

Figure 3. Tectonic elements of the report area.

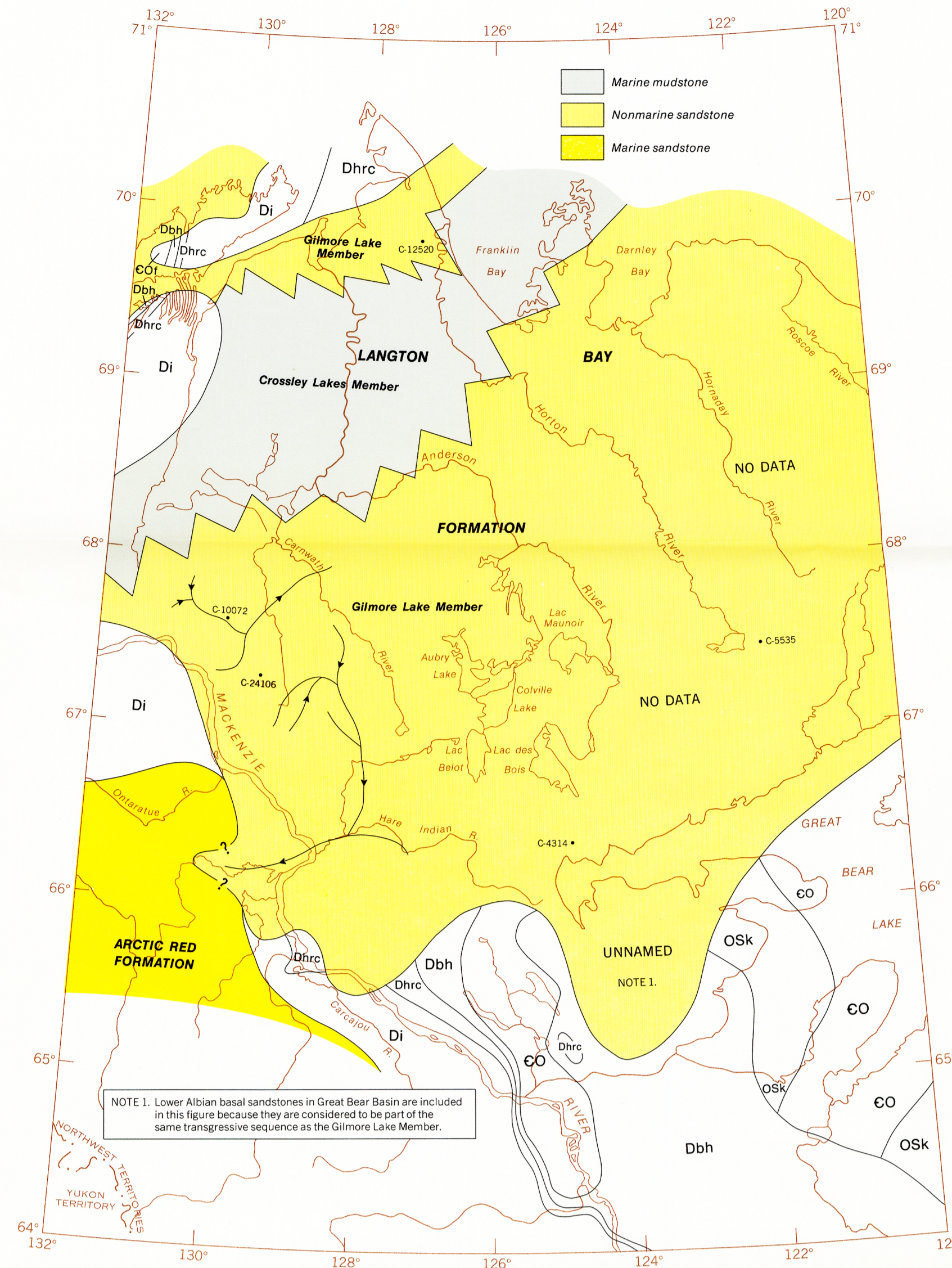


Figure 31. Neocomian to Aptian paleogeography and lithofacies.

