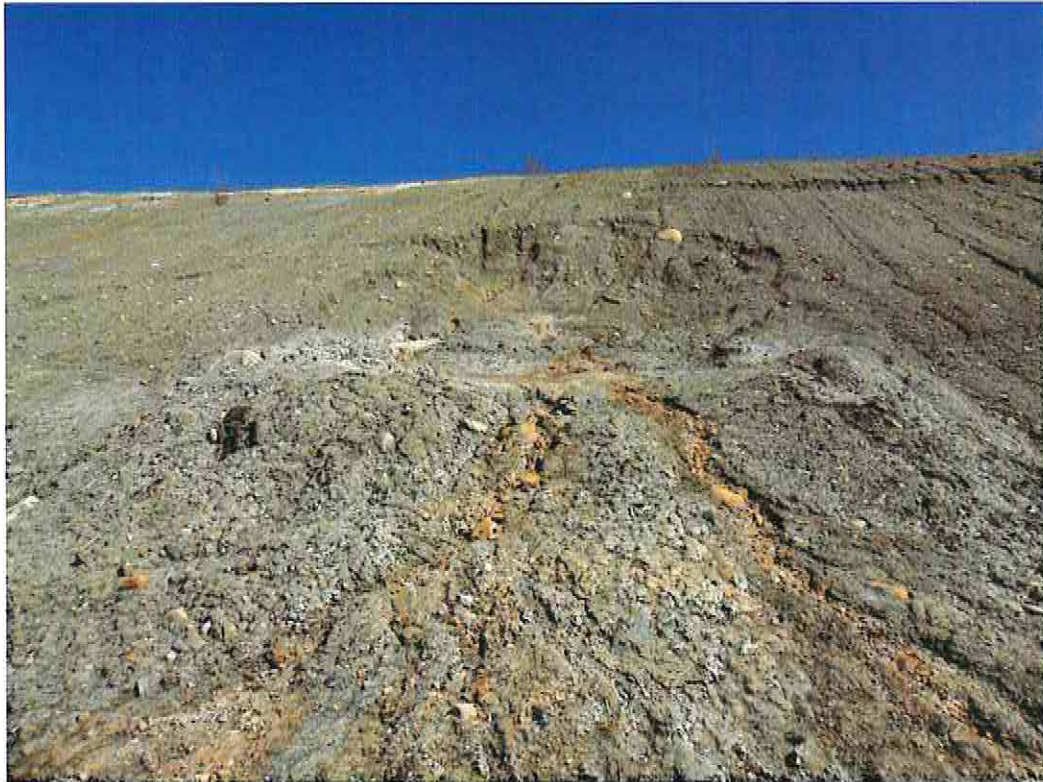


Photo 9: Shallow subsidence on till Dyke above seepage collection ditch



Photo 10: Erosion on the till dyke below cover trials



Photo 11: Erosion on the till dyke blow cover trials



Photo 12: Piezometers 94-2A and 2B



Photo 13: Piezometer P94-2C



Photo 14: Piezometers P94-1A and 1B



Photo 15: Little Creek Pond



Photo 16: Downstream face of Little Creek Pond



Photo 17: Inlet to the Emergency spillway at The Little Creek Pond



Photo 18: Inlet to emergency spillway at the Headworks of the Vangorda Ck Diversion



