

R E P O R T

ON CARIBOU CREEK VEIN BULK TESTS FROM TRENCH

AND A PIT ON HOPE #1 MINERAL CLAIM Y21249

**N.S.T. MAP SHEET 115 I/6
U.T.M. COORDINATES ZONE 8**

BETWEEN A

NORTHING OF 6904 673 ADIT + 6904 638 TRENCH

EASTING OF 386 287 ADIT + 386 305 TRENCH

ELEVATION OF 993m ADIT + 1000.5M TRENCH

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DONE FOR: DARK MOTH MINES LTD.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. **Access**
2. **History**
3. **Control Survey**
4. **Claim Map Showing HOPE #1 Position on 115-I-6**
5. **Topographical Survey Map of HOPE #1**
6. **Location Map of Trench and Adit**
7. **Description of Work and Data on Drift**
8. **Description of Work and Data on Upper Trench**
9. **Front Vein of Portal in Rock Face**
10. **Section B-B of Adit**
11. **Section A-A of Trench**
12. **Pictures: A = Trench Site
 B = Compressor and Portal Site**
13. **Sample Data from Bulk Tests**
14. **Description of Sample Handling Process**
15. **Conclusion**

ACCESS

Access to the present site of the work done in this report is accomplished by turning West in Carmacks onto the Mount Freegold Road.

This road is followed to km 65. The road to the south is then taken another 3 km up to the left limit of Caribou Creek to the portal and trench site.

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HISTORY

The original prospecting leading to the discovery of the bedrock source on HOPE #1 was done by P.F. Guder & Associates in the early 30's, along the length of Caribou Creek.

These discoveries of quartz boulders containing visible gold lead to the source on the left limit hillside of Caribou Creek. This was located and staked in 1937 by W. Teare. In 1938, a gravity fed stamp mill was constructed and processed by Bostock's account, 14 ton to produce 84 ounces of gold. The vein became hard to follow due to faulting and the mill was moved to the Laforma Property during the winter of 1938-1939.

In 1988, Doron Explorations Ltd. optioned the ground and found the extension of this faulted off old showing. In this vein, high grade visible gold was found.

The following drill program found extensions to the north on a strike of 340 degrees. Some medium to high grade holes were intersected along this strike at a dip of around 50 degrees. One intersection graded 5.5 oz/ton over 1.3m at the 990m elevation. Enough holes hit on the drilling done that an open pit operation was planned, and partially carried out during 1990 - 1991.

The company went broke and ceased mining before any ore was mined.

In 1993, Doron gave up the option on the ground and Dark Moth Mines Ltd. negotiated an agreement with the original owners.

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CONTROL SURVEY

Most of the topographic features of the old drill pads and holes were excavated off the side of the hill from the open pit attempt.

The survey control was attained by tying into St-1865-2, St-1865-2 and DDH-88-2 where the drill casing was still there and undisturbed. The new topography that was surveyed in, showed that the high grade intersection of DDH-88-4, Hole #10 was still intact. This high grade section was 12m in and 3m down from the rock face on the present hillside.

This survey proved to be accurate and the vein was intersected.

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LOCATION MAP










OLD LOCATION OF
 DRILL PAD 88
 ADIT PORTAL

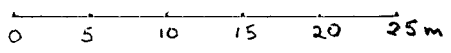
DDH 88-2

DDH 88-3

DDH 88-2

TRENCH

-  SLOPES
-  FLATS
-  ROADS
-  BUILDINGS + EQUIPMENT
-  UNDERGROUND
-  1988 DRILL HOLES
-  OLD WORKINGS ON VEIN EXTENSION
- A-A SECTIONS A-A + B-B
- B-B



DRIFT DESCRIPTION

The first stage of putting the drift in was done by trenching and blasting with a jack-leg and a hoe-bucket on an anchored-down air winch. With the small air winch, this proved to be too slow. I then drilled and blasted wide enough for the D-7 Cat to trench down. The Cat would backblade from the face then turn around and push the material out over the bank. We were trying to get down to the 990m mark to collar the portal, but this became impractical as it would have made the approach too steep. The 993m mark was the eventual drift bottom elevation.