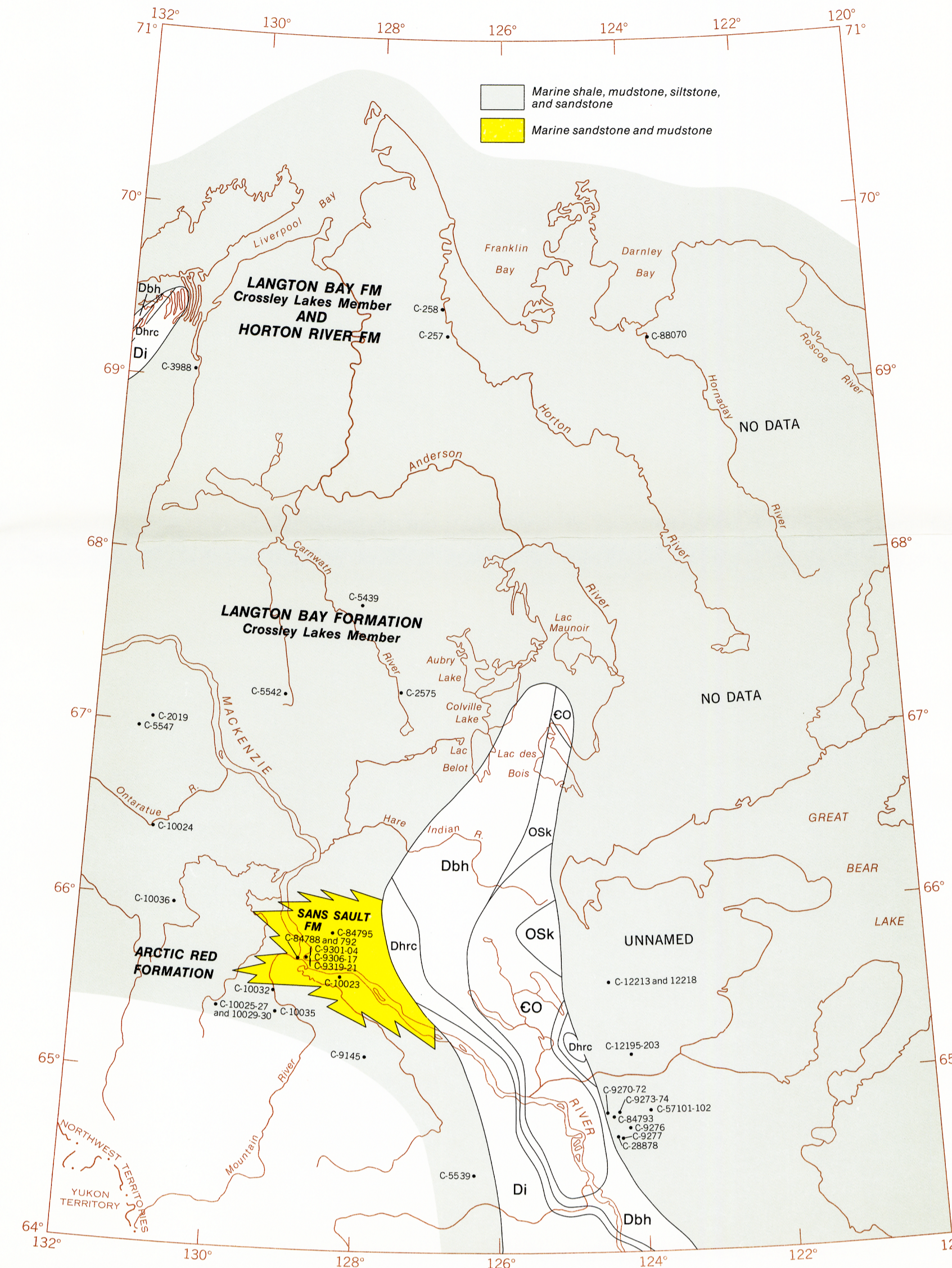


Figure 32. Early to middle Albian paleogeography and lithofacies.