Photo 19: Vangorda Creek Diversion Flume

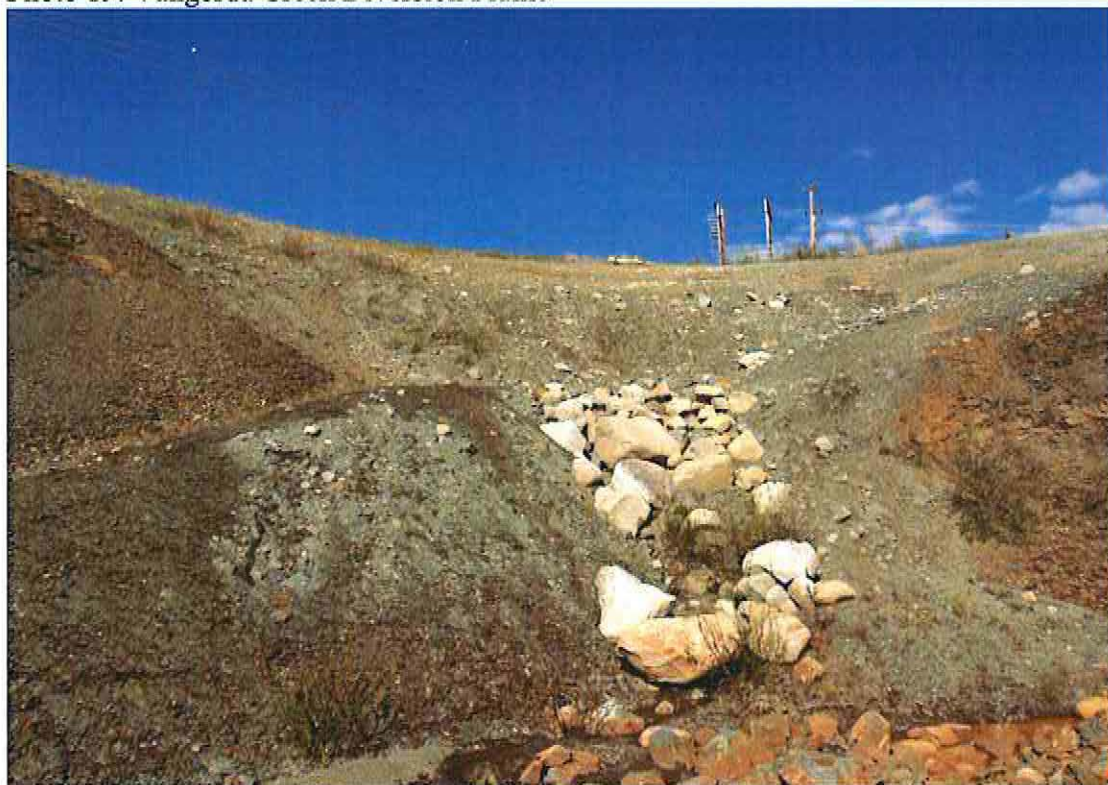


Photo 20: Area of previous instability above the flume



Photo 21: Plunge Pool at base of Vangorda Creek Diversion



Photo 22: Sludge Pond



Photo 23: Proposed location of the emergency spillway at the sludge pond



Photo 24: Spillway from Grum Settling Pond to GID



Photo 25 Grum Interceptor Ditch



Photo 26: Sheep Pad Pond perimeter dyke



Photo 27: V15 Seepage collection Pond



Photo 28: Bentomat Lined Ditch from V-15



Photo 29: Culvert below V-notch weir on Grum creek



Photo 30: Diversion ditch to Moose Pond below V2A



Photo 31: Break in siphon line from Moose Pond



Photo 32: Damage to Siphon Line



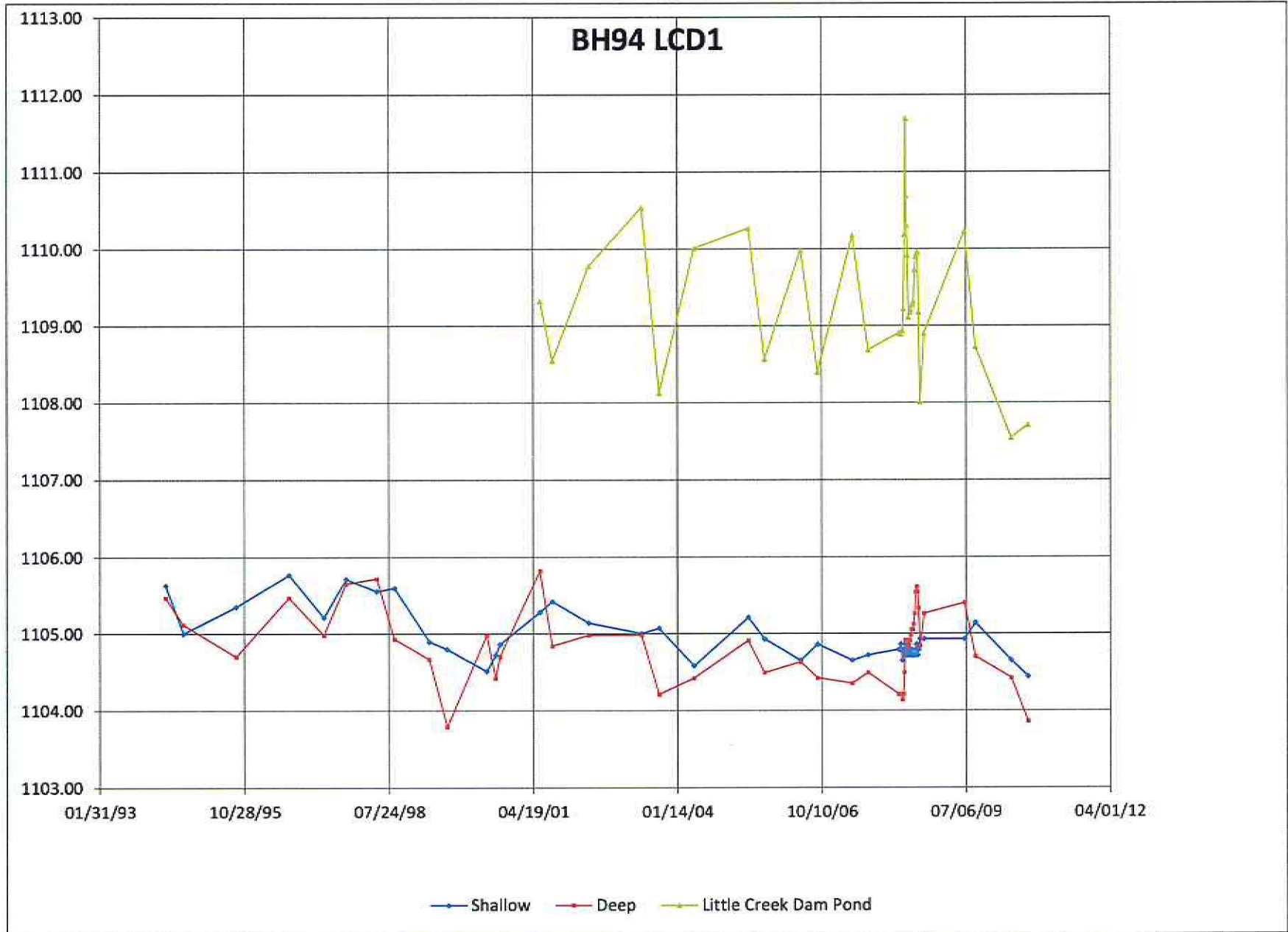
Photo 33: Subsidence in the Surface water runoff diversion ditch above the Vangorda Pit

Appendix B
Pneumatic Piezometer and Thermistor Readings – Little Creek Dam



Date	Reading (psi)		Piezometric Elevation (m asl)		Pond Elevation (m asl)	Comment
	Shallow	Deep	Shallow	Deep		
May-94	2.9	12.1	1105.63	1105.47		
Sep-94	2.0	11.6	1105.00	1105.12		
Sep-95	2.5	11.0	1105.35	1104.70		
Sep-96	3.1	12.1	1105.77	1105.47		
May-97	2.3	11.4	1105.21	1104.98		
Oct-97	3.02	12.36	1105.71	1105.65		
May-98	2.79	12.46	1105.55	1105.72		
Sep-98	2.85	11.33	1105.60	1104.93	~1109.5	
May-99	1.85	10.95	1104.90	1104.67		
Sep-99	1.71	9.70	1104.80	1103.79	~1105	
Jun-00	1.30	11.40	1104.51	1104.98		
Aug-00	1.60	10.60	1104.72	1104.42		
Sep-00	1.80	11.00	1104.86	1104.70		
5-Jun-01	2.40	12.60	1105.28	1105.82	1109.33	
30-Aug-01	2.60	11.20	1105.42	1104.84	1108.55	
9-May-02	2.20	11.40	1105.14	1104.98	1109.78	
10-May-03	2.00	11.40	1105.00	1104.98	1110.54	
9-Sep-03	2.10	10.30	1105.07	1104.21	1108.13	
8-May-04	1.40	10.60	1104.58	1104.42	1110.01	
19-May-05	2.30	11.30	1105.21	1104.91	1110.27	
9-Sep-05	1.90	10.70	1104.93	1104.49	1108.57	
16-May-06	1.50	10.90	1104.65	1104.63	1109.99	
11-Sep-06	1.80	10.60	1104.86	1104.42	1108.40	
10-May-07	1.50	10.50	1104.65	1104.35	1110.18	
27-Aug-07	1.60	10.70	1104.72	1104.49	1109.69	
27-Mar-08	1.7	10.3	1104.79	1104.21	1109.91	
4-Apr-08	1.70	10.30	1104.79	1104.21	1108.90	
10-Apr-08	1.80	10.30	1104.86	1104.21	1108.90	
21-Apr-08	1.50	10.20	1104.65	1104.14	1108.94	
28-Apr-08	1.70	10.30	1104.79	1104.21	1109.225	
5-May-08	1.60	10.70	1104.72	1104.49	1110.191	
12-May-08	1.80	11.30	1104.86	1104.91	1111.696	
15-May-08	1.70	11.30	1104.79	1104.91	1110.697	
20-May-08	1.60	11.30	1104.72	1104.91	1110.311	
26-May-08	1.60	11.30	1104.72	1104.91	1109.919	
2-Jun-08	1.80	11.20	1104.86	1104.84	1109.116	
11-Jun-08	1.60	11.30	1104.72	1104.91	1109.176	
18-Jun-08	1.60	11.40	1104.72	1104.98	1109.213	
24-Jun-08	1.70	11.50	1104.79	1105.05	1109.272	
2-Jul-08	1.60	11.50	1104.72	1105.05	1109.295	
7-Jul-08	1.60	11.60	1104.72	1105.12	1109.323	
15-Jul-08	1.60	11.80	1104.72	1105.26	1109.732	
22-Jul-08	1.70	12.20	1104.79	1105.54	1109.903	
29-Jul-08	1.80	12.30	1104.86	1105.61	1109.948	
4-Aug-08	1.60	12.20	1104.72	1105.54	1109.968	
11-Aug-08	1.70	11.90	1104.79	1105.33	1109.181	
21-Aug-08	1.90	11.20	1104.93	1104.84	1108.010	
18-Sep-08	1.90	11.80	1104.93	1105.26	1108.909	
26-Jun-09	1.90	12.00	1104.83	1105.40	1110.237	
9-Sep-09	2.20	11.00	1105.14	1104.70	1108.731	
15-May-10	1.50	10.60	1104.65	1104.42	1107.545	
10-Sep-10	1.20	09.80	1104.44	1103.86	1107.715	