Erich Stoll came in and we put in the portal and continued drifting with a jack-leg and mucking with a slusher to the mouth of the portal. From here, the Cat would backblade enough to turn around, then push the waste rock out over the bank. At 10m in the vein, hanging wall was seen in the floor of the drift. The foot wall of this quartz-chalcedony graphitic breccia showed in the drift floor at 11.4m. Another round was put through the foot wall to 12.6m, this passed through quartz-chalcedony veining, cataclastic intrusive, gouge and ended in an oxidized brown rhyolite.

High grade visible gold samples were found in the left hand side and floor of drift in a 6 inch to 9 inch band of breccia vein (graphitic) that contacted the white to smoky quartz of the footwall. This visible gold zone is coming up in the same ore shoot pattern that was seen in the vein extension of the upper trench.

A slash and round were taken on the north and south strike of the vein. Specks of VG could be seen all along the 6m of exposed vein, footwall. The contact showed the most VG, although some could be seen towards the hanging wall. The southerly extension of the vein widened to +12m, where as the northerly extent went to around 1m over this 6m of strike length.

The vein is coming up along a shear zone that was striking at 345 degrees and dipping at 50 degrees. There appears to be three different epochs in the formation of this vein.

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TRENCH DESCRIPTION

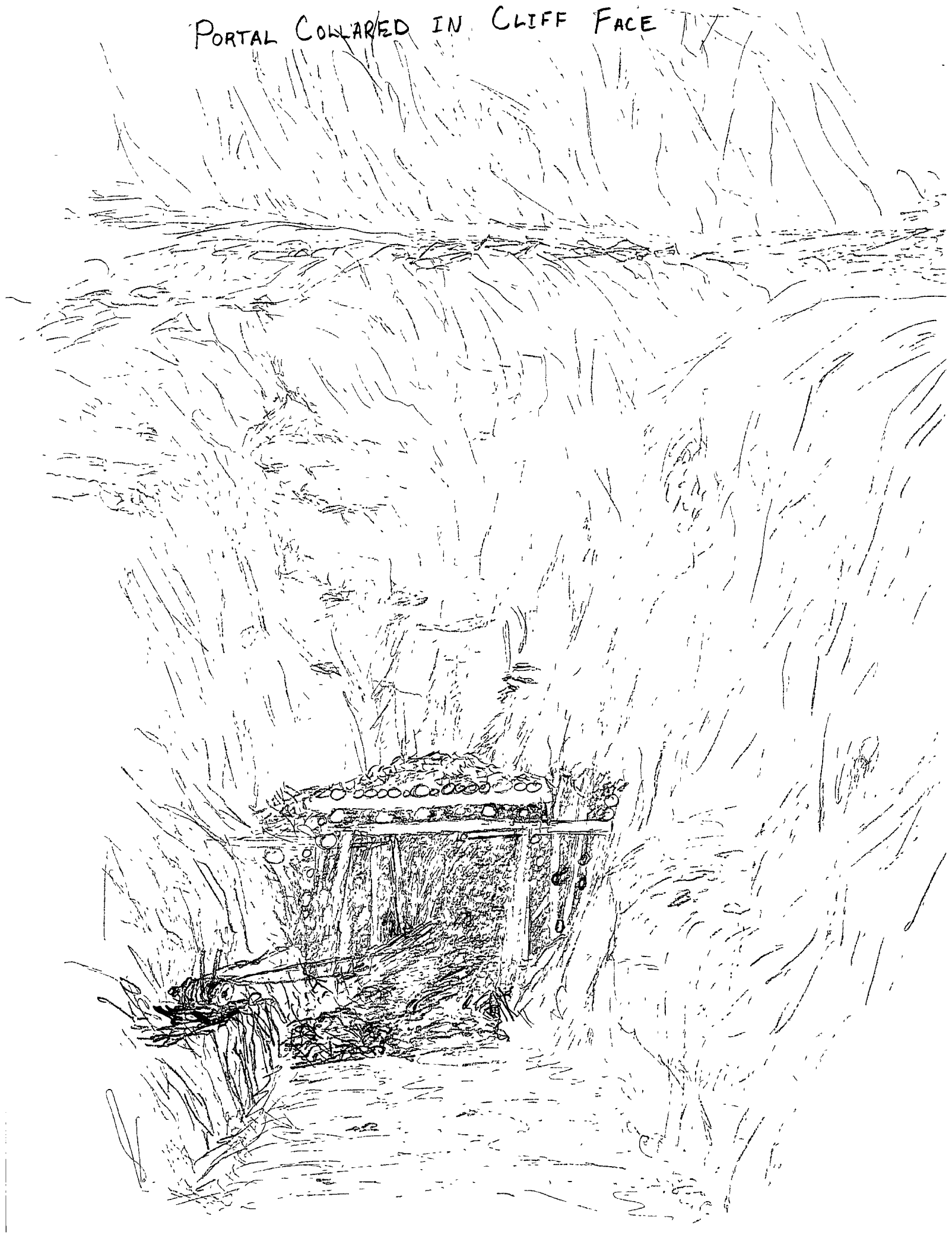
The trench was on an upper pinched-out extension of the gold bearing graphitic quartz-chalcedony silicified breccia. This vein was followed 2.5m down on a dip of 50 degrees and along a strike of 345 degrees.

