## Summary of Work on the Mount Haldane Project, Yukon Territory

for

Yukon Mining Incentive Program Economic Development, Government of Yukon Box 2703, Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2C6

File # 03-071

by

J. Peter Ross, Prospector

NTS: 105 M/13 Latitude: 63° 50' N Longitude: 135° 50' W Dates Worked (2003): J. P. Ross: May 25, 27-31 June 1, 14 July 3, 5, 15-17, 19-24 Ron Berdahl: August 18, Sept. 31

Dated: December 2003

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter One:	SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
	1.1 Summary	3
	1.2 Recommendations	5
Chapter Two:	INTRODUCTION	
	2.1 Introductory Statement	18
	2.2 Location and Access	18
	2.3 History	18
Chapter Three	E GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY AND PROSPECTING	
-	4.1 Rock Geochemistry	19
	4.2 Soil Geochemistry	19
	4.3 Interpretation	

#### LIST OF FIGURES

Location Map	6
	7
Geology – Claim Map	8
Legend and Symbols	9
Soil Sample Locations (East)	10
Soil Sample Locations (West)	11
Soil Sample Locations (East) Previous Work, Lines 1-3	12
Soil Sample Locations (West) Previous Work, Lines 4-6	13
Rock Sample Locations	14
Soil Sample Locations 2003 (Au)	15
Soil Sample Locations 2003 (As)	16
Soil Sample Locations 2003 (Sb)	17
	Legend and Symbols Soil Sample Locations (East) Soil Sample Locations (West) Soil Sample Locations (East) Previous Work, Lines 1-3 Soil Sample Locations (West) Previous Work, Lines 4-6 Rock Sample Locations Soil Sample Locations 2003 (Au) Soil Sample Locations 2003 (Au)

#### **APPENDICES**

Appendix	1:	References
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- Appendix 2: Yukon Minfile References
- Appendix 3: Statement of Qualifications, J. Peter Ross
- Appendix 4: Rock Geochemistry Results
- Appendix 5: Rock Sample Descriptions
- Appendix 6: Soil Geochemistry Results

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#### **Chapter One: SUMMARY and RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### 1.1 Summary

The NUR 1-20 claims were staked and recorded by J.P. Ross of Whitehorse, Yukon on June 2, 2003. The FARA 1-12 claims were staked and recorded by Ron Berdahl of Whitehorse, Yukon on 19 August 2003. The CLARKSTON 1-12 claims were staked and recorded by Ron Berdahl on October 1, 2003. The FARA 1-12 and CLARKSTON 1-12 claims were transferred to J.P. Ross of Whitehorse, Yukon.

The Mt. Haldane area (NUR, FARA and CLARKSTON claim groups were chosen because:

- 1. The price of gold is up and there is more interest in intrusion hosted and related gold deposits.
- 2. Deposits in this area are comparable to the Fort Knox mine (Pairbanks, Alaska) and related deposits.
- 3. The geology of the project area is similar to the nearby Dublin Gulch gold deposit and the Wayne gold-tungsten occurrence.
- 4. The area is being actively explored (Wayne and Aurex) at present and success in drilling projects in 2003 will help other projects in the area.
- 5. A power line is 2 3 km. away and one can drive to the area on a rough 2 wheel drive road (old road to placer mines at Dublin Gulch).
- 6. Mike Burke, Don Murphy and Ken Galambos (Yukon Geological Survey) feel the area has a high potential for an economic mineral discovery.
- 7. The nearby Wayne and Aurex gold prospects sit in the hanging wall (upper schist of Precambrian and /or Paleozoic age (carbonaceous) of an extensive thrust (Robert Service thrust) and overhe younger rocks of the lower schist (Keno Hill Quartzite) with no carbonaceous zones. A series of stacked imbricated thrust blocks and NE and NW trending faults have mineralization. Deposit type is a skarn-replacement-quartz veined shear zone, distal to a Tombstone intrusion of Tertiary age.
- 8. Similar geology and conditions are thought to occur in the NUR, FARA and CLARKSTON claim group areas.
- Past work on the NUR claim area produced anomalous silts As (up to 1000 ppm), Sn (up to 20 ppm) and W (up to 100 ppm). Gold was not analysed. Soils returned up to 30 ppb Au and 1590 ppm As.
- 10. The NUR claim area had no placer gold but Jim McFaull says most of the gold is micron sized in the McQuesten Aurex area and did not produce a gold placer.
- 11. Aerial photos of the area show four linears in the NUR claim area (recessive, calcareous zones?). These were not observed on the ground.

- 12. Past work on the FARA, CLARKSTON claim area produced anomalous soils up to 85 ppb Au, 336 ppm As (lines at 150m intervals, lines at ± 1000m apart.
- 13. The soil samples were few and far apart and a detailed soil grid was felt to have a good chance of producing sizeable gold and arsenic anomalies similar to the Wayne/Aurex Au occurrences.

On the NUR claims J.P. Ross took 93 soil samples

Summary of Soil Sample Results (Au, As, Sb)

# of samples	Values (Au)
57	9 ppb Au or less
23	10 – 19 ppb Au
13	20 – 63 ppb Au

# of samples	Values (As)
54	499 ppm As or less
24	500 – 999 ppm As
9	1000 – 1999 ppm As
6	2000 – 9785 ppm As

# of samples	Values (Sb)
71	2.9 ppm Sb or less
10	3 – 4.9 ppm Sb
12	5 – 11.1 ppm Sb

On the NUR claims and surrounding area J.P. Ross took 11 float samples. The best assayed 7 ppb Au and 5281 ppm As.

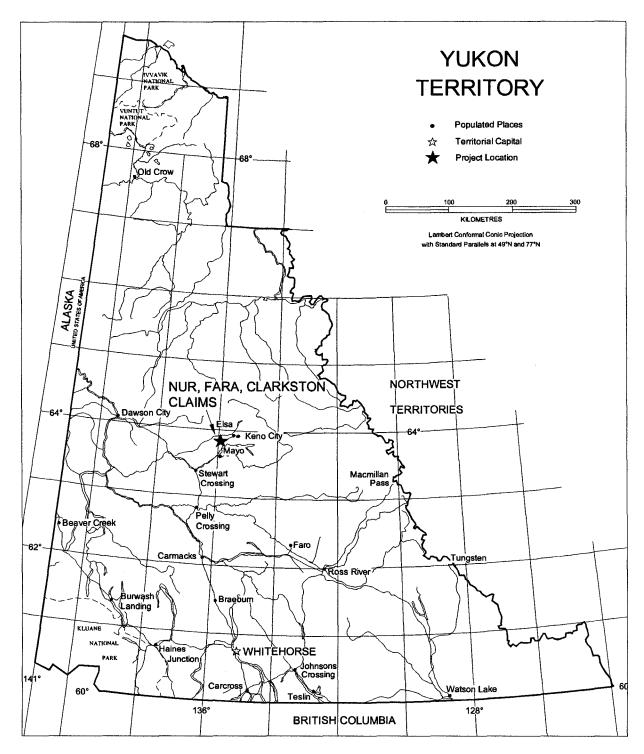
No work was done on the FARA - CLARKSTON claim groups.

#### **1.2 Recommendations**

All 44 claims will be kept. The results were very encouraging.

Future work should include a soil grid on the FARA – CLARKSTON claim groups. Claims should be staked to the NW and SE of the NUR claim group. A tighter soil grid should be done in between lines EN, DN, CN, BN and AN plus soil samples to the west of line EN.

Tighter grids around high Au As anomalous areas and prospecting should be done to produce targets for trenching and/or drilling.