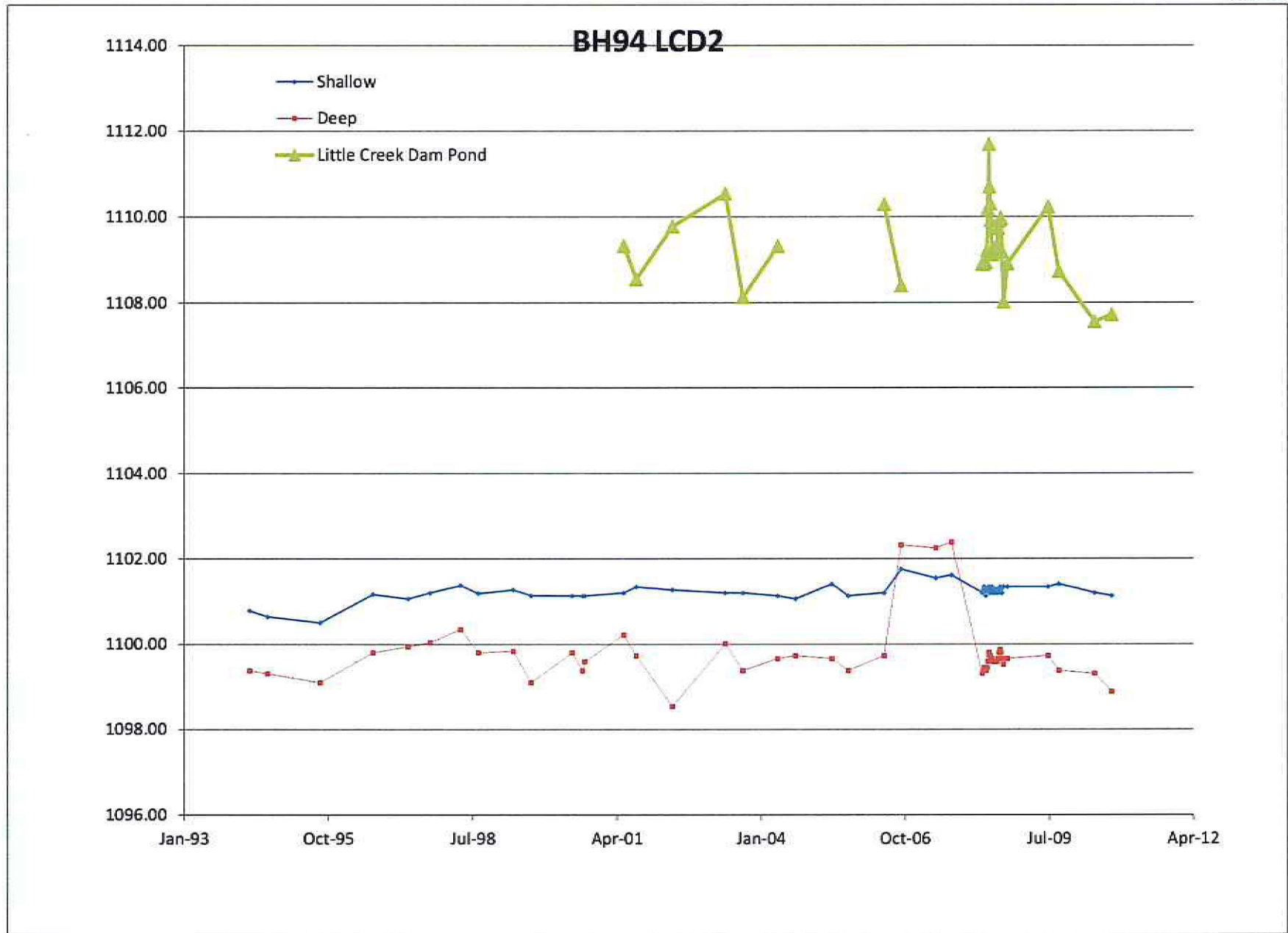
Note: Data to the end of 2009 as reported by SRK Consulting Engineers and Geoscientists; 2010 data reported Denison Environmental Services



LCD Pneumatic Piezos_To2010\BH94 LCD1 Figure

Date Installed:		Shallow Tip Elevation:		Deep Tip Elevation:	
June '94		1100.5		1094.9	
Surface Protector		yes			
Reading (psl)		Piezometric Elevation (m asl)		Pond Elevation (m asl)	
Date	Shallow	Deep	Shallow	Deep	Comment
May-94	0.4	6.4	1100.78	1099.38	
Sep-94	0.2	6.3	1100.64	1099.31	
Sep-95	0.0	6.0	1100.50	1099.10	
Sep-96	0.85	7.0	1101.17	1099.80	
May-97	0.8	7.2	1101.06	1099.94	
Oct-97	1.00	7.34	1101.20	1100.04	
May-98	1.25	7.78	1101.38	1100.35	
Sep-98	0.98	7.00	1101.19	1099.80	-1109.5
May-99	1.10	7.05	1101.27	1099.84	
Sep-99	0.91	6.00	1101.14	1099.10	-1105
12-Jun-00	0.90	7.00	1101.13	1099.80	
23-Aug-00	0.90	6.40	1101.13	1099.38	
8-Sep-00	0.90	6.70	1101.13	1099.59	
5-Jun-01	1.00	7.60	1101.20	1100.22	1109.33
30-Aug-01	1.20	6.90	1101.34	1099.73	1108.55
9-May-02	1.10	5.20	1101.27	1098.54	1109.78
10-May-03	1.00	7.30	1101.20	1100.01	1110.538
9-Sep-03	1.00	6.40	1101.20	1099.38	1108.127
8-May-04	0.90	6.80	1101.13	1099.66	1109.323
8-Sep-04	0.80	6.90	1101.06	1099.73	
19-May-05	1.30	6.80	1101.41	1099.66	
9-Sep-05	0.9	6.4	1101.13	1099.38	
16-May-06	1.00	6.90	1101.20	1099.73	1110.293
11-Sep-06	1.80	10.60	1101.76	1102.32	1108.403
10-May-07	1.50	10.50	1101.55	1102.25	
27-Aug-07	1.60	10.7	1101.62	1102.39	
27-Mar-08	1	6.3	1101.20	1099.31	1108.909
4-Apr-08	1.10	6.40	1101.27	1099.38	1108.904
10-Apr-08	1.20	6.50	1101.34	1099.45	1108.904
21-Apr-08	0.90	6.40	1101.13	1099.38	1108.943
28-Apr-08	1.10	6.50	1101.27	1099.45	1109.225
5-May-08	1.10	6.70	1101.27	1099.59	1110.191
12-May-08	1.20	7.00	1101.34	1099.80	1111.696
15-May-08	1.10	6.90	1101.27	1099.73	1110.697
20-May-08	1.00	6.90	1101.20	1099.73	1110.311
26-May-08	1.00	6.80	1101.20	1099.66	1109.919
2-Jun-08	1.20	6.80	1101.34	1099.66	1109.116
11-Jun-08	1.00	6.70	1101.20	1099.59	1109.176
18-Jun-08	1.00	6.70	1101.20	1099.59	1109.213
24-Jun-08	1.10	6.70	1101.27	1099.59	1109.272
2-Jul-08	1.00	6.70	1101.20	1099.59	1109.295
7-Jul-08	1.10	6.70	1101.27	1099.59	1109.323
15-Jul-08	1.00	6.80	1101.20	1099.66	1109.732
22-Jul-08	1.10	7.00	1101.27	1099.80	1109.903
29-Jul-08	1.20	7.10	1101.34	1099.87	1109.948
4-Aug-08	1.00	7.00	1101.20	1099.80	1109.968
11-Aug-08	1.00	6.80	1101.20	1099.66	1109.181
21-Aug-08	1.20	6.80	1101.34	1099.52	1108.010
18-Sep-08	1.20	6.80	1101.34	1099.66	1108.909
26-Jun-09	1.20	6.90	1101.34	1099.73	1110.237
9-Sep-09	1.30	6.40	1101.41	1099.38	1108.731
15-May-10	1.00	6.30	1101.20	1099.31	1107.545
10-Sep-10	0.90	5.70	1101.13	1098.89	1107.715

