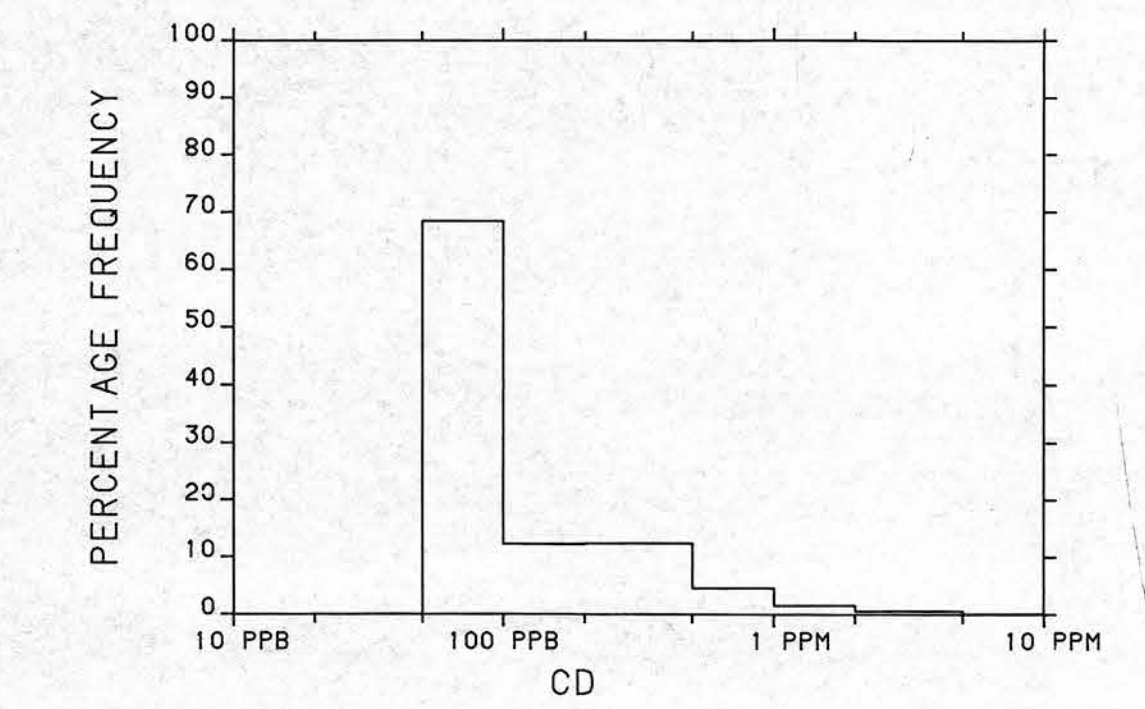