This veining pinched off to nothing at an elevation of 1001m to the north and extended out under a pile of rubble on the hillside to the south at a width of 8 inches. The vein was dug out by hand on the top part. As we (Bill Harris and I) went down along the vein, the hanging wall was blasted and the vein picked to the 2.5m depth. Two zones of enrichment in which VG could be seen, were coming up along the footwall side of the vein in an ore shoot type structure. This shoot was coming up around 10 degrees off vertical along the strike-dip vein plane. They were about 4m apart in the 7m of exposed vein, which had a maximum width of 0.3m.

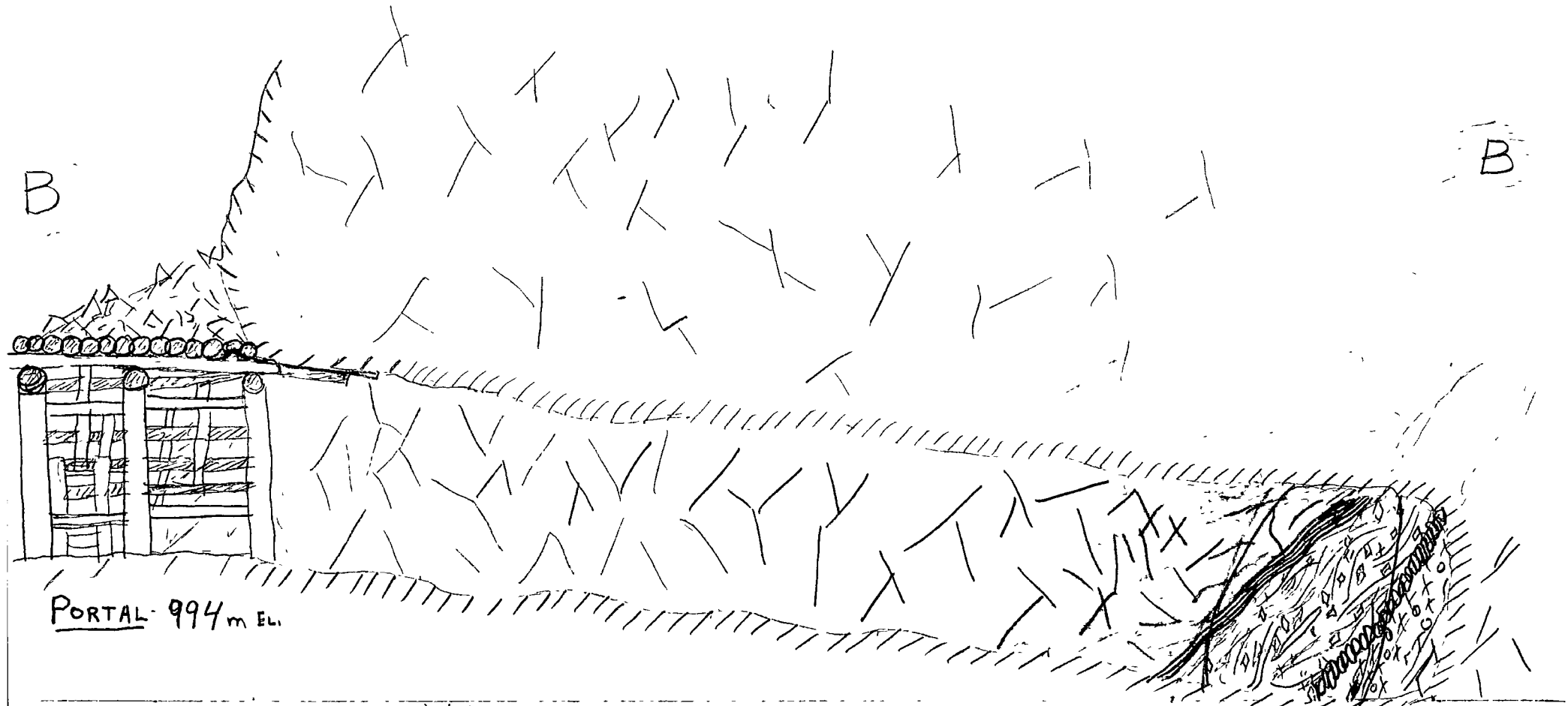
Approximately four ton of rock was picked and piled from this showing.

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PORTAL COLLARED IN CLIFF FACE





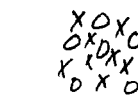

SECTION B-B ON DRIFT AND ORE ZONE INTERSECTION

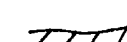
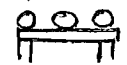


PORTAL 994m EL.