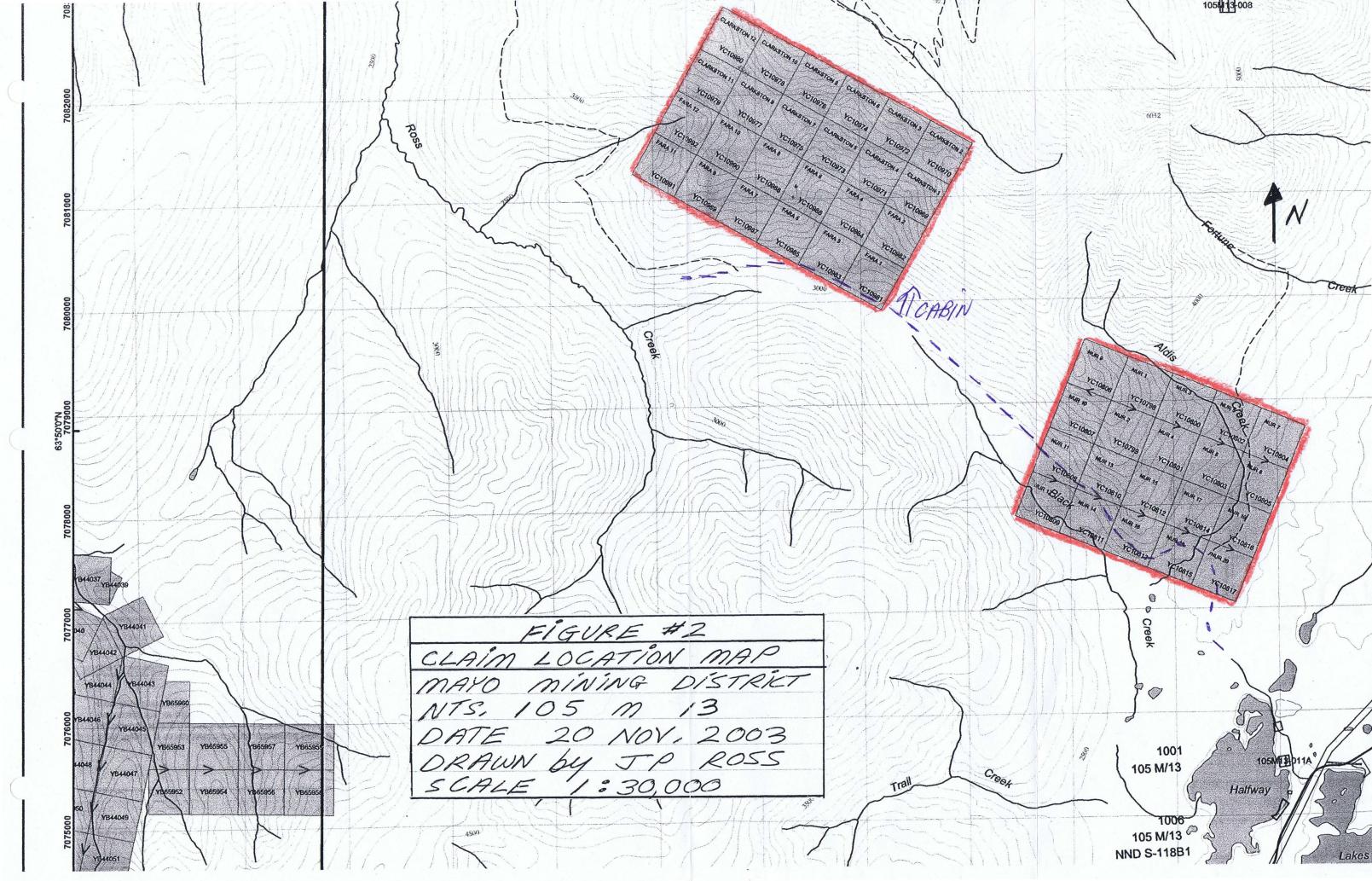


J. Peter Ross

## LOCATION MAP MT. HALDANE PROJECT

Geological Drafting Services, January 2004

FIGURE 1



## GEOLOGICAL LEGEND

Early - Late Cretaceous

KHQ Keno Hill Quartzite Quartzite and minor phyllite

Mississipian

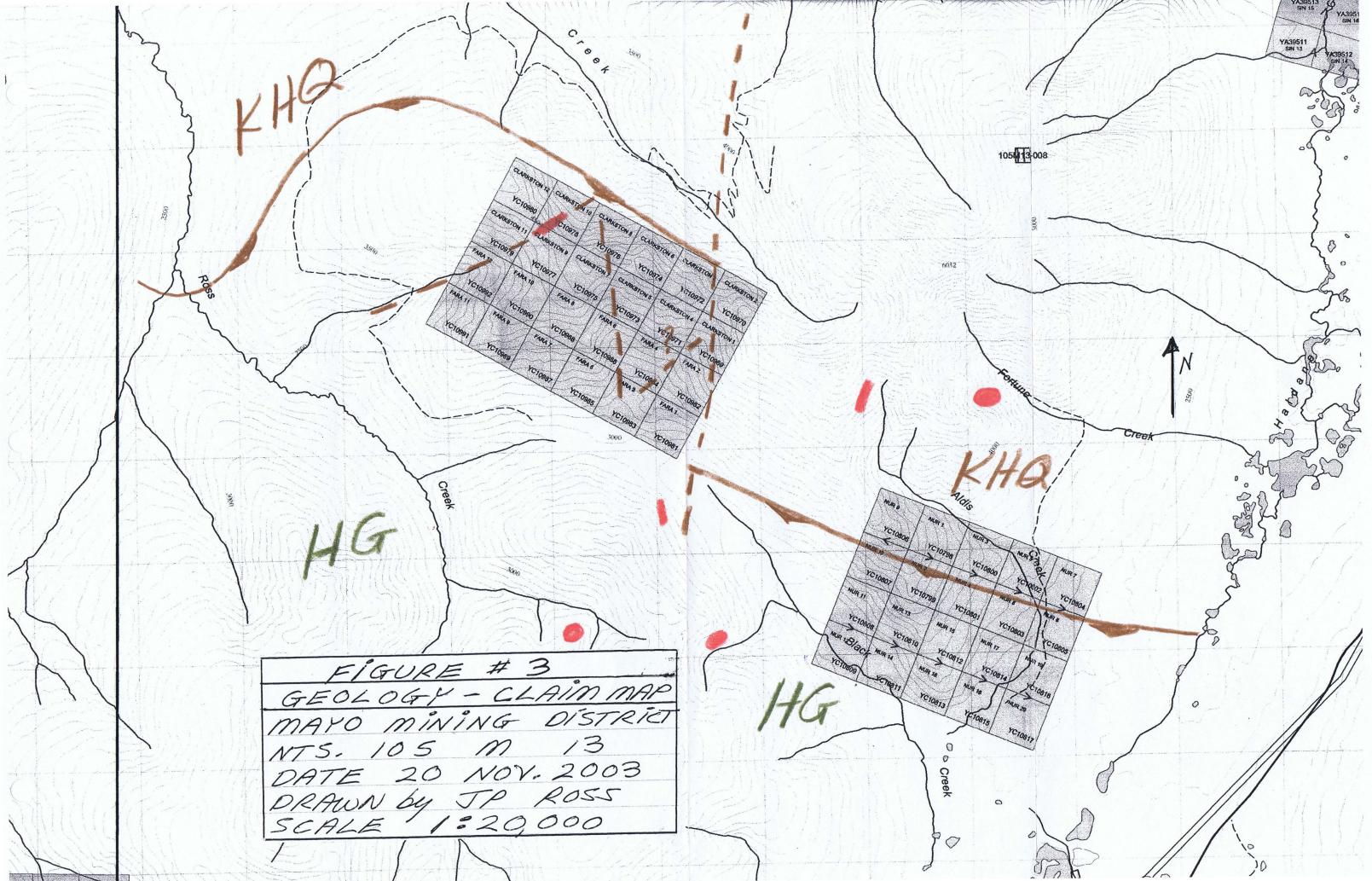
HG Hyland Group "Calcareous" metasediments (upper Proterozoic)

