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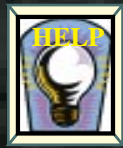


Figure 39: Thinly bedded phyllitic quartzite of the upper Cayoosh assemblage featuring complex intraformational deformation structures, similar to those described by Monger (1991a) in the Settler Schist and Darrington Phyllite. This distinctive lithofacies is well-exposed along the north shore of Anderson Lake, and in the Lillooet Range, south of Cayoosh Creek Road. It is also recognized in higher-grade fault slivers of the Chism Creek melange (Fig 21), exposed in the footwall of the Bralorne Fault System to the east (see Fig. 42), which can be traced southward into type exposures of the Settler Schist (Journey, 1990a).