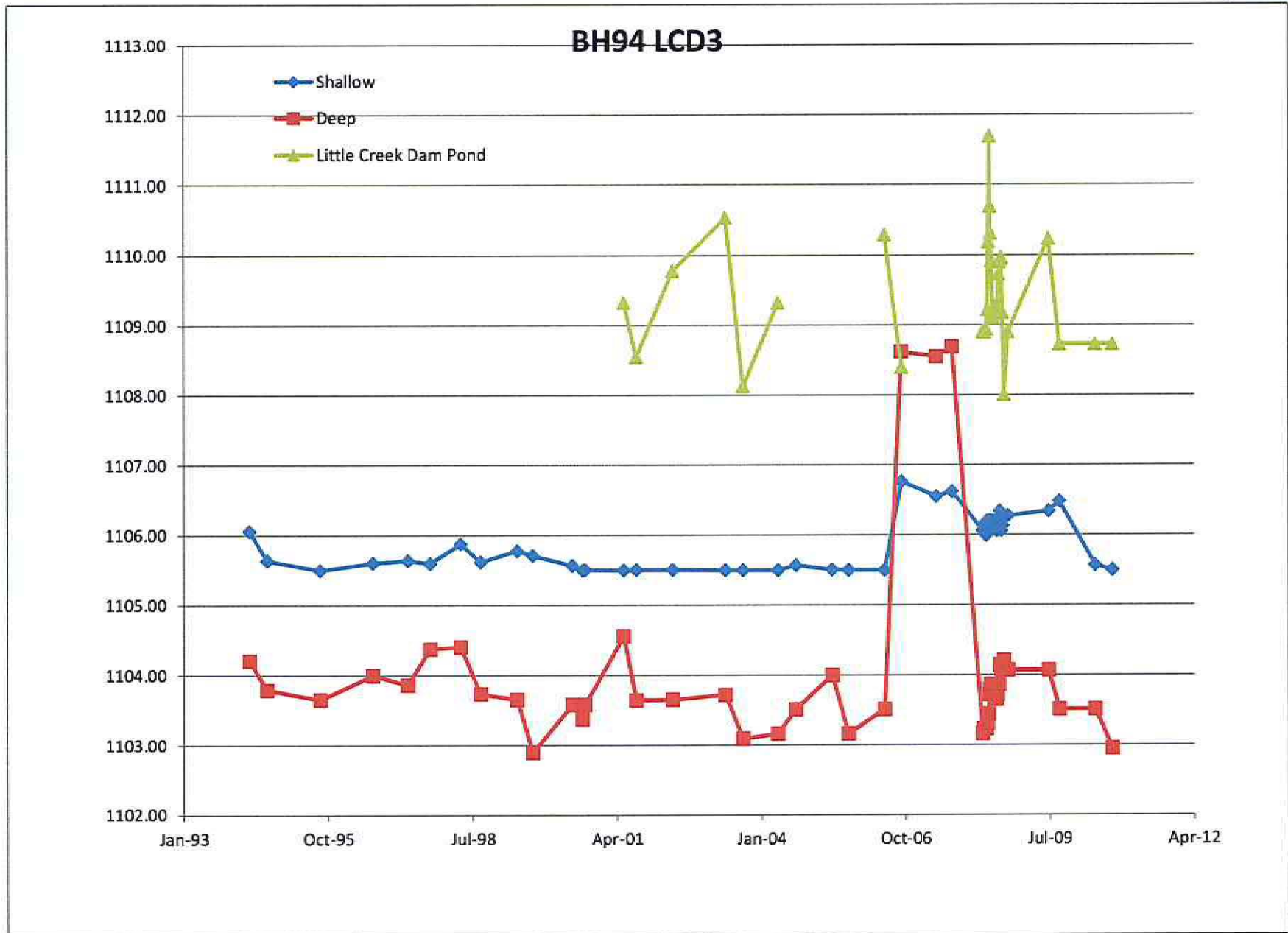
Note: Data to the end of 2009 as reported by SRK Consulting Engineers and Geoscientists; 2010 data reported Denison Environmental Services