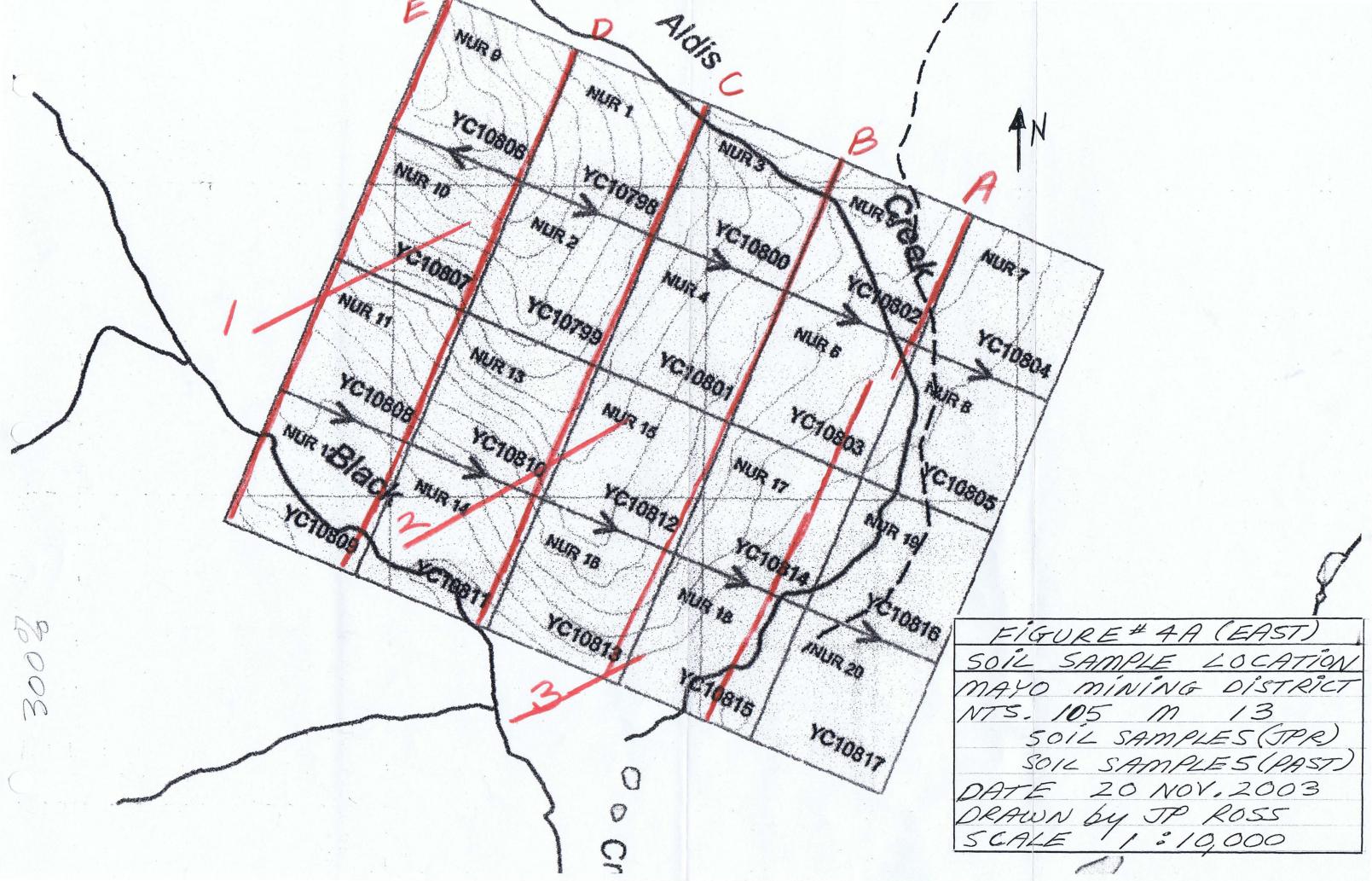
> Thrust fault contact (teeth on hanging wall)

High angle fault

Tombstone Intrusions: Dykes, sills and small plugs of aplite and granite

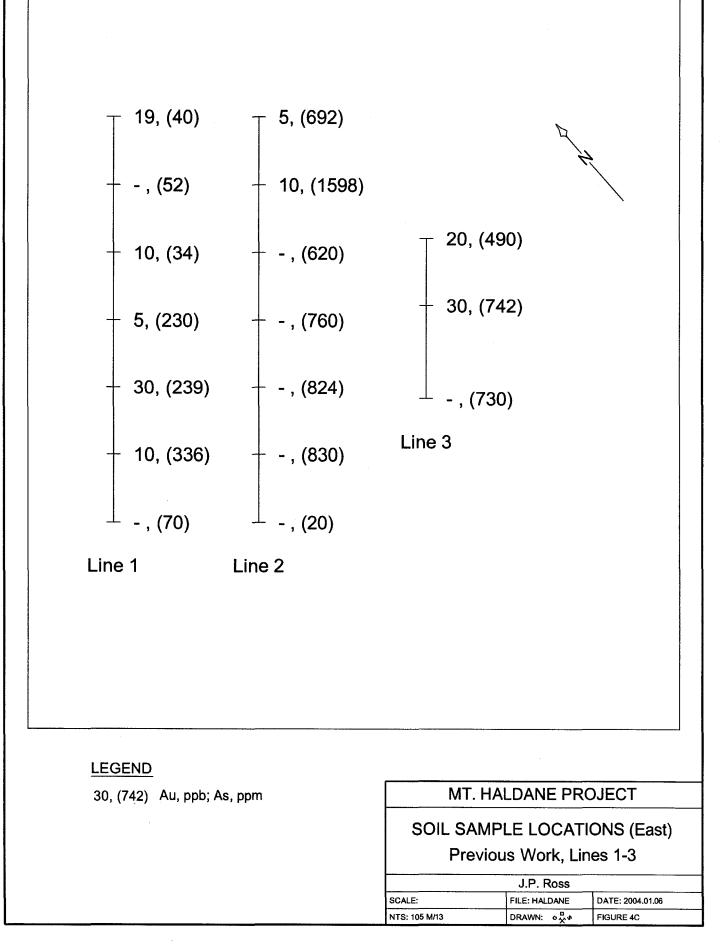
MT.	HALDANE PR	OJECT							
LEGEND and SYMBOLS									
	J.P. Ross								
SCALE:	FILE: HALDANE	DATE: 2004.01.07							
NTS: 105 M/13	DRAWN: OX	FIGURE 3A							

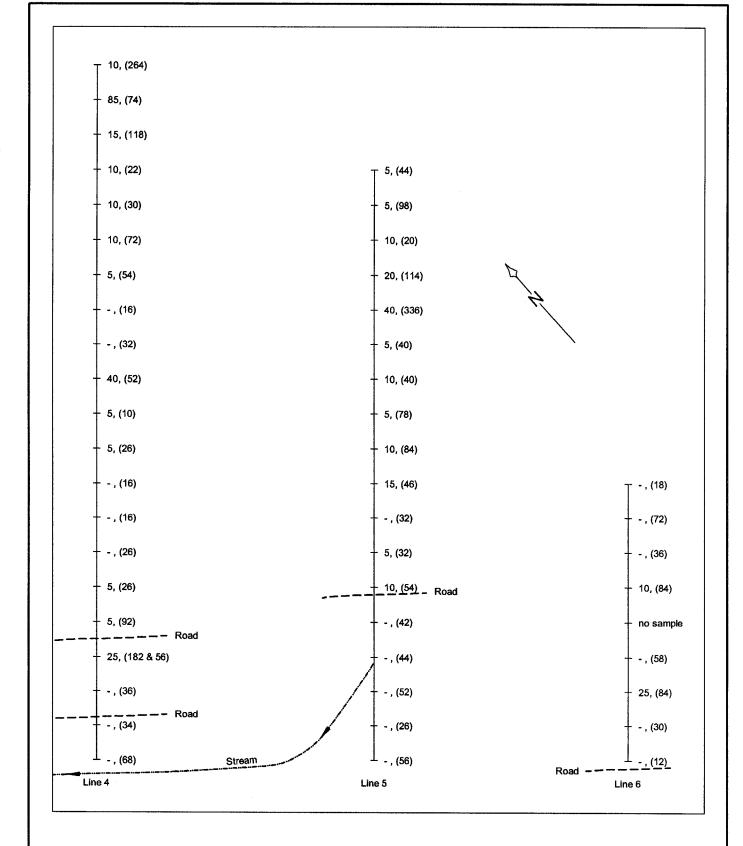




CLARASION 12 CLARASIONS CLARASIONS CLARASIONS CLARASIONS CLARASIONS 2300 CLARKSTON 117 CLARMSTONS CLARMSTONS CLARMSTONS CLARMSTONS CLARMSTONS YC10978 3Stri FARA IR Ross POTO992 VC10980 CALE O PC10001 PC 0969 YC10886 Chay 5 \*C10883 Pc10984 Frien o YC10985 PC10983) 3000 FIGURE#4B (WEST, SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION UNNE MAYO MINING DISTRICT NTS. 105 M 13 SOIL SAMPLES (PAST) DATE 20 NOV. 2003 ORAWN by JP ROSS SCALE 1:15,000 3000







