



Open File 2021-3
Aggregate Potential, Ross River area, Yukon
Parts of 105F 15 and 16, 105K 01 and 02
1:60 000 scale
by
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- LEGEND**
- Communities
 - ⛏ Gravel Pits
 - Territorial Border
 - Roads
 - Creeks
- Distance from Community Centre**
- 5 km
 - 10 km
 - 20 km
- Aggregate Potential**
- Water
 - 0 - 1.25 Low
 - >1.25 - 2.5 Moderate
 - >2.5 - 3.0 High

AGGREGATE POTENTIAL CLASSIFICATION DESCRIPTIONS

High - potential aggregate sources represent those with good material potential and limited or no constraints from permafrost or overburden. Typical materials are well sorted gravels with minimal silt and clay content. Minor constraint from overburden or permafrost may be present. Aggregate Potential Scores >2.5 - 3.0.

Moderate - potential aggregate sources represent good material potential with significant overburden or moderate overburden and sources of moderate material potential (moderately sorted). These may consist of gravels and mixed fragments with some silt or clay content or well sorted materials with more significant constraints from overburden and/or permafrost. Aggregate Potential Scores >1.25 - 2.5.

Low - potential aggregate sources represent those with unsuitable materials or materials of moderate aggregate potential with significant constraints from overburden and/or permafrost. Aggregate Potential Scores >0 - 1.25.

AGGREGATE POTENTIAL DERIVATION METHODOLOGY

Surficial geology polygons from the Yukon Digital Surficial Geology Compilation (Yukon Geological Survey, 2020) are ranked by material type and texture with weighting applied for material abundance and penalties applied for stripping and permafrost. The equation used to calculate the aggregate potential score for each polygon is as follows:

$$\text{Aggregate Potential Score} = \text{Max Value} ((\text{Material A Proportion} \times \text{Material A Suitability}) \text{ or } (\text{Material B Proportion} \times \text{Material B Suitability})) - 0.25 \times \text{Stripping Value} - 0.25 \times \text{Permafrost Value}$$

Possible aggregate potential scores range from 0.75 - 3, with higher scores representing better potential for an aggregate resource. Scores should be used as guidelines and not rules as surficial geology polygons are classified based on little or no ground investigation and considerable variability may be present with a polygon.

REFERENCE

Yukon Geological Survey, 2020. Surficial Geology data set. Yukon Geological Survey, <http://data.geology.gov.yk.ca/Compilation/33>

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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RECOMMENDED CITATION

Cronmiller, D.C., 2021. Aggregate potential, Ross River area, Yukon. In: Aggregate potential mapping centred on Yukon communities and highway corridors, Open File 2021-3, scale 1:60 000

1:50,000 scale topographic base data produced by Centre for Topographic Information, Natural Resources Canada. Contour interval 500 ft.

FIVE THOUSAND METRE GRID
Universal Transverse Mercator Projection
North American Datum 1983
Zone 8

February 2021

Any revisions or additional geological information known to the user would be welcomed by the Yukon Geological Survey.

Paper copies of this map may be obtained from Yukon Geological Survey, Room 102 - 300 Main St., Whitehorse, Yukon, Y1A 2B5. E-mail: geology@gov.yk.ca.

A digital PDF (Portable Document Format) file of this map may be downloaded free of charge from the Yukon Geological Survey website: <http://data.geology.gov.yk.ca>