LCD Pneumatic Piezos_To2010\BH94 LCD2 Figure

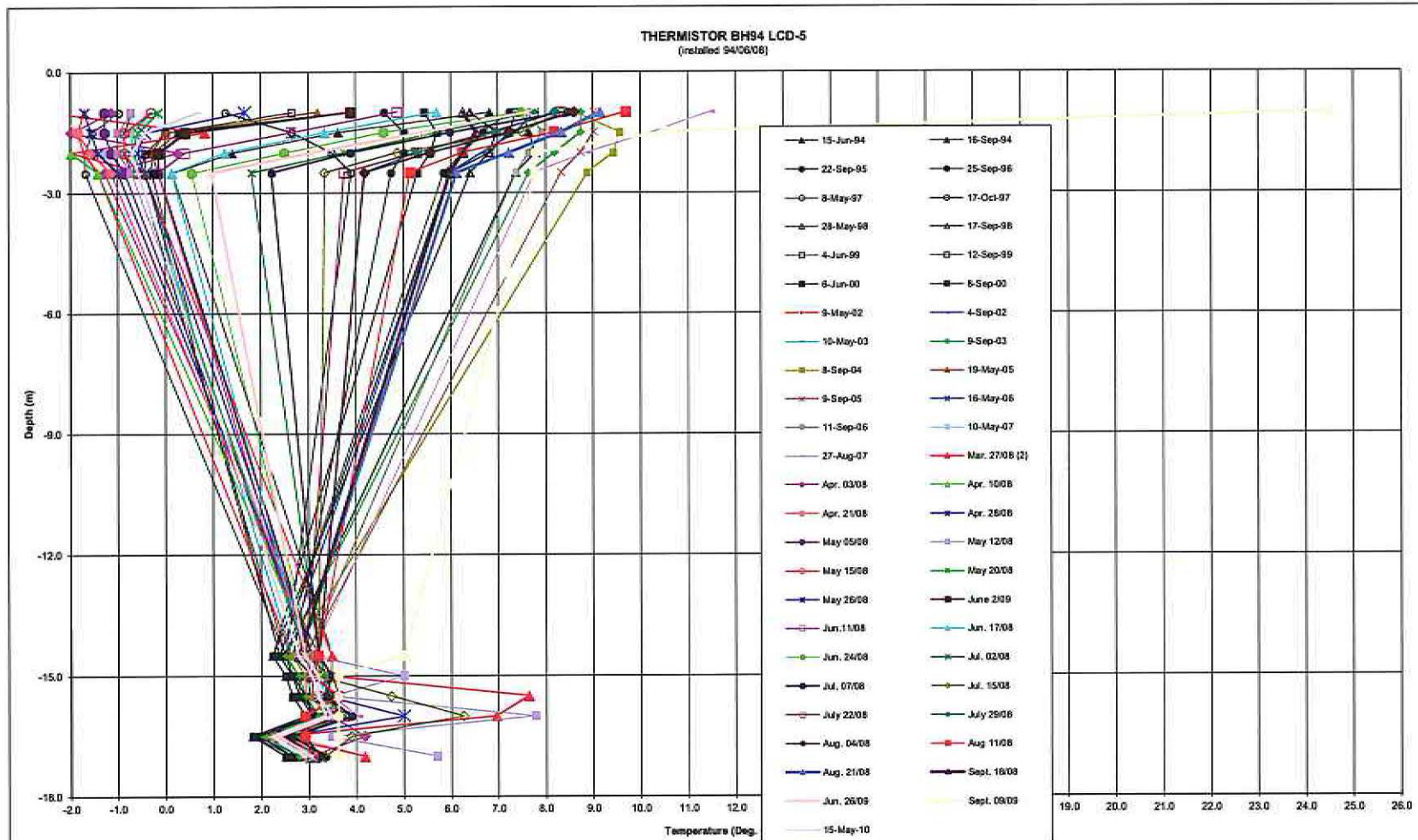
BH94 LCD3		Date Installed: June '94		Shallow Tip Elevation:	Deep Tip Elevation:	
Surface Protector		yes		1105.5	1101.2	
Reading (psi)		Piezometric Elevation		(m asl)	Pond Elevation (m asl)	Comment
Date	Shallow	Deep	Shallow	Deep		
May-94	0.8	4.3	1106.06	1104.21		
Sep-94	0.2	3.7	1105.64	1103.79		
Sep-95	0.0	3.5	1105.50	1103.65		
Sep-96	0.15	4.0	1105.61	1104.00		
May-97	0.2	3.8	1105.64	1103.86		
Oct-97	0.14	4.54	1105.60	1104.38		
May-98	0.54	4.58	1105.88	1104.41		
17-Sep-98	0.17	3.62	1105.62	1103.73	-1109.5	
29-May-99	0.40	3.50	1105.78	1103.65		
12-Sep-99	0.30	2.42	1105.71	1102.89	-1105	
12-Jun-00	0.10	3.40	1105.57	1103.58		
23-Aug-00	0.00	3.10	1105.50	1103.37		
8-Sep-00	0.01	3.40	1105.51	1103.58		
5-Jun-01	0.00	4.80	1105.50	1104.56	1109.33	
30-Aug-01	0.01	3.49	1105.51	1103.64	1108.55	
9-May-02	0.01	3.50	1105.51	1103.65	1109.78	
10-May-03	0.00	3.60	1105.50	1103.72	1110.538	
9-Sep-03	0.00	2.70	1105.50	1103.09	1108.127	
8-May-04	0.00	2.80	1105.50	1103.16	1109.323	
8-Sep-04	0.10	3.30	1105.57	1103.51		
19-May-05	0.01	4.00	1105.51	1104.00		
9-Sep-05	0.00	2.80	1105.50	1103.16		
16-May-06	0.00	3.30	1105.50	1103.51	1110.293	
11-Sep-06	1.80	10.60	1106.76	1108.62	1108.403	
10-May-07	1.50	10.50	1106.55	1108.55		
27-Aug-07	1.60	10.70	1106.62	1108.69		
27-Mar-08	0.8	2.8	1106.06	1103.16	1108.909	
4-Apr-08	0.90	2.90	1106.13	1103.23	1108.904	
10-Apr-08	0.80	2.90	1106.13	1103.23	1108.904	
21-Apr-08	0.70	2.90	1105.99	1103.23	1108.943	
28-Apr-08	1.00	3.00	1106.20	1103.30	1109.225	
5-May-08	0.80	3.20	1106.06	1103.44	1110.191	
12-May-08	0.90	3.60	1106.13	1103.72	1111.696	
15-May-08	1.00	3.70	1106.20	1103.79	1110.697	
20-May-08	0.90	3.80	1106.13	1103.86	1110.311	
26-May-08	0.90	3.80	1106.13	1103.86	1108.919	
2-Jun-08	1.00	3.80	1106.20	1103.86	1109.116	
11-Jun-08	0.90	3.60	1106.13	1103.72	1109.178	
18-Jun-08	0.90	3.50	1106.13	1103.65	1109.213	
25-Jun-08	1.00	3.60	1106.20	1103.72	1109.272	
2-Jul-08	0.80	3.50	1106.06	1103.65	1109.295	
7-Jul-08	0.90	3.60	1106.13	1103.72	1109.323	
15-Jul-08	0.90	3.80	1106.13	1103.86	1109.732	
22-Jul-08	1.20	4.20	1106.34	1104.14	1109.903	
29-Jul-08	1.00	4.20	1106.20	1104.14	1109.948	
4-Aug-08	0.80	4.10	1106.06	1104.07	1109.968	
11-Aug-08	0.90	4.10	1106.13	1104.07	1109.181	
21-Aug-08	1.10	4.30	1106.27	1104.21	1108.010	
18-Sep-08	1.10	4.10	1106.27	1104.07	1108.909	
26-Jun-09	1.20	4.10	1106.34	1104.07	1110.237	
9-Sep-09	1.40	3.30	1106.48	1103.51	1108.731	
15-May-10	0.10	3.30	1105.57	1103.51	1108.731	
10-Sep-10	0.00	2.50	1105.50	1102.95	1108.731	