LEGEND

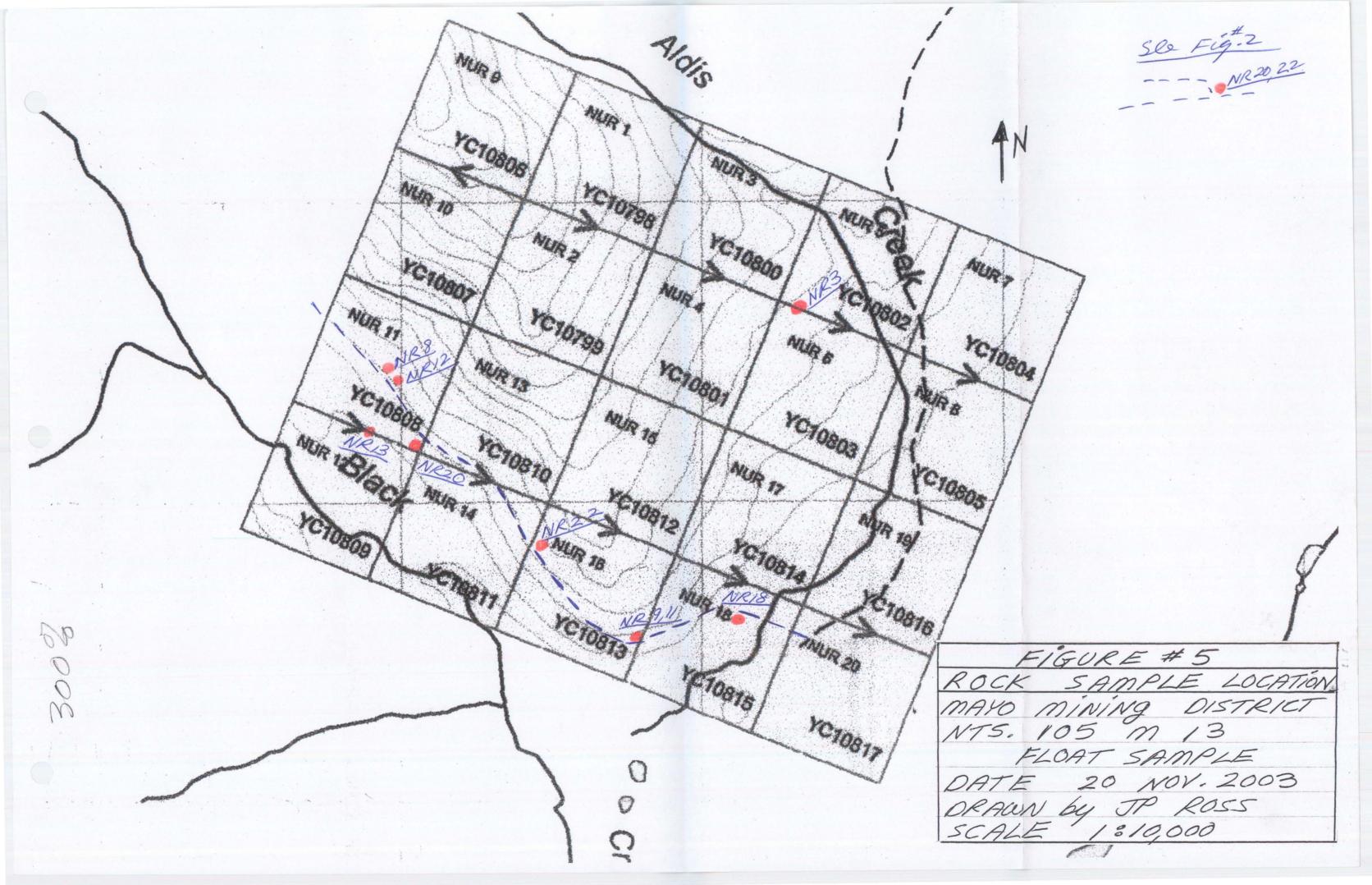
85, (74) Au, ppb; As, ppm

MT. HALDANE PROJECT

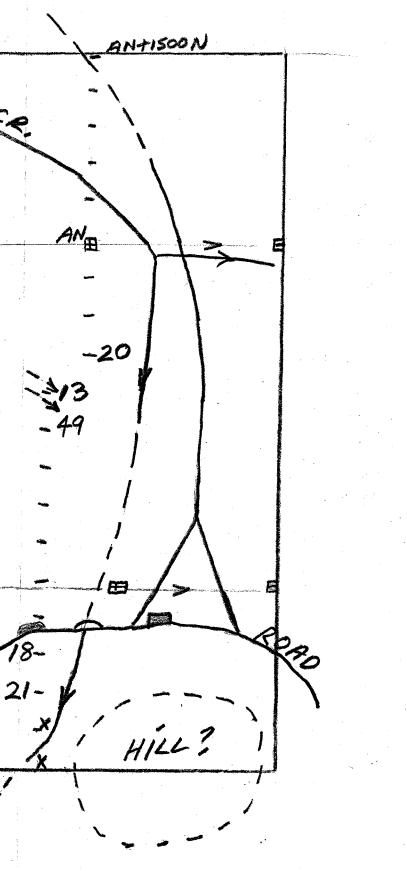
## SOIL SAMPLE LOCATIONS (West)

#### Previous Work, Lines 4 - 6

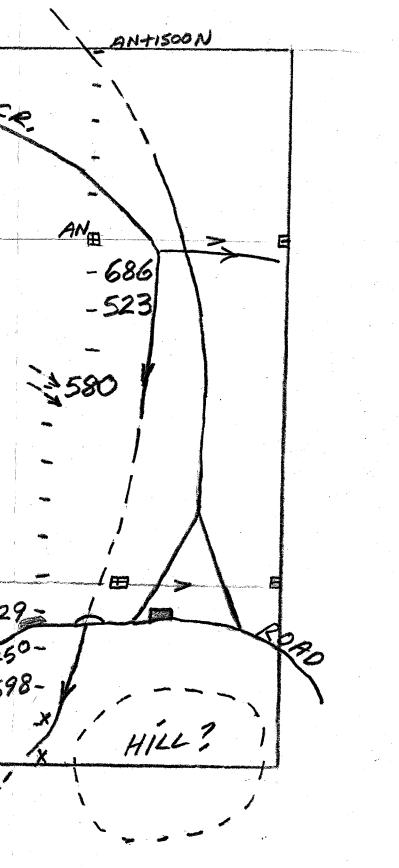
	J.P. Ross	
SCALE:	FILE: HALDANE	DATE: 2004.01.07
NTS: 105 M/13	DRAWN: or	FIGURE 4D



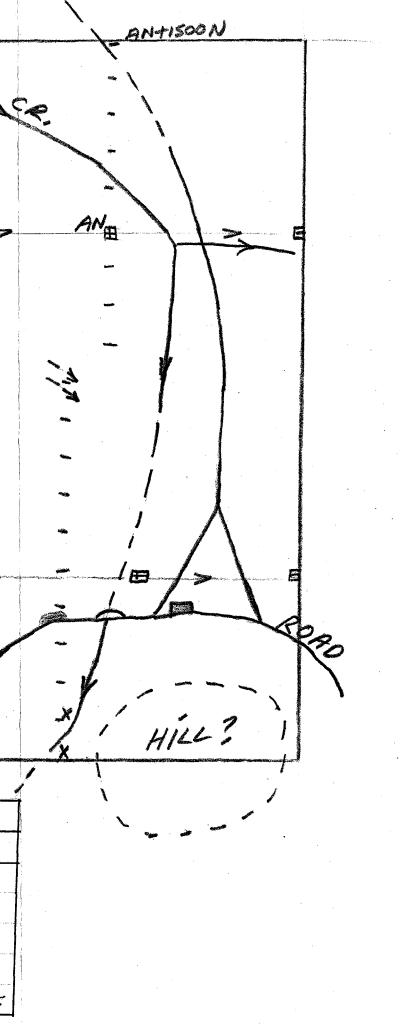
EN+1500N 36 27 18 ALOIS CR. -22 24 -21 21 RN - 10 EN-= 19 < DN 18  $N_{\rm m}$ -57 -13 12 -11 -10 -12 -14 -23 -// -29 EN+ 2700 5 715 -13 - 13 -63 -23 -15 -16 2 ACK × EN + 4208 16 FIGURE #6 SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION (AU) MAYO MINING DISTRICT NTS 105 M 13 -49 = PPBGOLD (+10 PPB) DATE 20 NOV 2003 DRAWN by JPROSS SAMPLES (300 APART-ON CLAIN LINES)



EN+1500N 610 REC.S. C.R. -1614 - 672 RN -610 EN-1927 < DN 1 521 > CNE - 9785 -651 -1734 740 - 687 -1801 1021 - 1100 -3956 724 -1591 -751 -4991 405 - 983 991 - 521 EN+ -602 27005 31648 > -2010 529--502 1750--2262 -766 598--1644 2361-BLACK -562 -X EN 935 + 42003 FIGURE #7 SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION (AS) MAYO MINING DISTRICT NTS 105 13 M -1733 = PPM ARSENIC (+ SOOPPM) DATE 20 NOV 2003 · DRAWN by JPROSS SAMPLES (300 APART-ON CLAIMLINES



EN+1500N RLOIS CR. -4.1 RN - 4.6 -5.9 < DN 15,8 > EN-B CNB 5.5 - 5.6 - 5.8 3.1 - 5,4 - 6.0 3.1 -11.1 - 3.5 EN+ 27005 3.7 Ma - 9.3 -7.8 - 4.4 4.1 - 3,3 ~3.8 RIACK -X ` +420g FIGURE#8 SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION (SL) MAYO MINING DISTRICT NTS. 105 M 13 -4 = PPM ANTIMONY (+3 PPM) DATE 20 NOV 2003; DRAWN by JP ROSS SAMPLES (300' APART-ONCLAIMLINES



#### **Chapter Two: INTRODUCTION**

#### 2.1 Introductory Statement

On the dates May 25, 27 - 31 and June 1, 14 and July 3, 5, 15 - 17, 19 - 24, 2003, J.P. Ross staked and recorded claims and took soil samples and float samples on the claims. May 25, June 14, July 3 and July 29 were travel days for J.P. Ross.