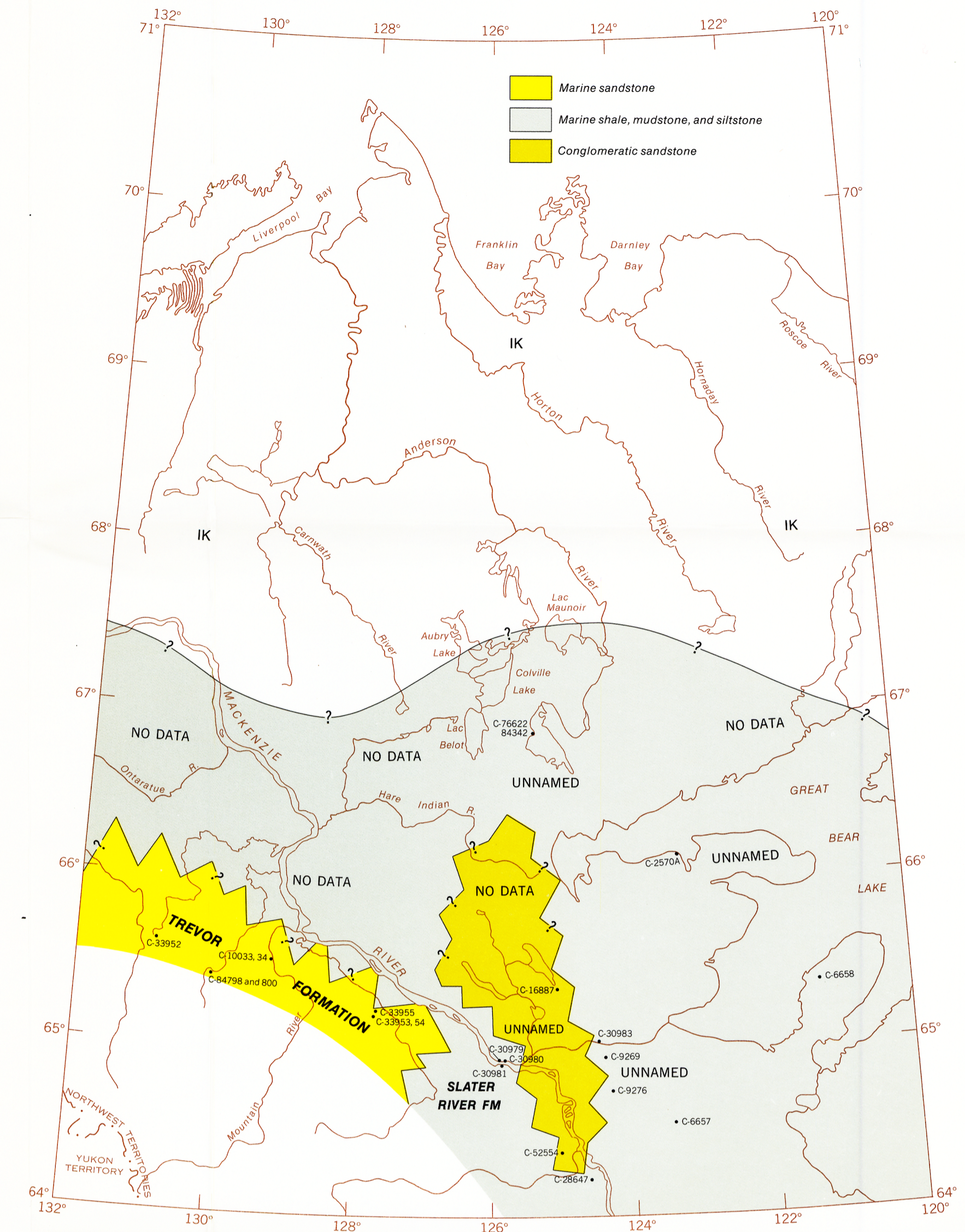


Figure 33. Late Albian to Turonian paleogeography and lithofacies.