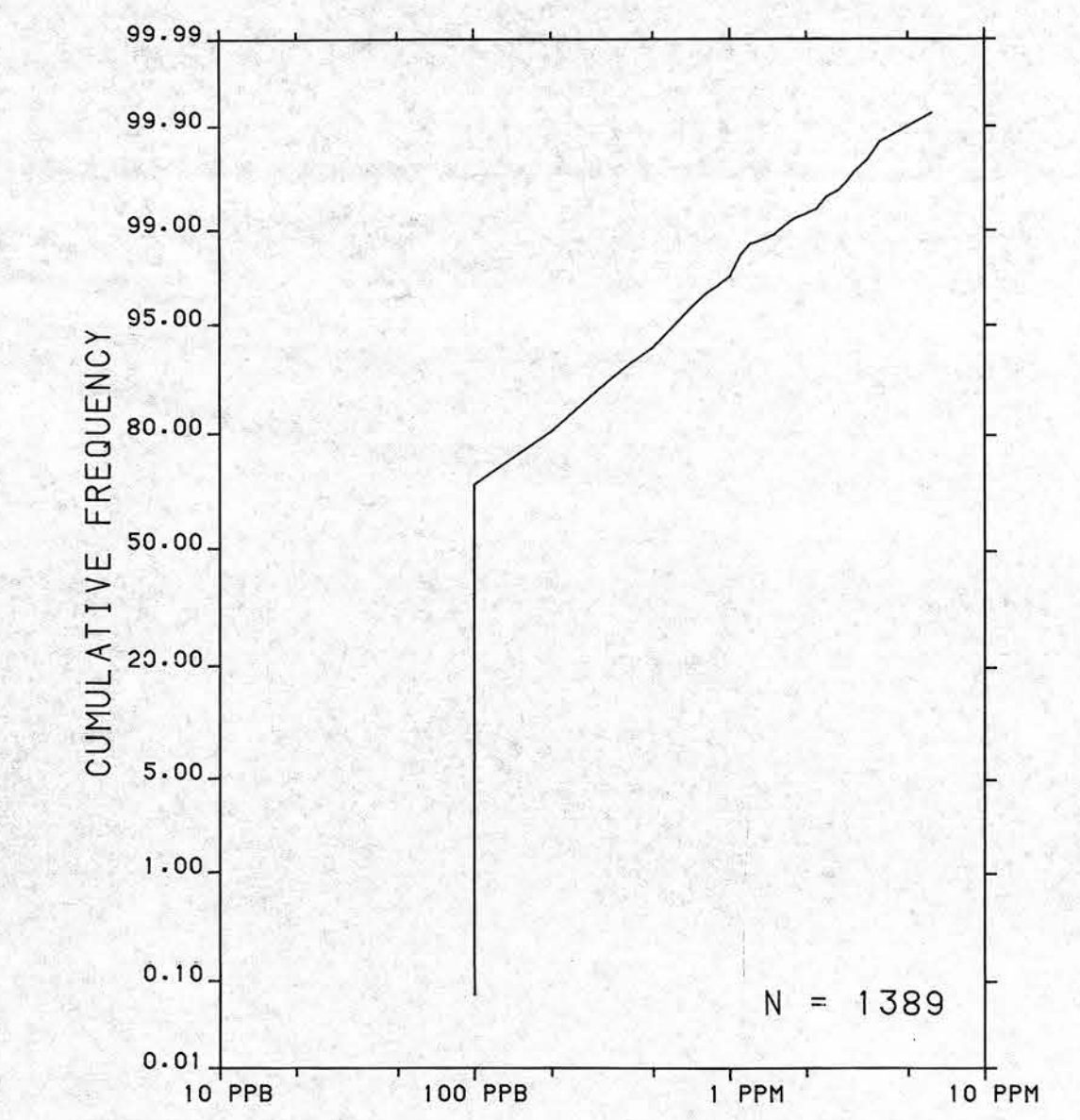
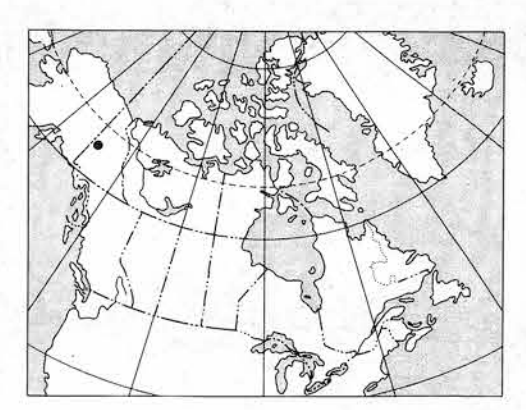