The FARA 1-12 claims were staked on August 31, 2003 and recorded on September 15, 2003 by Ron Berdahl of Whitehorse, Yukon. The CLARKSTON 1-12 claims were staked on September 18, 2003 and recorded on September 19, 2003 by Ron Berdahl of Whitehorse, Yukon. The FARA 1-12 and CLARKSTON 1-12 claims were transferred to J.P. Ross of Whitehorse, Yukon.

Eleven (11) float rock samples were taken and tested by fire assay Au (30g) and 30 element ICP-MS.

Ninety-three (93) soil samples were taken and tested by 37 element ICP-MS (15g), Au detection was 0.2 ppb.

Float sample locations were marked with red flagging. Soil samples were taken along the claim lines (between the #1 and #2 posts) at 300 foot intervals. Claim posts were used as locations for AN, BN, CN, DN and EN sample sites. All were marked with blue and yellow flagging and a lathe with an aluminum tag attached was hammered into the ground near the sample site. At 75, 150, and 225 feet a red tape was placed for alignment. The samples were taken by hand-powered soil auger and the depth of hole and conditions were noted.

#### 2.2 Location And Access

The NUR 1 – 20 claims are located in the Mayo Mining District, N.T.S. 105 M/13, latitude  $63^{\circ}$  50' N, longitude  $135^{\circ}$  50' W. The FARA 1 – 12 claims and CLARKSTON 1 – 12 claims are located at latitude  $63^{\circ}$  51' N, longitude  $135^{\circ}$  54' W in the Mayo Mining District, N.T.S. 105 M/13.

The claims are approximately 27 km north of Mayo. One drives on an all-season 2 wheel drive gravel highway to Halfway Lakes, where one turns left. A rough unmaintained road (old road to Dublin Gulch gold placer mines) is present here. It is 2.0 km to the edge of the NUR claims and the road goes through the NUR claims another 4.0 km to the edge of the FARA claims (where an old, but still used trappers cabin exists). After this the old road is impassable and one must walk. A power line goes by Halfway Lakes.

#### 2.3 History

The area to the north has been explored for Ag Pb mineralization and has underground workings. Tin, tungsten and gold exploration has taken place in the area as well with no "obvious" or "documented" success.

A small amount of gold placer mining has taken place on Ross Creek to the west.

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Ron Berdahl staked and recorded the FARA 1-12 claims on the  $19^{th}$  of August and the CLARKSTON 1 – 12 claims on October 1, 2003. The FARA and CLARKSTON claims were transferred to J.P. Ross.

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#### 2.2 Location And Access

The NUR 1 – 20 claims are located in the Mayo Mining District, N.T.S. 105 M/13, latitude 63° 50' N, longitude 135° 50' W. The FARA 1 – 12 claims and CLARKSTON 1 – 12 claims are located at latitude 63° 51' N, longitude 135° 54' W in the Mayo Mining District, N.T.S. 105 M/13.

The claims are approximately 27 km north of Mayo. One drives on an all-season 2 wheel drive gravel highway to Halfway Lakes, where one turns left. A rough unmaintained road (old road to Dublin Gulch gold placer mines) is present here. It is 2.0 km to the edge of the NUR claims and the road goes through the NUR claims another 4.0 km to the edge of the FARA claims (where an old, but still used trappers cabin exists). After this the old road is impassable and one must walk. A power line goes by Halfway Lakes.

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## **Chapter Three: GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY and PROSPECTING**

#### 3.1 Rock Geochemistry

The best rock sample was 7 ppb Au, 4.27% Fe and 5281 ppm As.

#### 3.2 Soil Geochemistry

Ninety-three (93) soil samples were taken. The best gold value was 63 ppb Au; 23 samples were 10-19 ppb Au, 13 were >20 ppb Au.

The best arsenic value was 9785 ppm As; 24 were 500 - 900 ppm, 9 were 1000 - 1999 ppm and 6 were >2000 ppm As.

The best antimony value was 11.1 ppm; 10 were 3 – 4.9 ppm, 12 were >5 ppm.

#### 3.3 Interpretation

There is a strong correlation between Au and As anomalies; weak for Au and Sb. Rock NR3, As 5281 ppm and Fe 4.27%, was "wad" and probably coming from a thrust fault.

Numerous gold – arsenic or gold trends are present up to 2000 yards (1800m) long and open in both directions. Deep ground to the east may "mask" anomalous areas. Permafrost was observed at AN+1200S, so the AN line was moved over.

The results from 2003 and past work show that mineralization similar to the Wayne – Aurex Au occurrences is present on the NUR claims.

Past soil sample results on the FARA and CLARKSTON claims produced Au (low As) anomalies.

The NUR, FARA and CLARKSTON claims have potential to host long narrow Au replacement (skarn) deposits and mineralization along faults.

More work, staking more claims and doing more soil sampling is warranted here. The results are very encouraging and a few companies have expressed an interest in the claims. Hopefully the claims will be optioned before the 2004 exploration season.

## **Appendix 1**

#### **References**

Assessment Report 090325, Geochemical Report (Joumbira group), 105 M/13 (1972) by A. Woodsend.

Assessment Report 090325, Geochemical Report (Joumbira group), 105 M/13 (1981) by B. Paul, D. Rota

Assessment Report 092785 Report on the 1989 geochemical assessment work on the Joumbira and Lookout claims, 105 M/13 (1989) by R. Hulstein

Assessment Report 094179, Assessment Report describing the gold mapping and geochemical surveys on the Black Property 105 M/13 (2000) by T.C. Becker

Yukon MINFILE 105M 029 Wayne

Yukon MINFILE 105M 031 Strebchuk

Yukon MINFILE 105M 032 Mt. Haldane

Yukon MINFILE 105M 056 Sundown

Geoscience Map 1996-4. Geological Map of Mt. Haldane area, Yukon 105 M/13. J.A. Hunt, D.C. Murphy, C.F. Roots, W.H. Poole

Expatriate Resources and Stratagold press release December 2002, p.2

#### Personal Communication

Ken Galambos, Mineral Development Geologist, Yukon Geological Survey Don Murphy, Senior Project Geologist, Yukon Geological Survey Mike Burke, Staff Geologist, Yukon Geological Survey Charlie Roots, GSC Research Scientist, Yukon Geological Survey Jim McFaull, Geologist (Aurex occurrence) Roland Ronaghan (ex-mining recorder, Mayo Mining District)

## Appendix 2

Yukon Minfile References

MINFILE: 105M 029 PAGE: 1 of 4 UPDATED: 4/23/2002

#### YUKON MINFILE YUKON GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WHITEHORSE

MINFILE: 105M 029 NAME: WAYNE STATUS: OPEN PIT PAST PRODUCER TECTONIC ELEMENT: SELWYN BASIN DEPOSIT TYPE: PLUTONIC RELATED AU NTS MAP SHEET: 105M\13 LATITUDE: 63° 53' 0" N LONGITUDE: 135° 40' 44" W

**OTHER NAME(S):** MCQUESTEN **MAJOR COMMODITIES:** GOLD, LEAD, SILVER, ZINC **MINOR COMMODITIES:** BISMUTH **TRACE COMMODITIES:** 

#### **CLAIMS (PREVIOUS & CURRENT)**

#### ALBERTA, LAKEHEAD, MARY, WAYNE, YUKON

#### WORK HISTORY

Staked in Sep/55 by G. Rich as the Wayne cl (62902), which were partially overstaked by J. Strebchuk in Jul/56 as the Alberta cl (62998) and in Sep/56 as the Yukon cl (80078). L.T. Chisholm purchased 50% of the Wayne cls in Jul/64. The Alberta group was optioned by Rio Plata Silver Mines Ltd in 1962 and explored by bulldozer trenching and 76.2 m of rotary drilling. The Alberta and Yukon groups were optioned from Sep/67 to Jul/70 by Fort George Mining & Exploration Ltd, which added Joe cl (Y6927) in Nov/67 and performed bulldozer trenching in 1968, shipped 5.88 tonnes to the Trail Smelter and drilled 61 m.