 CATACLASTIC INTRUSIVE W/ MINOR QUARTZ VEINING
 GRAPHITIC HOST UNIT W/ MINOR QUARTZ VEINING

 GRAPHITIC QUARTZ-CHALCEDONY BRECCIA ORE ZONE HIGHLY SILICIOUS
 HIGRADE VISIBLE GOLD ZONE OF VEIN FOOT WALL

 SILICIFIED, QUARTZ TO BRECCIATED CATACLASTIC INTRUSIVE W/ GREENISH BROWN RYOLITE
 BLACK, BROWN + GREEN GOUGE

 ROCK EDGE
 TIMBERING



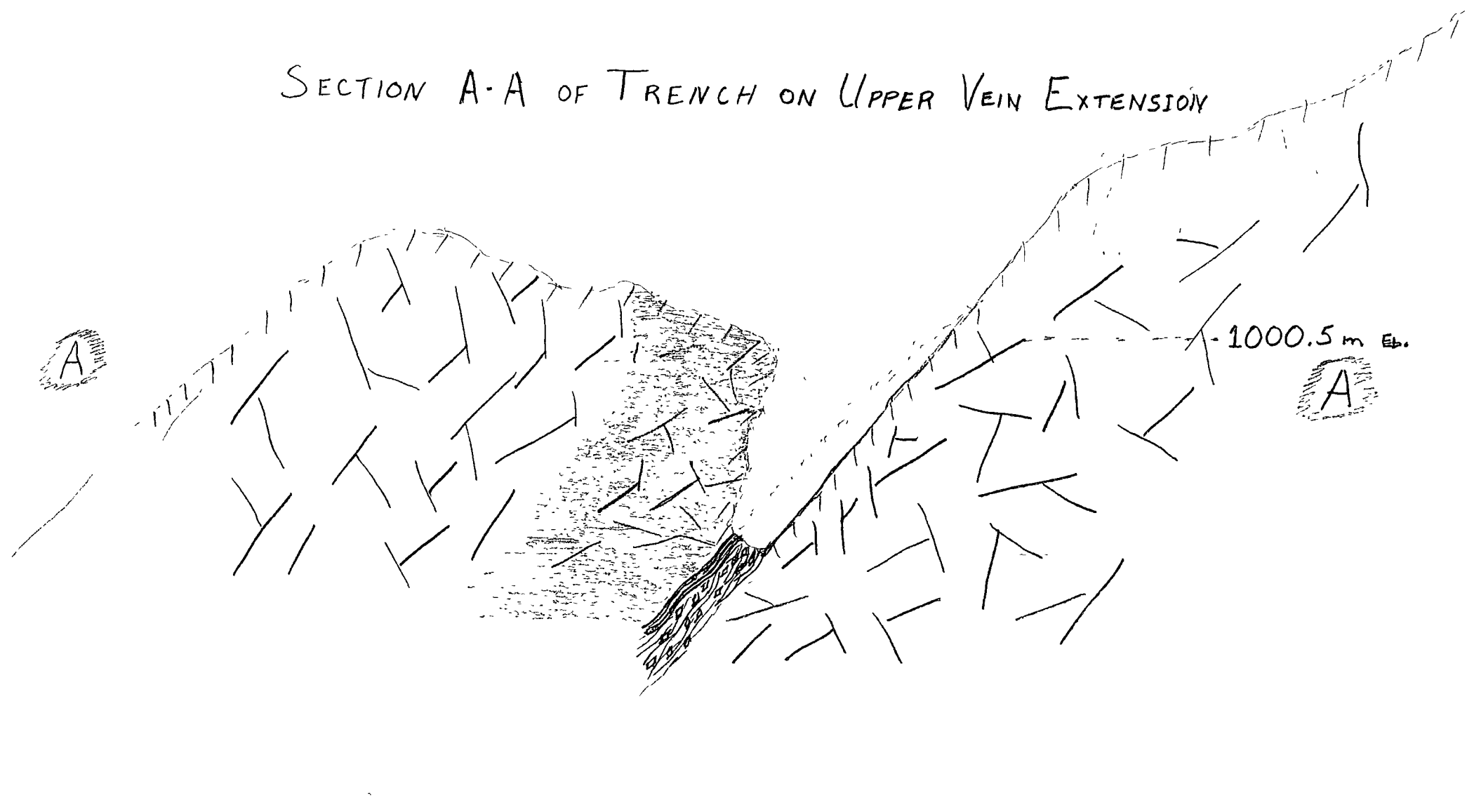
SECTION A-A OF TRENCH ON UPPER VEIN EXTENSION

A

1000.5 m Eb.