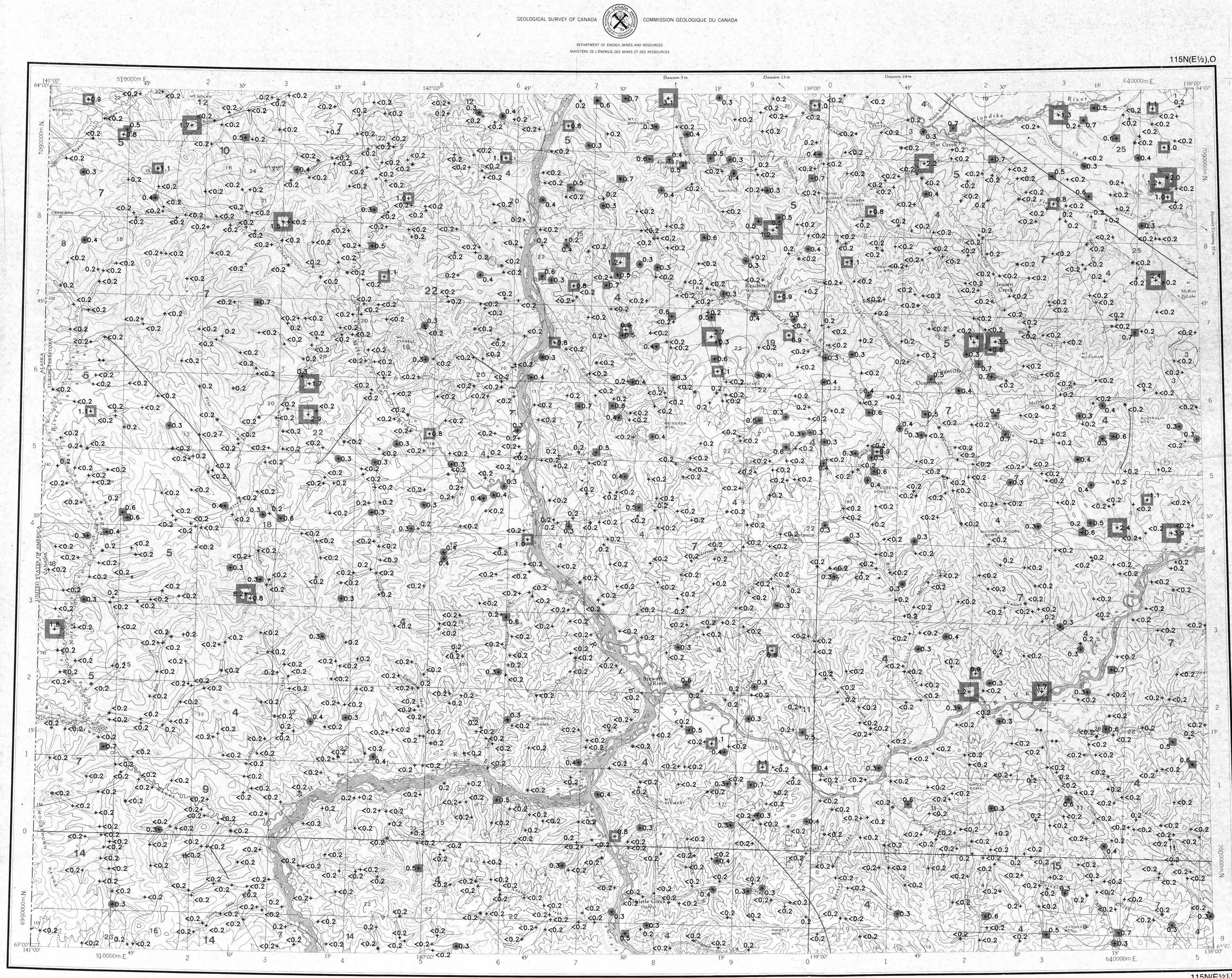