Reoptioned by Silver Spring Mines Ltd in Dec/70 and explored in a joint venture with Canadian Reserve Oil & Gas Ltd by geophysical surveys in 1971-1972 and bulldozer trenching and 2 drill holes (about 137 m) in 1972. Silver Spring staked additional Alberta cl (Y56184) in Sep/71 and Evelyn cl (Y68340) in Jun/72.

Adjoining claims, which have been explored by minor hand and bulldozer trenching in a few cases, include Don cl (62884) in Aug/55 by J. Boyle; Mary E cl (80531) in Aug/60 by G. Rich; Rusty cl (Y14803) in May/68, MLS cl (Y26975) in Sep/68 and Duke cl (Y68498) in Aug/72 by W.T. Synott. The nearby Snowdrift cl (Y87462) were added by United Keno Hill Mines Ltd in Mar/74 and Oct/75 and explored with 80 percussion holes (3195.8 m) in 1975 and 46 percussion holes (1606.3 m) in 1982, and approximately 3 658 m of percussion drilling and 4 diamond drillholes totalling approximately 610 m in 1984.

More than 600 Zap cl (YA38362) were tied on to the northeast in Mar/79 by Canada Tungsten Mining Corporation Ltd which carried out geochemical and geophysical surveying in 1979-80. The Wayne group was optioned to Island Mining & Exploration Company Ltd in Feb/80, which drilled 14 holes (1 212 m) in 1981 and 7 holes (795 m) in 1983.

Restaked September and Nov/92 as Mary cl 1-6 (YB29393) by B. Kreft. Placer Dome Inc tied on 178 Doug claims (YB29472) in Jan/93. Kreft carried out trenching and collected a bulk sample in the fall of 1994. In Mar/95 Kreft optioned the claims to Hemlo Gold Mines Inc. Hemlo cut a grid on the property, added the Solstace cl 1-5 (YB64175) 1 km to the north and the

Lakehead cl 1-13 (YB64188) 1 km to the southwest. In Oct/95 Hemlo carried out magnetic, VLF-EM and HLEM geophysical surveying on the property before dropping the option in 1996.

In 1997 the claims were optioned to Eagle Plains Resources Ltd and Miner River Resources Ltd, which carried out reverse circulation drilling of 6 holes (500 m) later that year. Viceroy Resources Corporation optioned the claims in Oct/97 and immediately carried out excavator trenching and chip sampling. In 1998, Viceroy carried out further excavator trenching and magnetometer and IP surveying.

In mid 1999 Viceroy sold its interest in the property to NovaGold Resources Inc, which assumed all option agreement obligations associated with the claims. Later in the year NovaGold carried out a limited geochemical sampling program to assist in data interpretation of previous sampling completed east of the main trenched area.

In Apr/2000 Newmont Exploration of Canada Ltd (a wholly owned subsidiary of Newmont Mining Corporation) entered an agreement with NovaGold to explore the claims and carried out regional airborne surveying, auger drilling, geological mapping and prospecting of this and several other newly aquired and contiguous properties (Minfile Occurrences #105M 027 and #105M 060) and drilled 5 holes (883 m) on this occurrence.

#### **GEOLOGY**

A branching, north-striking vein cuts Mississippian Keno Hill Quartzite near its contact with schist of the Late Proterozoic-Early Cambrian Hyland Group. The vein has been traced for 121.9 m by bulldozing and up to 61 m below surface by drilling. Mineralization consists of galena, sphalerite and tetrahedrite in a carbonate gangue. The 1968 shipment assayed 4 580.4 g/t Ag, 56.0% Pb, 4.4% Zn and 2.02 g/t Au.

The 1981 drill program, carried out at the western end of the mineralized trend (West zone), returned low silver values with only a 1:1 silver to lead ratio and showed that the vein dips west rather than east. This suggests that the vein is not of the favourable transverse-type which produces ore shoots in this district. The 1981 drilling unexpectedly intersected two stratiform gold-tungsten-bearing horizons, one on either side of the quartzite-schist contact. The schist-hosted horizon is a weakly foliated, pyrrhotite-chalcopyrite-pyrite-quartz-calcite-diopside skarn with coarse scheelite, while the second horizon is a brecciated and graphitic section within the quartzite that is cemented with pyrite and scheelite. Core assays returned up to 33.3 g/t Au and 2.07% W03 over widths ranging from 46 cm to to 3.17 m. In addition, four holes cut pyritic zones in rhyolite dykes and/or sills which returned assays up to 5.0 g/tAu over a core length of 3.5 m. The 1983 drilling was directed toward the skarns and focused on the eastern end of the mineralized trend (East zone). D. Emond (1992) obtained bismuth values up to 450 ppm from the skarn and demonstrated that there is a strong positive correlation between bismuth and gold.

Hemlo Gold's geophysical survey outlined several conductors on the property, but none over known zone of mineralization. Hemlo recomended field checks of all conductors to ensure that they do not have a cultural origin e.g. power lines, buried wire. Upon confirmation of the anomalies possessing a bedrock source the company recommended detailed prospecting and trenching in areas of shallow cover followed by drilling.

Drilling and trenching in 1997 and 1998 along the mineralized trend returned significant values from a major quartz monzonite dyke and the adjacent skarn which it has intruded in the West zone. Hole 97-2 (collared in dyke material) returned 1.77 g/t Au over 35.3 m, including 1.36 g/t Au over 15.2m from the dyke. Drilling in the area bulk sampled by Kreft, about 40 m north of the dyke, returned 3.23 g/t Au over 21.3 m. Trench sampling of the East zone yielded lower values than those returned from the West zone with a best interval of 1.45 g/t Au over 10 m

#### MINFILE: 105M 029 PAGE: 3 of 4 UPDATED: 4/23/2002

from Trench 97-6, while the best drill intersection was 0.92 g/t Au over 45.7 m including 1.51 g/t Au over 18.3 m.

Two other occurrences, one south of the trend of the East and West zones and the other 2.4 km east of the West zone, returned values of 2.5 g/t Au and 1.03 g/t Au respectively from similarly altered and mineralized host rock. Viceroy concluded that the East zone is likely an extension of the West zone, that the other two occurrences indicate a lateral extent of the mineralization of at least 2.4 km and that the mineralization occurs in separate, parallel reactive members that overlie the West and East zones.

Newmont's drilling tested a 1.2 km section of the same trend that hosts the East and West zones and intersected significant mineralization in all five holes with grades and widths consistent with earlier drilling.

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EMOND, D.S., 1992. Petrology and geochemistry of tin and tungsten mineralized plutons, McQuesten River region, Central Yukon. In: Yukon Geology Vol. 3, Exploration and Geological Services Division, DIAND, p. 167-195.

EMOND, D.S., and LYNCH, T., 1992. Geology, mineralogy and geochemistry of tin and tungsten mineralized veins, breccias and skarns, McQuesten River Region (115P(North)) and 105 M 13), Yukon. In: Yukon Geology Vol. 3, Exploration and Geological Services Division, DIAND, p. 133-159.

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VICEROY RESOURCE CORPORATION, Feb/99. Assessment Report #093985 by C. Schulze.

WHITEHORSE STAR, 27 Sep/71, 17 May/72

YUKON EXPLORATION AND GEOLOGY 1981, p. 167; 1983, p. 206; 1997, p. 28-29, 38; 1998, p. 11-12; 2000, p. 18.

MINFILE: 105M 031 PAGE: 1 of 3 UPDATED: 5/12/1998

#### YUKON MINFILE YUKON GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WHITEHORSE

# MINFILE: 105M 031NTSNAME: STREBCHUKLATSTATUS: PROSPECTLOTTECTONIC ELEMENT: SELWYN PLUTONIC SUITEDEPOSIT TYPE: POLYMETALLIC VEINS AG-PB-ZN+/-AU

NTS MAP SHEET: 105M\13 LATITUDE: 63° 51' 6" N LONGITUDE: 135° 49' 12" W

OTHER NAME(S): JOUMBIRA MAJOR COMMODITIES: LEAD, SILVER, TIN, TUNGSTEN MINOR COMMODITIES: COPPER, ZINC TRACE COMMODITIES: ARSENIC

#### **CLAIMS (PREVIOUS & CURRENT)**

JOUMBIRIA, LOOKOUT

#### WORK HISTORY

Probably staked initially as Timberline & Swallow cl (12709) in Jul/18 by L. Beauvette and J.V. Smith, who hand pitted later that year. No further work was recorded until the Star and Joe cl (82712) were staked to the northwest in Nov/61 by J.C. Foley.