A

SAME KEY AS SECTION B-B





TRENCH ON VEIN LOOKING
NORTH



↑
COMPRESSOR SITE
LOOKING NORTH



PORTAL / DRIFT
LOOKING WEST

BULK TEST-SAMPLE DATA

SAMPLE I.D.	SAMPLE WEIGHT LBS.	RAW AU WEIGHT AT 85 FINE	AU / TON TROY OZ	SAMPLE POSITION	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
A	63 LBS.	1.23 OZ. TROY	33.19 OZ/TON	1m SOUTH ALONG VEIN FOOTWALL AND INTO BECCIA VEIN 0.3m. A DISTANCE OF 0.5m ALONG VEIN'S SOUTHERLY STRIKE 1m. TO 1.5m S. BRECCIA CONTACT ZONE	NUMEROUS SPECKS AND BLOTCHES OF VISIBLE GOLD CAN BE SEEN IN THIS HIGHLY SILICIOUS QUARTZ CHALCEDONY CONTACT ZONE
B	250 LBS.	0.50 OZ TROY	3.40 OZ/TON	1.5m MULTIVEINED VUGGY TO 3.4m SOUTH ALONG VEIN STRIKE FROM ADIT CENTER LINE	THERE WAS SPECKS MUCK OF VG SEEN IN THE PILE CAME FROM 1.5m HIGHLY GRAPHITIC FRACTURED BRECCIA.
C	300 LBS.	0.15 OZ. TROY	0.85 OZ/TON	UPPER TRENCH VEIN MATERIAL. THE SAMPLE WAS FROM EXPOSED LENGTH AND ENTIRE WIDTH OF 0.3m (-)	NO VISIBLE AU COULD BE SEEN IN THIS SAMPLE OF VEIN IT RANGED FROM HIGHLY SILICIOUS TO CLAY GOUGE.
