

G.C. 1  
107 Golden Canyon saw thousands of caribou crossing river, downstream of Ft Selkirk in July 1936. Then were caribou bedded on islands, canyon everywhere.

114 Canyon saw caribou in hundreds (flashing down the river on ice parcel after the river had gone out (end of May) at mouth of Kelly Cr.

D.V. 1  
121 Dan van Dikken saw caribou for last time in 1932 @ Mt. Freese. Big herd came through Dawson Range and headed out towards Yukon Cr about mid-10 in July (cowcatcher traps)

D.V. 2  
127 Vanbitten with caribou which cross Kelly in fall (October) when ice was coming, heading south, took 4-5 days crossing

To M. 1  
116 Tommy McGinley - caribou wintered near Minto - all over to lake in 1932. Beaton (cross team) also said caribou there in winter in 1930.

Bostock 1932  
121 July - a thousand caribou

Bostock 1933 July 21, 1933 122 3 days of caribou in area "travelled NW, coming from SE. They here could be smelt from at least 20 miles on a hot day"

M.R. 2  
123 May Roberts - Jr to Mt. Nansen area to caribou which cover the hills in winter at spring line

Military users refer to this map as: MAP 115 I CARTE  
Référence de la carte pour usage militaire: ÉDITION 3 MCE ÉDITION

ROADS - ROUTES  
hard surface - route  
loose surface - de gravier  
cart track - de terre  
trail - sentier  
Deletions - Suppressions

126 Tanner 1966 p.50 "In 1936 it crossed the frozen Yukon River at Carmacks and reached Klunne Lake."

78 Bostock 79:80 "Their trails were most common, widest and deeply worn along a zone extending from Rowlinson Creek, northwest to Selwyn River..." "All the well worn trails ran northwest-southeastly" "On the northeast we found their trails as a general line through Mica Creek into Kelly, lower lake creek into the Stewart..."

29479 Bostock 79:80 "From what we were told the caribou in the 1930s were scattered in bands of 10 to 200 in winter over the region of which the Dawson Range forms the backbone."

124 BJ 1 Deep rutted trails near airport  
Munie 35:71 "ABC creek below Ft. Selkirk? fall crossing"

W-14  
117  
118  
119 Dan Vanbitten in the spring caribou would be lying on the lakes near Kelly ~ Von Vilczek, legar, Towheda, Dram M. (Tattman + Frenchman in winter.)  
W.C. antlers? Location not exact  
Wilfred Charle reports a bull that is covered with cast antlers

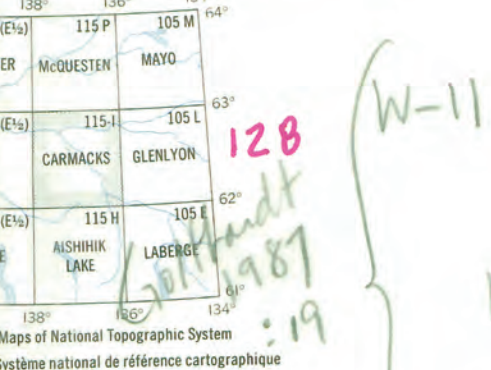
112 Arcand 1966:63 Large caribou herds crossed the Yukon River near Selkirk every autumn, south, and crossed back every spring until 1938.

Arcand 1966: 6,89 describes the hunting territory of the Carmacks little salmon people before the turn of the century "The main food staple were the caribou..." "By mid-November the large caribou herd was moving east from Alaska and the men prepared for a collective hunt. By surrounding large numbers of caribou they could obtain most of the winter supply of meat. In spring, caribou were sent to cross the river again, though this time not in compact herds and there was no collective hunt."  
Arcand was told that major caribou migrations near Carmacks stopped in 1938.