The showing was restaked as Star cl (83557) in Jul/64 by J, Strebchuk and optioned in Apr/65 to Peso Silver ML. The H cl (84232) were added to the northwest in Apr/65 by United Keno ML on heavy metal stream anomalies located by the GSC's Operation Keno in 1964, and were explored with geochemical surveys and mapping later in the year. Strebchuk added the North cl (Y6361) in Jul-Sep/66 and optioned the property in Dec/67 to Silver Spring ML, which explored with geochem surveys and bulldozer trenching and added more Star cl (Y14966) in Jul/68, and later explored with geophysical surveys and bulldozer trenching from 1971 to 1973 in a joint venture with Can Reserve 0 & GL.

The North group was restaked by J. Barker as Jane cl (Y68425) in Aug/72. Fringe staking has included Ranger, etc cl (YI4855) by W.T. Synott in May/68 and Hol cl (Y88930) in Jun/74 by B. Fitch and J. Strebchuk.

The Jane group was restaked as Joumbira cl (YA15151) in Jun/77 by CCH Res L (Campbell Chibougamau ML) & Inco, which performed mapping, sampling and hand trenching in 1977 and 1978. In 1979, Billiton E Can L joined the project, named the Cortin Project, and the property was explored with soil sampling and mapping. In 1980, CCH changed its name to Campbell Res L. Cortin performed more mapping and geochem surveys in 1981.

Restaked as Joumbira (YB2261) and Lookout cl (YB2313) in Jun/88 by J. Moreau, who performed trenching, mapping and sampling and added more Lookout cl in Jun/89.

Restaked as Beauvette 1-12 cl (YB28716) in Jul/92 by M.J. Moreau, who prospected and sampled in Aug/93.

MINFILE: 105M 031 PAGE: 2 of 3 UPDATED: 5/12/1998

#### GEOLOGY

Mineralized quartz veins are associated with a 30.5 m thick rhyodacite porphyry dyke which cuts the Mississippian Keno Hill Quartzite. Old pits dating from the 1920's exposed an arsenopyrite vein.

Several poorly mineralized quartz veins containing a trace of galena were found by United Keno. The best vein is about 0.6 m wide, contains discontinuous 1.3 cm stringers of galena, and was traced for almost 213.4 m. A selected specimen assayed 6171.3 g/t Ag and 3.5% Pb. Geochemical surveys by Silver Spring ML located lead, zinc, silver and copper soil anomalies that were explored by bulldozer trenching with little success. One gossan is reported to have assayed 0.55% Cu over a 15.3 m width.

A narrow quartz-pyrrhotite-arsenopyrite vein trenched by J. Moreau in 1989 returned low gold and silver values.

Although tungsten stream sediment anomalies were found by the GSC in 1964, a greisen zone containing cassiterite and scheelite was first recognized by CCH in 1977. Tin and tungstenbearing veins were found at three locations.

The Pro showing consists of 1-5 mm tourmaline veinlets with about 2% cassiterite and minor fluorite, cutting the margin of a sericitized quartz-biotite porphyry dyke. Specimens of these and associated quartz-muscovite veins assayed up to 1200 ppm Sn and 798 ppm W. The dyke returned a K-Ar age of 86 Ma.

At the Fed showing 0.5 km south of the Pro showing, cassiterite crystals occur with radiating aggregates of tourmaline along vertical joints in quartzite. Specimens from this showing contained up to 740 ppm Sn and 1460 ppm W.

The third showing consists of numerous quartz-muscovite veins cutting muscovite-biotite granite in Fortune Creek. These veins also contain tourmaline, sphalerite, arsenopyrite and galena. A specimen contained 15 000 ppm Zn, 1500 ppm Sn, 283 ppm W, 15 ppm Ag and 8120 ppm As.

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#### MINFILE: 105M 031 PAGE: 3 of 3 UPDATED: 5/12/1998

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#### MINFILE: 105M 032 PAGE: 1 of 3 UPDATED: 7/29/2003

#### YUKON MINFILE YUKON GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WHITEHORSE

MINFILE: 105M 032NTSNAME: MT HALDANELATISTATUS: UNDERGROUND PAST PRODUCERLONTECTONIC ELEMENT: SELWYN BASINDEPOSIT TYPE: POLYMETALLIC VEINS AG-PB-ZN+/-AU

**NTS MAP SHEET:** 105M\13 **LATITUDE:** 63° 51' 53" N **LONGITUDE:** 135° 52' 8" W

OTHER NAME(S): LOOKOUT MAJOR COMMODITIES: LEAD, SILVER, ZINC MINOR COMMODITIES: GOLD TRACE COMMODITIES: ARSENIC

#### **CLAIMS (PREVIOUS & CURRENT)**

#### BLACK, DB, GOPHER, LOOKOUT, MAY, MIDDLECOFF ETC., TED

#### WORK HISTORY

Silver-lead mineralization was probably found on Mt Haldane prior to 1906 and was staked as Lookout, etc cl (2332) in Mar/15 by A. Johnson and J.V. Smith. The south (Middlecoff) zone was explored by surface trenching and two short adits prior to 1918 and was optioned in 1919 to Yukon Silver-Lead Mining Company Ltd, which drove a third adit and shipped 24.7 tonnes grading 3 101.7 g/t silver and 59% lead in 1920. On the Johnson Zone, about 457 m north of Middlecoff Zone, A. Johnson drove a short adit in 1918 and shipped some 2.1 tonnes grading 4 800 g/t silver and 60% lead to a smelter in 1926-27.

Restaked by E. Bleiler and M. Ewing in Oct/44 as Middlecoff cl (55320) which was optioned in 1952 to Lookout Mountain Mines Ltd, and in 1964 to Silver Titan Mines Ltd, which added DB, May, Ted, etc cl (83403) in May/64 and conducted geochem sampling, bulldozer trenching and adit rehabilitation and found the Main Zone about 457 m north of the Johnson Zone in 1964-65.

The property was transferred to Haldane Silver Mines Ltd in 1966 and the Middlecoff and Johnson Zones were explored by 701 m of overburden drilling, 487.7 m of drifting and 533.4 m of underground drilling. In 1968, Paramount Mining Ltd acquired control of Haldane Silver Mines Ltd.

Restaked as Middlecoff, etc cl (YA1913) in Apr/67 by M.H. Ewing and optioned in 1978 by Barry Way, who added Gopher, etc cl (YA17722) in April and performed grid soil sampling in 1978-79.

The property was examined briefly in 1978 by Cortin Project (Billiton Canada Ltd, CCH Resources Ltd, Inco Ltd). Ewing trenched in 1980 and 1985 and optioned the property to Barandium Resources Ltd, which bulldozer trenched in 1988 and did road work, prospecting and linecutting in 1989. Barandium changed its name to IGC International Golf Corporation. in Mar/90. The claims were returned to Ewing in Feb/91.

Restaked as Black cl 1-163 (YC02090) in Nov/99 by Expatriate Resources Ltd which carried out soil sampling and a cursory examination of the veins in 2000.

MINFILE: 105M 032 PAGE: 2 of 3 UPDATED: 7/29/2003

#### GEOLOGY

The area is located within the Selwyn Basin. Geological mapping by Hunt et al., (1996) shows that Upper Proterozoic to Lower Cambrian Hyland Group rocks have been thrust over Devonian to Mississippian Earn Group metasediments and metavolcanic rocks and Mississippian Keno Hill quartzite. Numerous Triassic age metadiorite sills intrude both the Keno Hill quartzite and Earn Group rocks located around the occurrence. Several small Cretaceous age granitic dykes and intrusions also intrude the sequence.

The occurrence covers the Mt. Haldane vein system which contains three main mineralized zones, named from north to south, Middlecoff, Johnson and Main Zones. All three zones appear to be part of a single, north-trending, transverse type vein fault with many branches, which cuts the Mississippian aged, Keno Hill Quartzite. The vein faults are located in the footwall of the Robert Service Thrust and are believed to cut the thrust and continue into the Hyland Group, although no significant silver mineralization has been discovered above the thrust.