D	400 LBS.	0.26 OZ. TROY	1.11 OZ/TON	NORTH DRIFT MUCK PILE. THE MUCK PILE CAME FROM 1.3m. TO 3.4m. N. FROM ADIT 0.5m INTO HANGING WALL ALONG N. STRIKE	THERE WAS THE ODD SPECK IN THIS 1.0m WIDE VEIN BLASTED OUT OF THE 2m WIDE DRIFT 0.5m INTO FOOT WALL

SAMPLE HANDLING PROCESS

The samples taken were smashed to 3" minus, which fit into the small jaw crushers being used. The material went from here at 1/4" minus into the ball mill. The batch ran for 1 hour with 63 lbs. in it; 3 hours with 250 lbs. in it; 2 hours with 150 lbs; and 2.5 hours with 200 lbs. to crush to around 35 mesh minus.

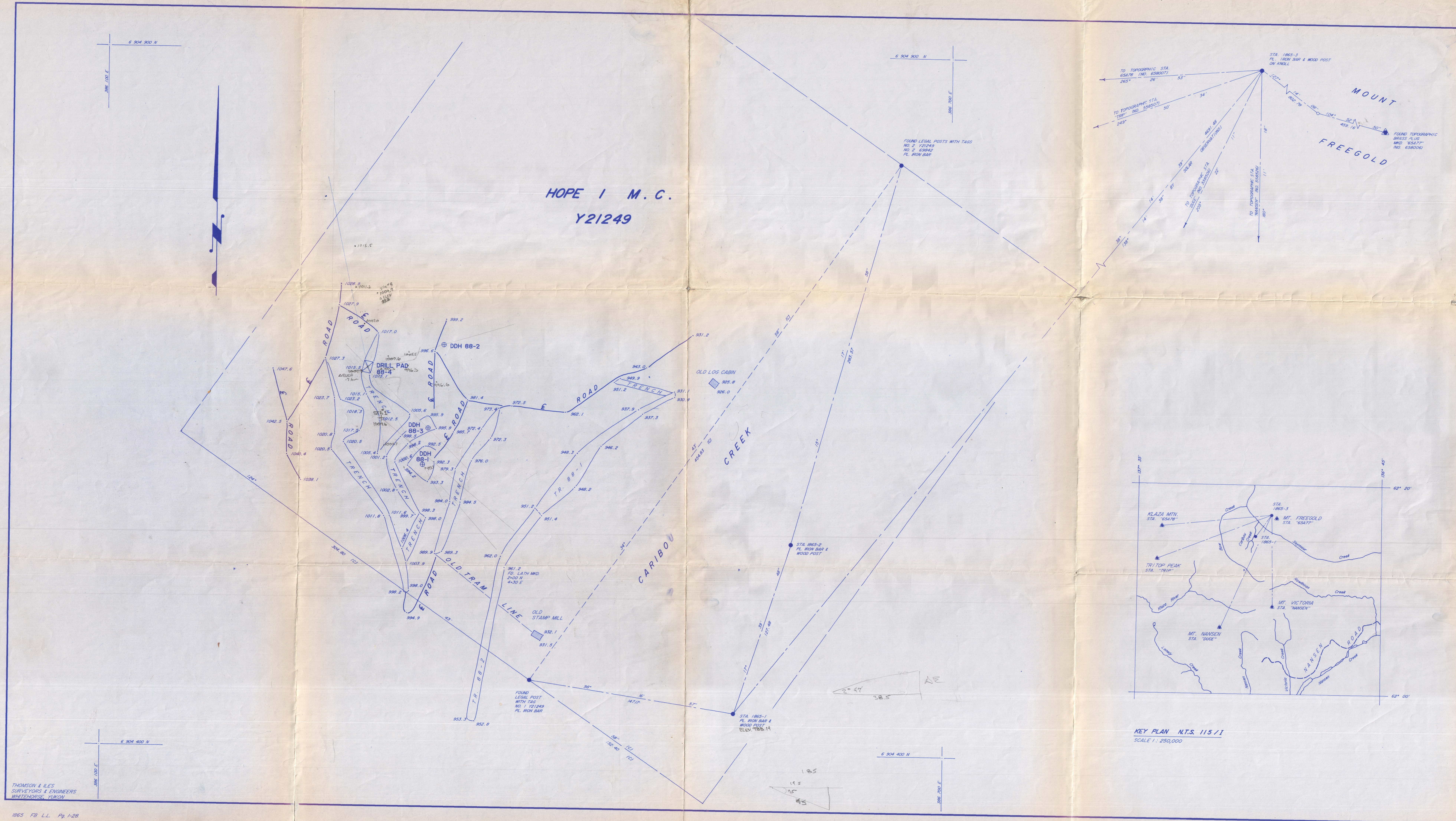
Once this was done, the material was run across a pulsating mechanical jig and then across a Diester Table. This concentrate was smelted into buttons. The tailings have some fine gold in them which will be assayed.