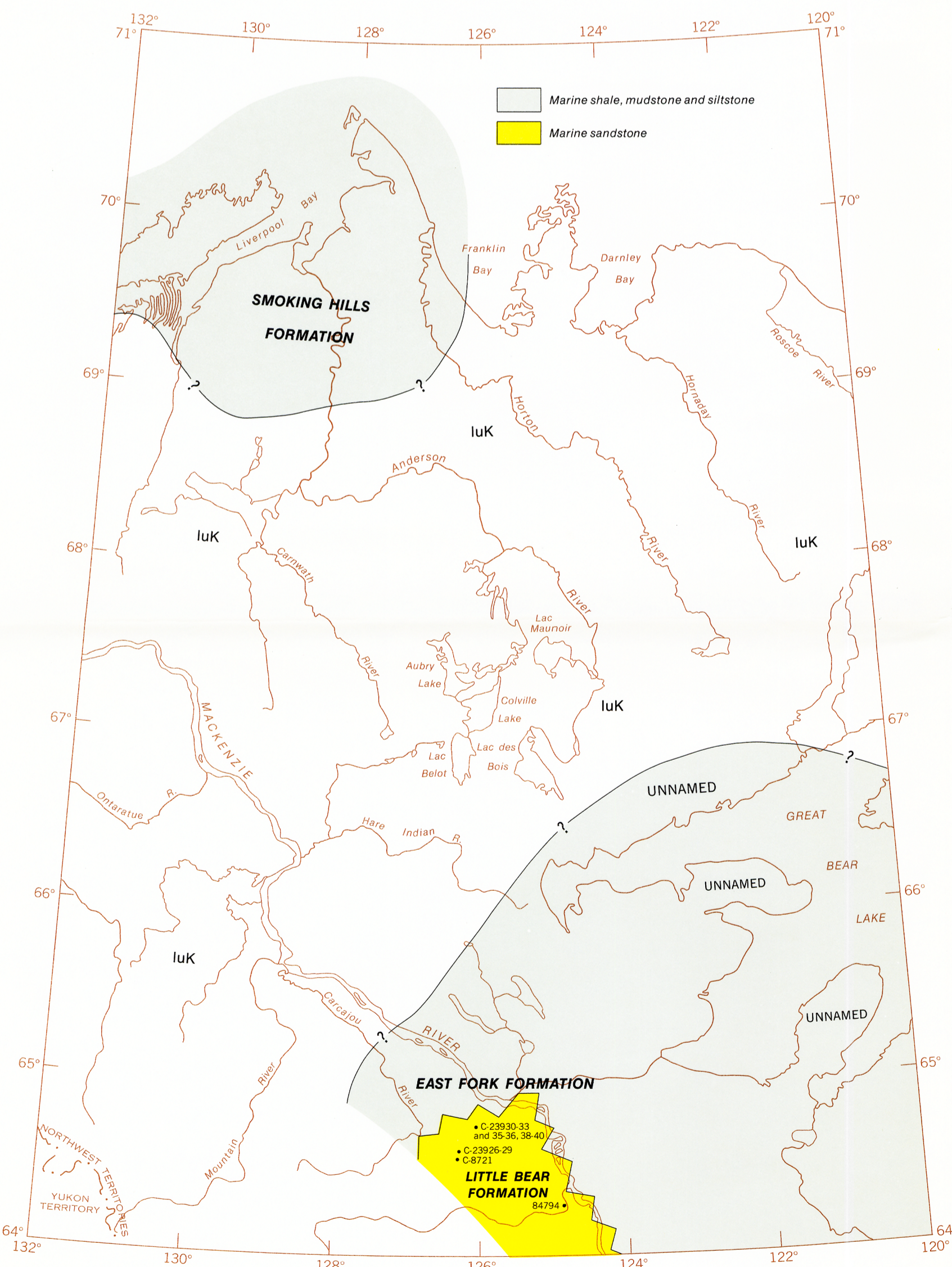


Figure 34. Coniacian to Campanian paleogeography and lithofacies.