Note: Data to the end of 2009 as reported by SRK Consulting Engineers and Geoscientists; 2010 data reported Denison Environmental Services

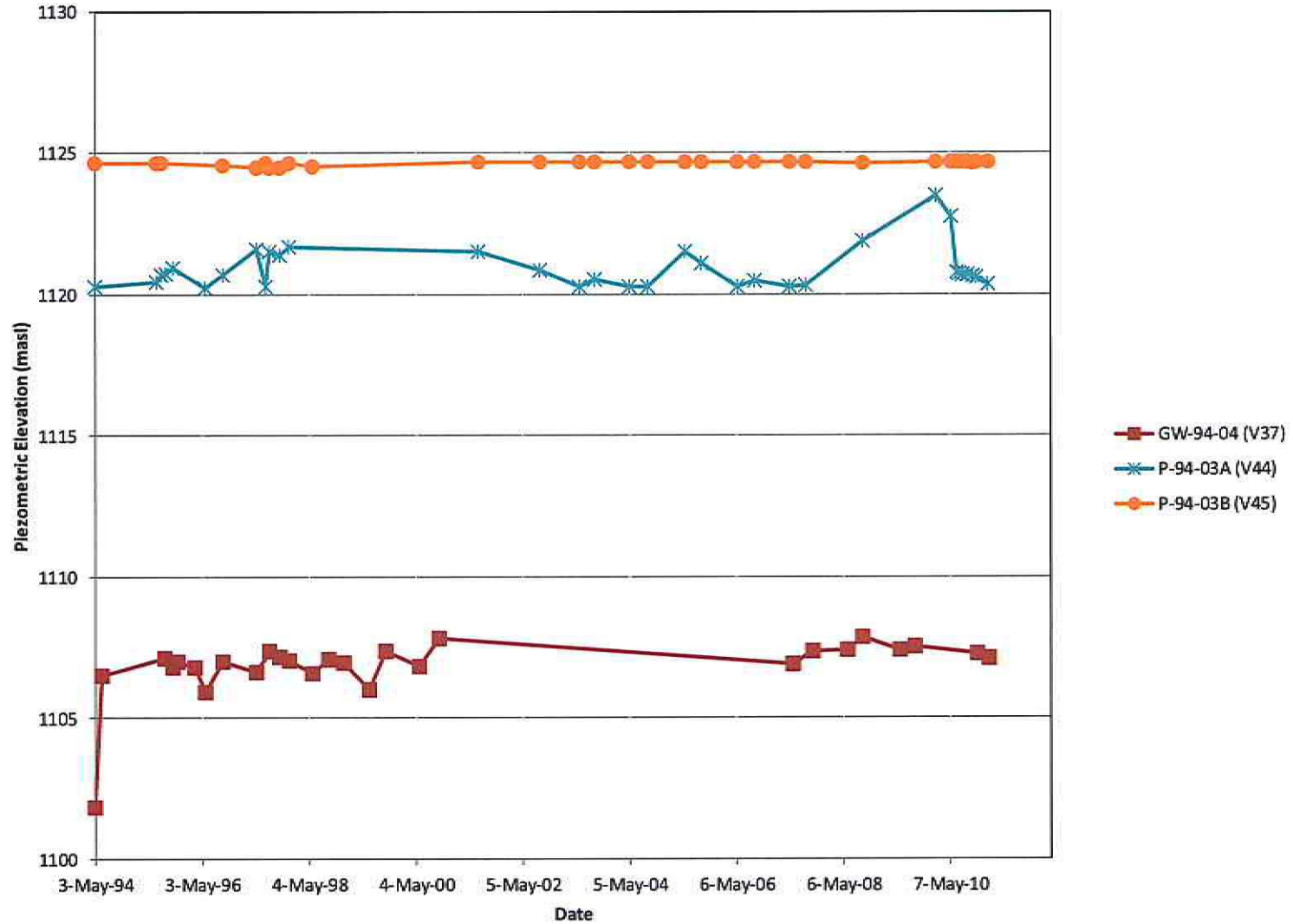


LCD Pneumatic Piezos_To2010\BH94 LCD3 Figure

Little Creek Dam Thermistors



Appendix C
Water levels in Piezometers and groundwater Wells – Vangorda
Rock Pile



2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection
Waste and Water Management Facilities

**Water Level Trends
Section AA**

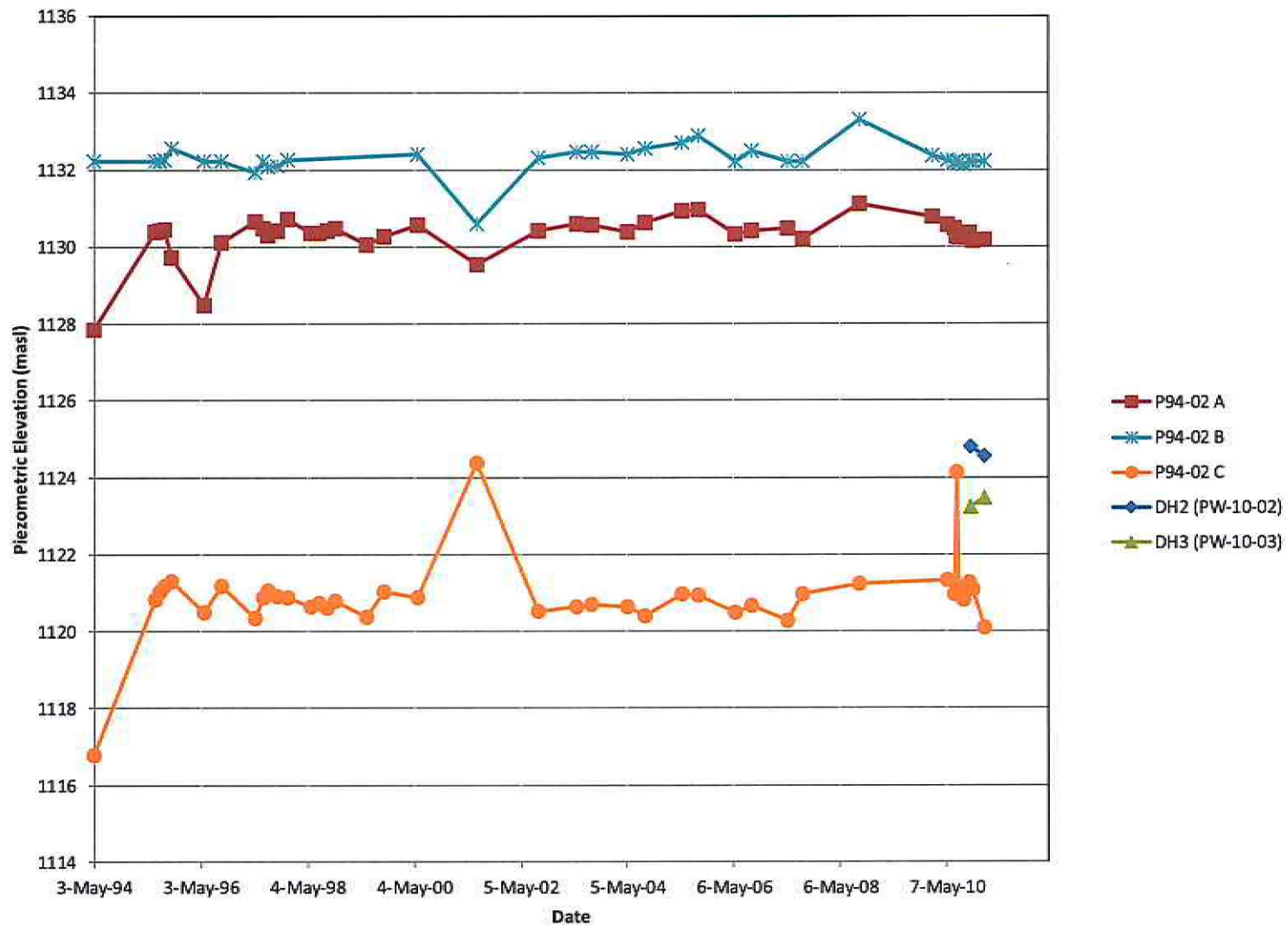
Job No: 1CD009.003
Filename: Figures C-1-5_WaterLevels_20110209.pptx