The regional geochemical trend map displayed above utilized a moving weighted average using an inverse distance function ($1/d^2$) to filter out minor irregularities and emphasize broad-scale regional features. Single point anomalies may be suppressed or eliminated, however, geological units which are chemically enriched, or large metallic deposits undergoing weathering would be expected to produce identifiable anomalies.



HISTOGRAM

| CONCENTRATION | FREQUENCY |
|---------------|------------------|
| 1.2 to 6.2 | N = 21 (1.5%) |
| 0.8 to 1.1 | N = 32 (2.3%) |
| 0.5 to 0.7 | N = 69 (5.0%) |
| 0.3 to 0.4 | N = 145 (10.4%) |
| <0.2 to 0.2 | N = 1122 (80.8%) |



Copies of map material and listings of field observations, analytical data and methods, from which the open file was prepared, are available from:
 K.G. Campbell Corporation
 880 Wellington St.
 Bay 238
 Ottawa, Ontario
 K1R 6K7

Digital data are available on IBM-PC compatible diskette from:
 Geological Survey of Canada
 Publications Distribution
 601 Booth St.
 Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0E8
 Tel.: (613)995-4342

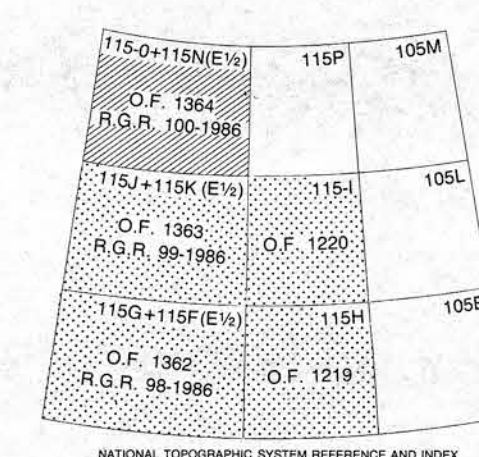
**CADMIUM (ppm)
 STREAM SEDIMENTS**
 GSC OPEN FILE 1364
 REGIONAL GEOCHEMICAL RECONNAISSANCE MAP 100-1986
 CANADA - YUKON
 SUBSIDIARY AGREEMENT ON MINERAL RESOURCES (1985-1989)
 STREAM SEDIMENT AND WATER GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY
 WESTERN YUKON, 1986

Scale 1:250 000 - Echelle 1/250 000

Elevation in feet above mean sea level

Base map at the same scale published by the Surveys and Mapping Branch in 1963

Mean magnetic declination 1987, 30°25' East, decreasing 13.5' annually. Readings vary from 30°25' E in the SE corner to 30°20' E in the NW corner of the map area



**CADMIUM (ppm)
 STREAM SEDIMENTS
 GSC OPEN FILE 1364
 WESTERN YUKON, 1986**

LEGEND

QUATERNARY

RECENT

- SELKIRK GROUP
- 26 RS 64* Basalt, andesite flows, breccia, tuff

PLEISTOCENE AND RECENT

- 25 QS 64 Glacial and surficial deposits

TERTIARY

- 24 TD 57 Diorite

OLIGOCENE AND MIOCENE

- 23 OMA 61 AMPHITHEATRE: Sandstone, conglomerate, shale, coal

CARMACKS GROUP

- 22 OMCV 61 Andesite, basalt, breccia
- 21 OMD 61 DONJEK: Tuff, breccia

OLIGOCENE

CARMACKS GROUP

- 20 OCS 60 Conglomerate, sandstone, shale

LOWER TERTIARY

- 19 ITS 58 Conglomerate, sandstone, shale
- 18 TVR 58 Rhyolite, quartz feldspar porphyry

EARLY TERTIARY

- ETF 57 Granite and syenite porphyry, rhyolite

CRETACEOUS

- 16 KY 52 Syenite, monzonite
- 15 KQM 52 Quartz monzonite, granodiorite; CASSIAR quartz monzonite, alaskite

TRIASSIC

- 14 TGDN 42 Foliated hornblende granodiorite, quartz

PALEOZOIC AND MESOZOIC UNDIVIDED

- 13 PMUB 40 Ultramafic rocks

PALEOZOIC UNDIVIDED

- 12 PN 09 NASINA: Graphitic quartzite, schist
- PC 09 Limestone
- 10 PTY 09 Chert, volcanic rocks, slate
- 9 PV 09 Greenstone, amphibolite
- 8 PQMN 09 Foliated muscovite quartz monzonite
- 7 PBDN 09 PELLY GNEISS: Foliated to gneissic granodiorite

PERMIAN

SKOLAI GROUP

- 6 PS 36 Andesite, basalt, ultramafics, pyroclastics, phyllite, chert, limestone, conglomerate

CARBONIFEROUS AND PERMIAN

- 5 CPS 35 Quartz - muscovite schist
- 4 CPSW 35 Schist, gneiss, includes BIG SALMON METAMORPHIC COMPLEX
- 3 CPUB 35 Serpentine, diorite, pyroxenite, peridotite

DEVONIAN

- 2 DC 25 Limestone, marble

ORDOVICIAN, SILURIAN AND LOWER DEVONIAN

- 1 OSDR 19 ROAD RIVER: Black graptolitic shale, chert

*A mnemonic code assigned to rock types and recorded as part of field observations.

Geological boundary
 Fault
 No analytical result
 Field duplicate sample sites

Geological base and legend are derived from:
 Gabrielse, H., Tempelman-Kluit, D.J., Blusson, S.L. and Campbell, R.B.
 (1980) Map 1398A, MacMillan River, Yukon - District of Mackenzie - Alaska, NTS Sheet 105, 115, Geological Survey of Canada, Energy, Mines and Resources Canada. 1:1 000 000 Scale.