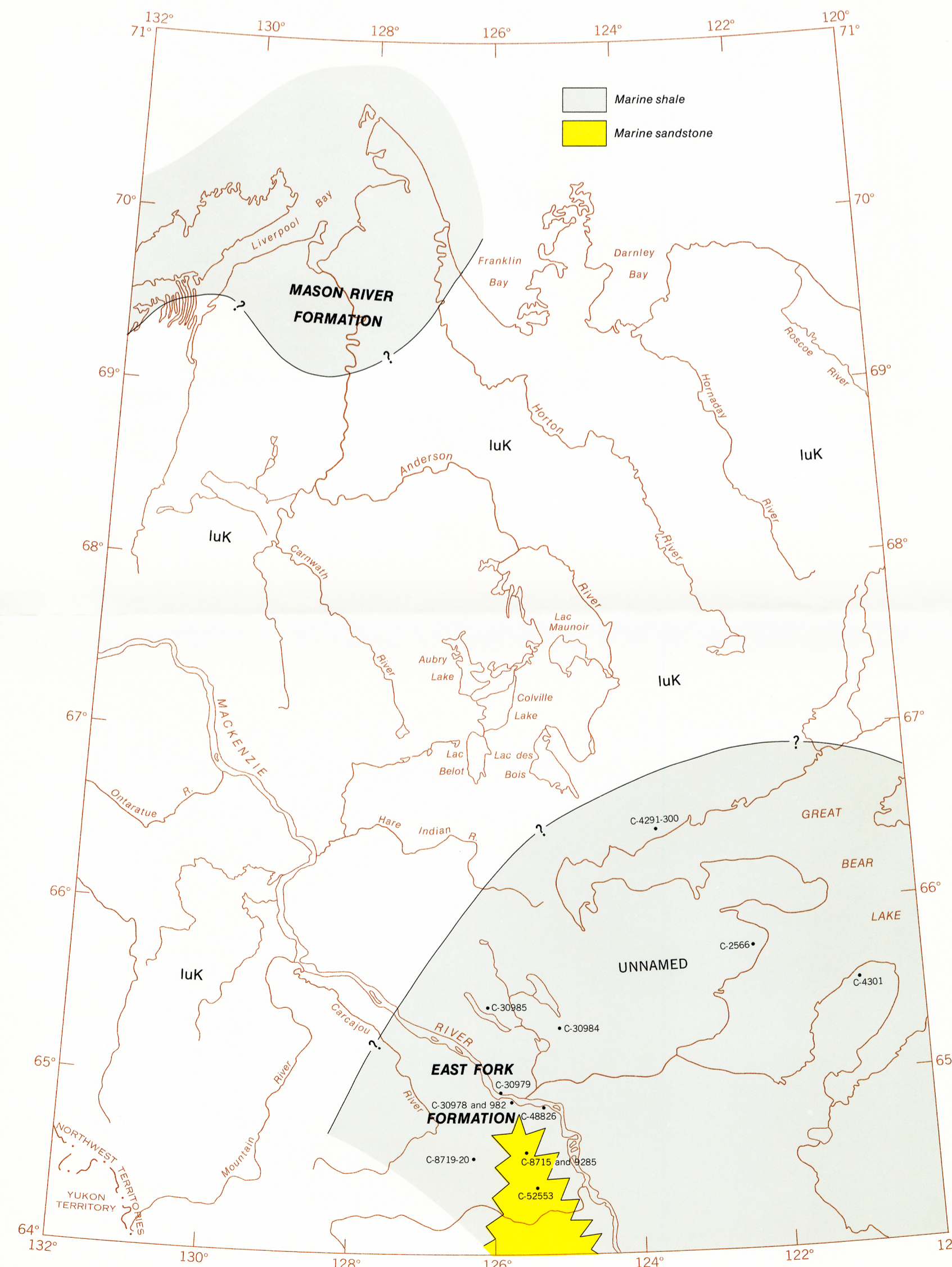


Figure 35. Campanian to Maastrichtian paleogeography and lithofacies.