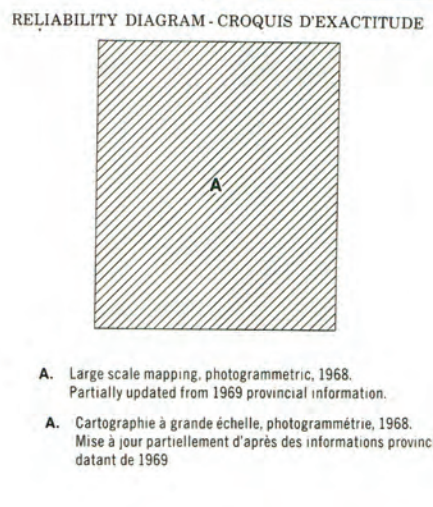
108-111 Ames Burg 1966: 100 "The author struck the annual caribou migration travelling east below Selkirk July 15<sup>th</sup>, their path forming a boulevard 500 miles wide, extending down the Yukon River to Circle. The main herds had crossed two weeks before, and only small straggling bands were seen, but the numerous trails hitting the steep hills on the east bank were evidence of the thousands that had crossed. On the west bank there were signs of the caribou, but they were not in compact herds, but clump out usually at any point where the current carries them."  
Nat. Geographic, published 1930 - trip must have occurred prior to 1930

113 Ft Selkirk  
Mr. Coward told Father Bobillier that the caribou "were here [Ft Selkirk] by the thousands, all over everywhere in 1936" "In Dawson everywhere. They must have a herd of a million at that time. I never saw one of these pictures" (Bobillier, M. 1954 - south reading)  
Bobillier hunted caribou in Nov 1942 @ Ft Selkirk

115 Ft Selkirk - Anonymous Call. 89123 G-133  
Photos ✓ Caribou crossing Yukon River near Selkirk 1926.



W-11 Plummer Mtn. Tattman Lt. Important moose and caribou hunting area.  
W-14 Prospector Mtn area. Important caribou hunting area.  
CARMACKS 115-I EDITION 3 C Jerry Alfred



Produced in 1969, by the SURVEYS AND MAPPING BRANCH, DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY, MINES AND RESOURCES, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.  
Magnetic declination 1970 varies from 31°25' easterly at centre of west edge to 32°10' easterly at centre of east edge. Mean annual change 3.8' westerly.  
Interim Corrections 1974

Road	Route	more than 2 lanes	2 lanes	less than 2 lanes
hard surface, all weather	route, toute saison	plus de 2 voies	2 voies	moins de 2 voies
loose surface, all weather	de gravier, toute saison	plus de 2 voies	2 voies	moins de 2 voies
wagon, cart track	chemin de terre	plus de 2 voies	2 voies	moins de 2 voies
Railway, normal gauge	Chemin de fer, écartement normal	voie simple	voie double	voie simple
Depression contours	Courbes de coteurs	contour	contour	contour
Salt elevation, in feet	Hauteur de nivellement en pieds	2500	2500	2500
Power transmission line	Ligne de transport d'énergie	voie simple	voie double	voie simple



Établi en 1969, par la DIRECTION DES LEVÉS ET DE LA CARTOGRAPHIE, MINISTÈRE DE L'ÉNERGIE, DES MINES ET DES RESSOURCES, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.  
La déclinaison magnétique pour 1970 varie de 31°25' Est au centre de la limite Ouest à 32°10' Est au centre de la limite Est. Variation moyenne annuelle 3,8' Ouest.  
Corrections provisoires 1974

Town	Ville	Stream	Cours d'eau
Village or Settlement	Village ou hameau	intermittent or dry	intermittent ou à sec
Post office	Bureau de poste	Lake	Lac
Church	Église	Rapids or falls	Rapides; chutes
School	École	Marsh or swamp	Marais ou marécage
Lighthouse	Phare	Marine	Marine
Boundary monument	Borne frontière	Airport	Aéroport
Horizontal control point	Point géodésique	Seaplane base	Base d'hélicoptères

A. Large scale mapping, photogrammetric, 1968. Partially updated from 1969 provincial information.  
A. Cartographie à grande échelle, photogramétrique, 1968. Mise à jour partielle d'après des informations provinciales datant de 1969.

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