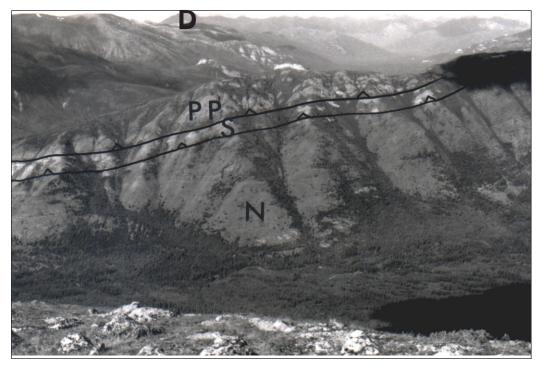


Figure 55. This view to the northwest across Scurvy Creek shows several repetitions of the Ketza group by the southern Big Salmon thrusts on the south side of St. Cyr syncline. The Scurvy member limestone (S) forms the light weathering resistant cliffs. These are separated by dark recessive intervals underlain by schist equivalent to the Pass Peak formation (PP). Dunite Mountain (D) is in the axis of the St. Cyr syncline.



**Figure 56.** The Moose thrust, and an imbricate slice above it, are seen in this westward view across lower Moose Creek valley in western Quiet Lake map area. In the footwall is dark grey graphitic quartzite of the Nasina formation (N), while the hanging wall contains a slice of marble, the Scurvy formation member (S), and schist equivalent to the Pass Peak formation (PP). The Big Salmon River valley is in the middle distance and Dunite Mountain (D) in the distance.