Faro Mine Complex

Date:
February 2011

Approved:
PMH

Figure: **C-1**



2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection
Waste and Water Management Facilities

**Water Level Trends
Section BB**

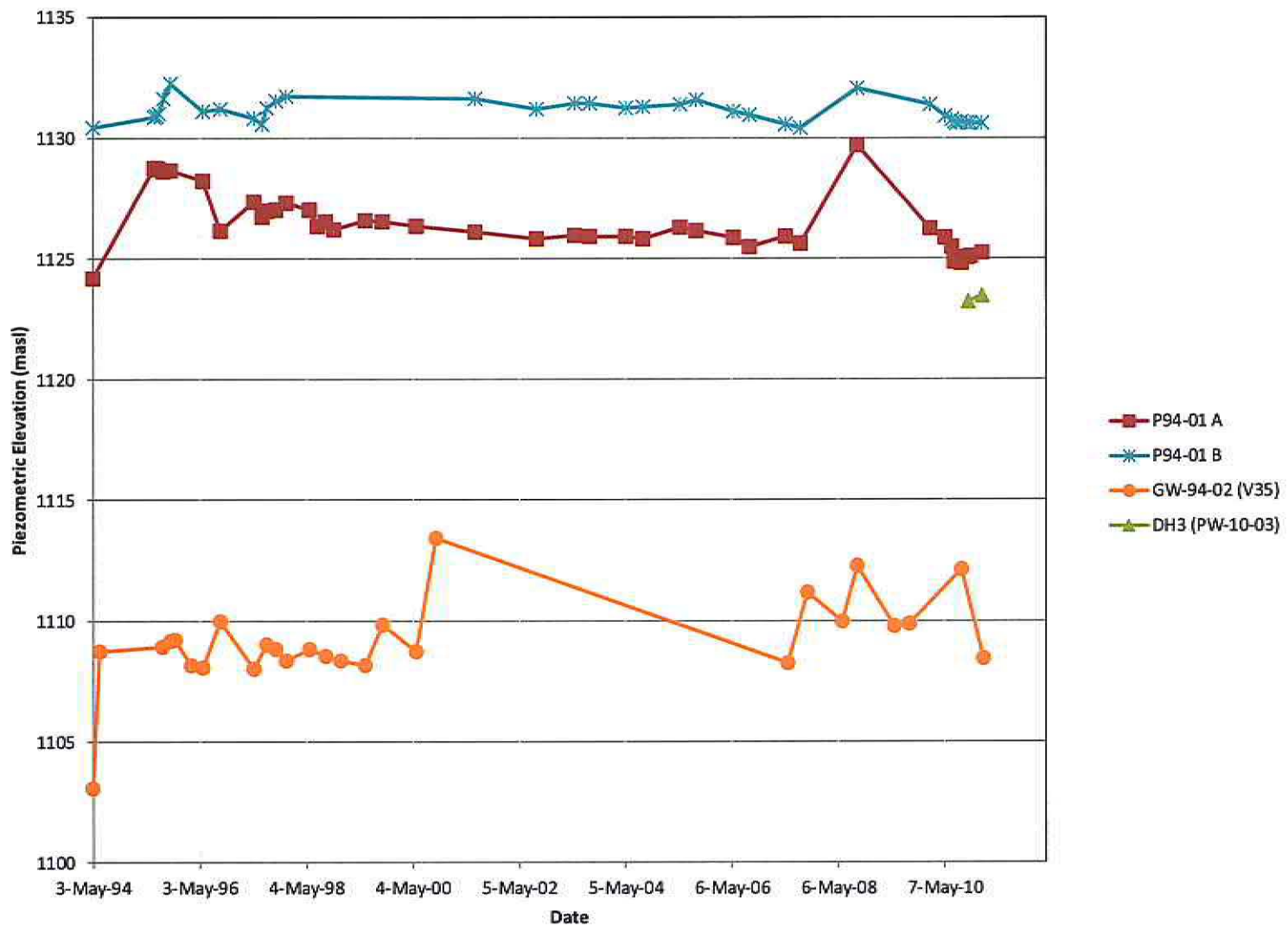
Job No: 1CD009.003
Filename: Figures C-1-5_WaterLevels_20110209.pptx

Faro Mine Complex

Date:
February 2011

Approved:
PMH

Figure: **C-2**



2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection
Waste and Water Management Facilities