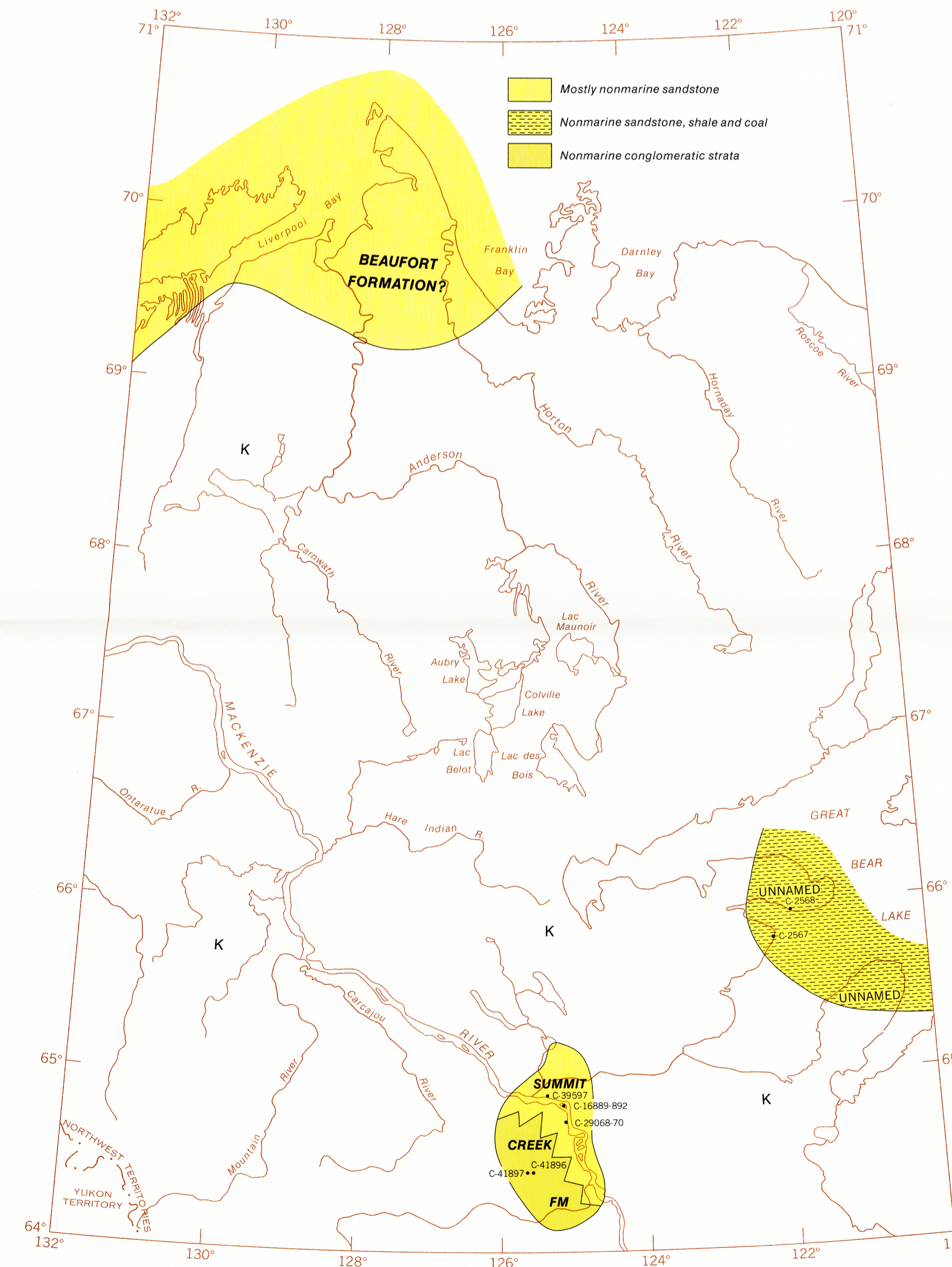


Figure 36. Maastrichtian to Tertiary paleogeography and lithofacies.

LEGEND FOR PALEOGEOLOGY

CRETACEOUS

K Cretaceous formations undivided

LOWER AND UPPER CRETACEOUS

luK LANGTON BAY, HORTON RIVER, SANS SAULT, SLATER RIVER, TREVOR, AND SMOKING HILLS FORMATIONS

LOWER CRETACEOUS

IK LANGTON BAY AND HORTON RIVER FORMATIONS

DEVONIAN

UPPER DEVONIAN

Di IMPERIAL FORMATION

MIDDLE AND UPPER DEVONIAN

Dhrc HARE INDIAN, RAMPARTS AND CANOL FORMATIONS

LOWER AND MIDDLE DEVONIAN

Dbh BEAR ROCK AND HUME FORMATIONS

ORDOVICIAN AND SILURIAN

UPPER ORDOVICIAN AND LOWER SILURIAN

OSK MOUNT KINDLE FORMATION

CAMBRIAN AND ORDOVICIAN

LOWER CAMBRIAN TO LOWER ORDOVICIAN

CO MOUNT CAP, SALINE RIVER AND FRANKLIN MOUNTAIN FORMATIONS

Geological boundary

Aptian (?) drainage system (from Cook and Atkin, 1975)

Facies boundary

Fossil locality (GSC catalogue number)

Geology by C.J. Yorath and D.G. Cook, 1978

To accompany GSC Memoir 398 by C.J. Yorath and D.G. Cook

Geological cartography by J.H. Waddell, Institute of Sedimentary and Petroleum Geology, Geological Survey of Canada

0 50 100 150 Kilometres

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