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CONCLUSION

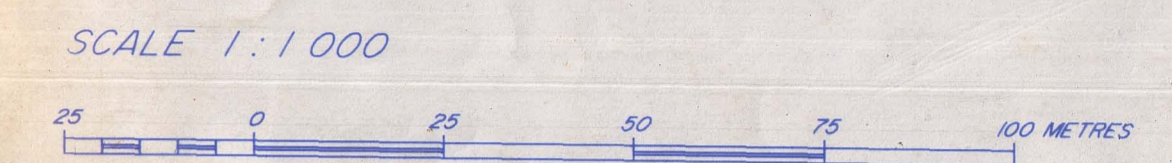
The widths of grade and strong veining that is coming up along this 345 degree North strike, 50 degree Dip shear, show promising tonnage and grade to make a small profitable mine, if done properly.

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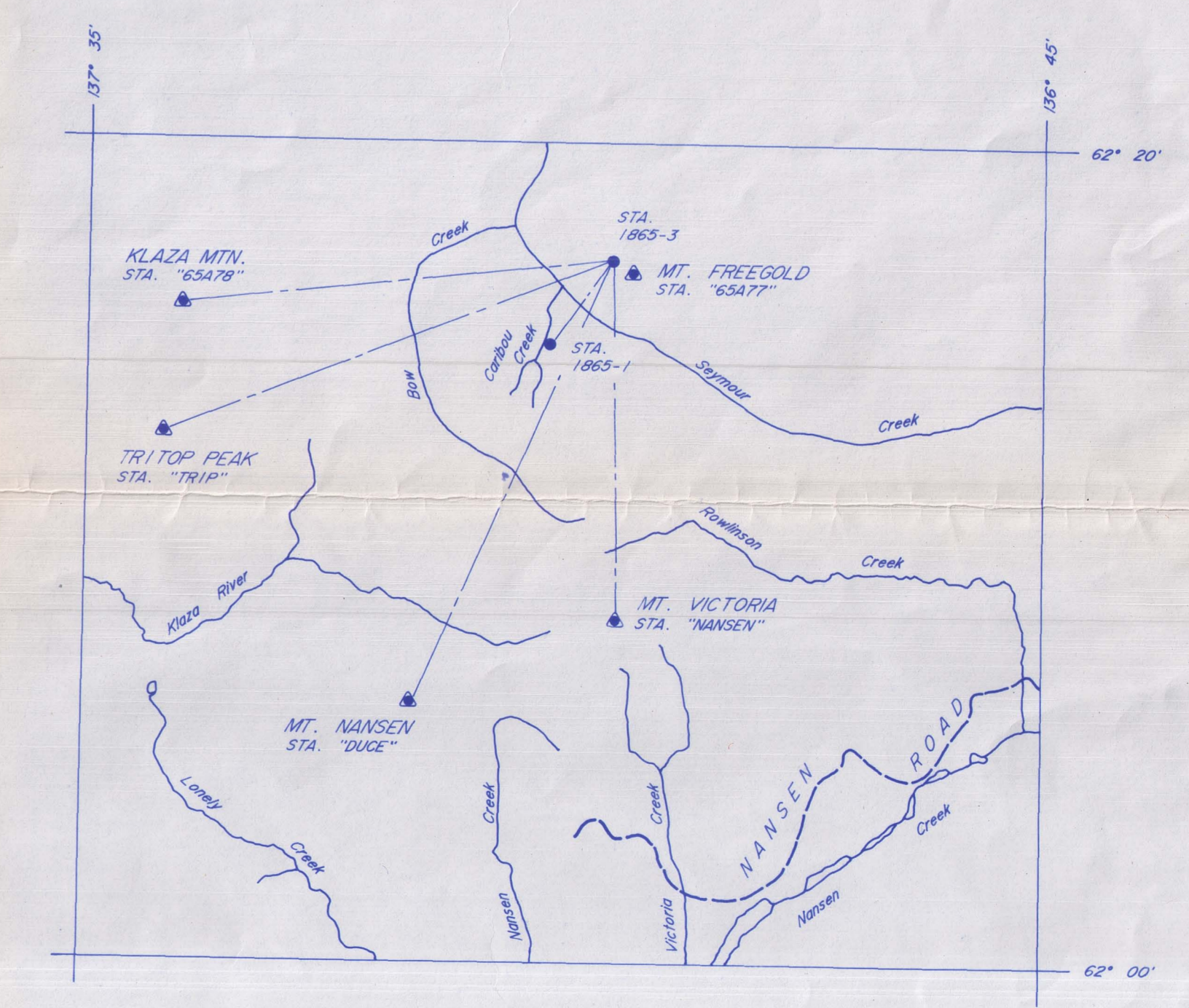
HOPE 1 M.C.
Y21249

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY OF
HOPE 1 MINERAL CLAIM (Y21249)
ON CARIBOU CREEK
MOUNT FREEGOLD AREA
N.T.S. MAP SHEET 115 I/6
YUKON TERRITORY



Bearings are astronomic, derived from topographic stations 65A77 and 65A78 and are referred to the central meridian of U.T.M. Zone 8, 135° West.
Distances are in metres and are horizontal at general ground level.
Elevations are in metres above sea level and were derived from topographic station 65A77.

U.T.M. COORDINATES ZONE 8 (1927 N.A.D.)			
STATION	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION
65A77	6307 508 67	330 536 04	1457.67
65A78	6306 575 86	370 132 32	1041.51
1685-1	6304 829 06	386 550 83	308.14
1685-2	6304 530 48	386 529 49	365.66
1685-3	6308 172 05	359 453 68	1413.43
NO. 1 Y21249	6304 430 25	376 405 25	317.35
NO. 2 Y21249	6304 821 89	386 884 89	315.59
DDH 88-1	6304 623 9	386 527 1	382.2
DDH 88-2	6304 630 0	386 340 9	397.3
DDH 88-3	6304 630 1	386 330 9	396.4
CENTRE OF DRILL PAD 88-4	6304 673	386 287	1015.0



KEY PLAN N.T.S. 115/1
SCALE 1:250,000