**Water Level Trends
Section CC**

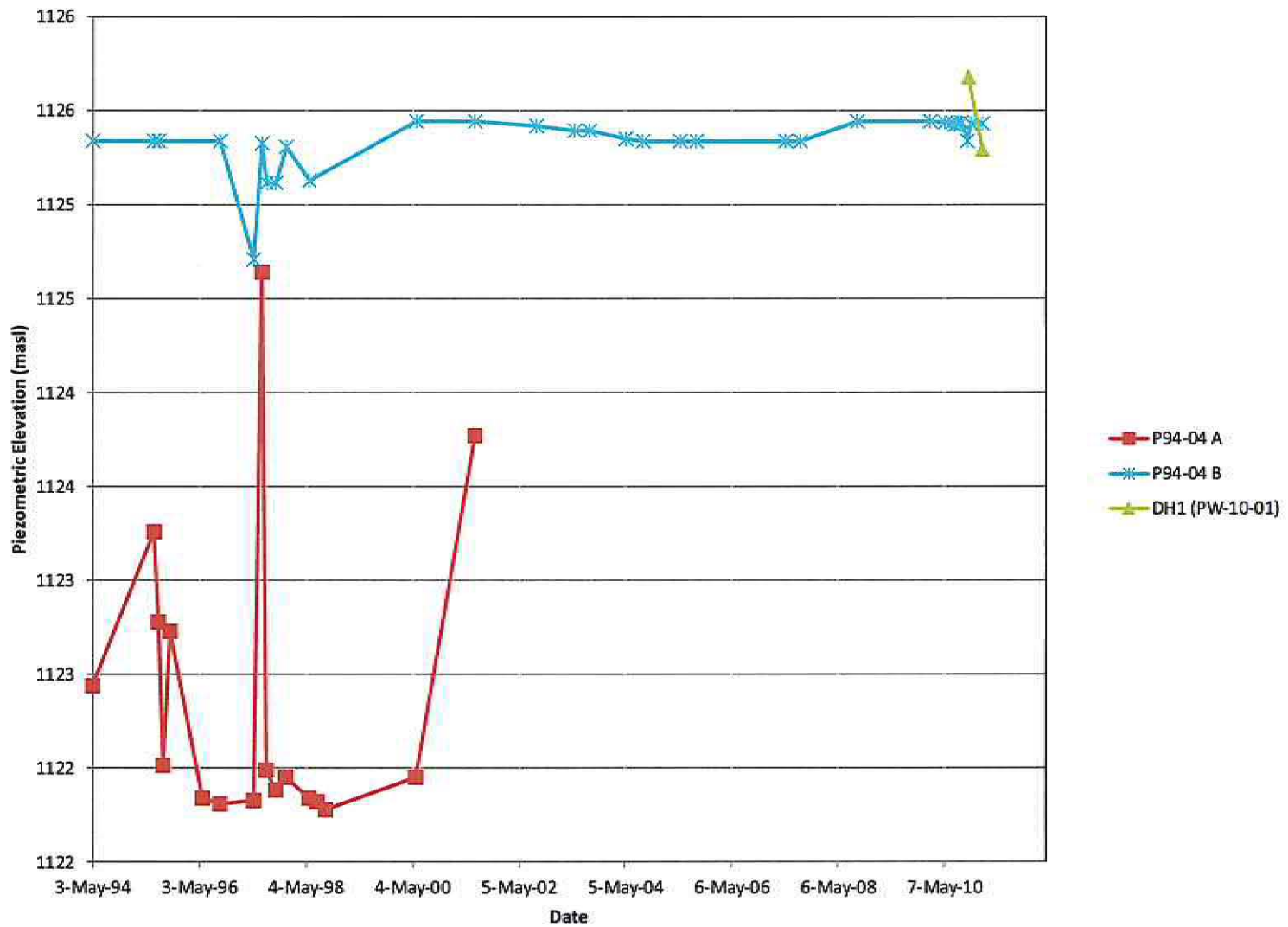
Job No: 1CD009.003
Filename: Figures C-1-5_WaterLevels_20110209.pptx

Faro Mine Complex

Date:
February 2011

Approved:
PMH

Figure: **C-3**



2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection
Waste and Water Management Facilities

**Water Level Trends
Section DD**

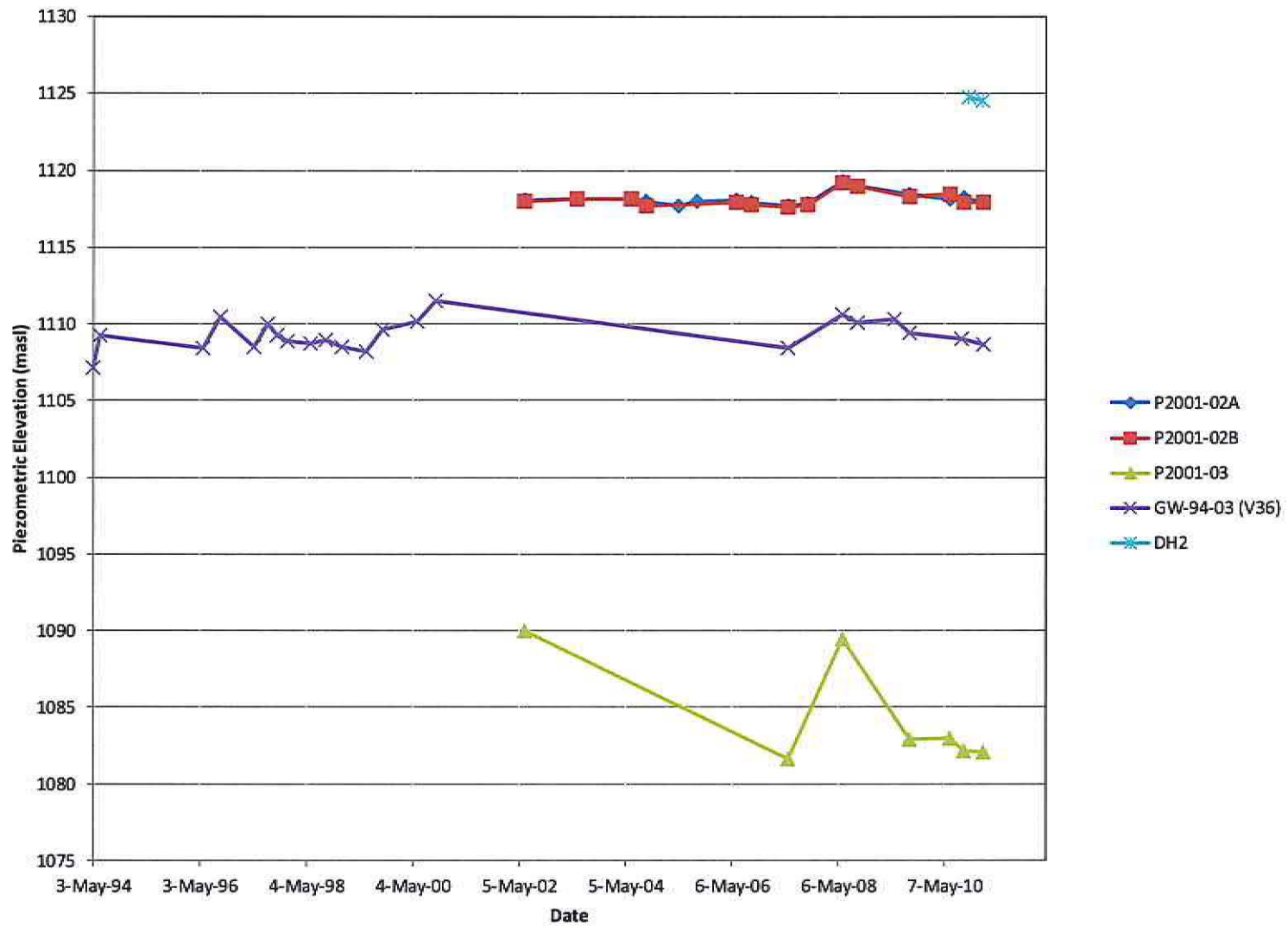
Job No: 1CD009.003
Filename: Figures C-1-5_WaterLevels_20110209.pptx

Faro Mine Complex

Date:
February 2011

Approved:
PMH

Figure: **C-4**



2010 Vangorda Annual Inspection
Waste and Water Management Facilities

**Water Level Trends
Section EE**

Job No: 1CD009.003
Filename: Figures C-1-5_WaterLevels_20110209.pptx

Faro Mine Complex

Date:
February 2011

Approved:
PMH

Figure: **C-5**