The Middlecoff Zone is the best mineralized, containing erratic lenses of galena, sphalerite and minor tetrahedrite. Ore shoots are small with the longest being a 13.7 m length grading 774.8 g/t silver, 18.0% lead, and 1.2% zinc over a 0.975 m width. Haldane Silver Mines Ltd drifted the Middlecoff Vein south to a right hand fault and drilling beyond the fault located the offset which assayed 2 790.8 g/t silver and 18.7% lead over a 1.2 m width followed by 0.9 m grading 342.8 g/t silver and 7.1% lead.

Some 343 m of underground exploration on one level beneath the Johnson Zone surface workings failed to locate the structure.

Surface sampling on the Main Zone in 1964 returned low values, the best being 288 g/t silver, 0.73% lead and 1.48% zinc over a width of 8.5 m. The 1978-79 exploration was mainly directed toward tin and tungsten.

Expatriate Resources explored this occurrence in connection with a larger work program focused on the Sundown occurrence (Minfile Occurrence #105M 056) located approximately 3 km to the south. Work on this occurrence was limited to soil sampling along claim lines. Soil sampling returned a small gold and arsenic anomaly (gold = 85 ppb, arsenic= 264 ppm) located along a ridge crest on the western edge of the claim block (above the mineralized zones) which coincides with the location of a north trending normal fault mapped by Murphy.

#### REFERENCES

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EXPATRIATE RESOURCES LTD, Oct/2000. Assessment Report #094179 by T. Becker.

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#### MINFILE: 105M 032 PAGE: 3 of 3 UPDATED: 7/29/2003

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MINFILE: 105M 056 PAGE: 1 of 2 UPDATED: 7/29/2003

#### YUKON MINFILE YUKON GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WHITEHORSE

MINFILE: 105M 056 NAME: SUNDOWN STATUS: SHOWING TECTONIC ELEMENT: SELWYN BASIN DEPOSIT TYPE: PLUTONIC RELATED AU

NTS MAP SHEET: 105M\13 LATITUDE: 63° 50' 9" N LONGITUDE: 135° 53' 12" W

OTHER NAME(S): MAJOR COMMODITIES: LEAD, SILVER MINOR COMMODITIES: TIN, GOLD, TUNGSTEN TRACE COMMODITIES: BISMUTH, ARSENIC

#### **CLAIMS (PREVIOUS & CURRENT)**

BLACK, HAPPY DAY, HATFIELD, MCCOY, NOVA, RAINBOW, RAKE, SUNDOWN, VANCOUVER

#### WORK HISTORY

Staked as Rainbow cl (12705) in Aug/18 by L. Beauvette, who dug a few hand pits. Restaked in May/49 as Happy Day cl (59219) by M.H. Ewing, and in Jul/56 by E. Hager as Vancouver, etc cl (62985), which was explored by S. Arbutina with hand pitting and 18.9 m of drifting by 1960. W.T. Synott tied on the Rake and Nova cl (Y14848) in May-Nov/68.

Restaked as Sundown cl 1-12 (Y56107) in Aug/70 by C. Klippert who explored with trenching in 1977. In 1978, the Cortin Project (Billiton Canada Ltd, CCH Resources Ltd, Inco Ltd) performed a brief mapping and sampling program under an option.

Restaked as McCoy cl 1-4 (YC01061) by F. Anderson in May/98. Anderson staked Hatfield cl 1-6 (YC01075) later in the month.

Restaked as Black cl 1-163 (YC02090) in Nov/99 by Expatriate Resources Ltd which carried out geological mapping and soil sampling in 2000.

#### **GEOLOGY**

The occurrence area is located within the Selwyn Basin. Geological mapping by Hunt et al., (1996) shows that the occurrence is located in Upper Proterozoic Hyland Group stratigraphy which is thrust over Paleozoic metasedimentary units belonging to the Devonian to Mississippian Earn Group and Mississippian Keno Hill Quartzite. All stratigraphic units have been intruded by mid-Cretaceous age Tombstone Suite intrusions.

Geological mapping completed by Expatriate shows that this occurrence is centred on a 3.5 to 4 m wide quartz porphyry dyke that cuts muscovite-chlorite phyllite assigned to the Yusezyu Formation of the Upper Proterozoic Hyland Group. The trace of the Robert Service Thrust lies 1 km to the north.

The early work was prompted by the discovery of minor amounts of argentiferous galena float on trend with the Mt Haldane vein system.

MINFILE: 105M 056 PAGE: 2 of 2 UPDATED: 7/29/2003

CCH discovered a 4 m wide porphyry dyke that is strongly chloritized and sericitized and cut by tourmalinized veinlets. The dyke is mineralized with disseminated arsenopyrite. The best grab samples from the trenches assayed 58.0 ppm silver and 0.3% lead with 3 ppm tungsten and 19 ppm tin. Soil samples nearby range up to 2.8 ppm silver with low values in other metals.

Expatriate staked the occurrence for its gold mineralization potential. Company geologists examined the dyke and collected three samples. All three returned low gold values but a 1.40 m chip sample across the east side of the dyke that included a 1.5 cm wide quartz-chlorite vein returned 402.0 g/t silver and 0.12% lead.

Soil sampling was conducted along claim lines and on a small grid centred over the occurrence. Soils collected along claim lines generally returned low values for most metals. The highest gold value (85 ppb) was collected along a ridge crest on the western edge of the property that coincides with a known north trending normal fault. Contoured arsenic values display two broad bands that trend parallel to foliation in metasedimentary rocks. Grid soil sampling returned scattered low to moderate gold values while silver and arsenic define a 500 m by 700 m long area of low to moderate response. Several high gold values (highest = 55 ppb) located up hill from the occurrence are thought to mark veins or dykes that have not yet been located. In general soil sampling found gold relates strongly with bismuth but poorly with other pathfinder elements.

#### REFERENCES

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ROOTS, C.F., 1997. Geology of the Mayo Map Area, Yukon Territory (105M). Exploration and Geological Services Division, Indian and Northern Affairs Canada, Bulletin 7, 82 p.

#### Appendix 3

#### Statement of Qualifications

I, John Peter Ross, do hereby certify that I:

1. Am a qualified prospector with mailing address;

B1 – 2002 Centennial Street Whitehorse, Yukon, Canada Y1A 3Z7

- 2. Graduated from McGill University in 1970 with a B.Sc. General Science
- 3. Have attended and finished completely the following courses;

1974 – BC & Yukon Chamber of Mines, Prospecting Course

- 1978 United Keno Hill Mines Limited, Elsa, Yukon, Prospecting Course
- 1987 Yukon Chamber of Mines, Advanced Prospecting Course

1991 - Exploration Geochemistry Workshop, GSC Canada

- 1994 Diamond Exploration Short Course, Yukon Geoscience Forum
- 1994 Yukon Chamber of Mines, Alteration and Petrology for Prospectors
- 1994 Applications of Multi-Parameter Surveys (Whitehorse), Ron Shives, GSC
- 1994 Drift Exploration in Glaciated and Mountainous Terrain, BCGS
- 1995 Applications of Multi-Parameter Surveys, (Vancouver) Ron Shives, GSC
- 1995 Diamond Theory and Exploration, Short Course # 20, GSC Canada
- 1996 New Mineral Deposit Models of the Cordillera, MDRU
- 1997 Geochemical Exploration in Tropical Environments, MDRU
- 1998 Metallogeny of Volcanic Arcs, Cordilleran Roundup Short Course
- 1999 Volcanic Massive Sulphide Deposits, Cordilleran Roundup Short Course
- 1999 Pluton-Related (Thermal Aureole) Gold, Yukon Geoscience Forum
- 2000 Sediment Hosted Gold Deposits, MDRU
- 2001 Volcanic Processes, MARUI
- 2002 Enzyme Leach, Actlabs, Cordilleran Roundup Course
- 2002 GPS Course, Yukon College, Whitehorse
- 2002 Gem Exploration Short Course, Yukon Geoscience Forum
- 2003 Gold, Cordilleran Roundup Short Course
- 4. Did all the work and the writing of this report
- 5. Have been on the Yukon Prospectors Assistance and Yukon Mining Incentive Program 1986 2001, 2003
- 6. Have been on the British Columbia Prospectors Assistance Program 1989 1990, 2001
- 7. Have a 100% interest in the claims described in this report at the present time

John Peter Roy 4 Dec 2003

## Appendix 4

Rock Geochemistry Results

ACME ANALYTICAL (ISO 9002 P						919	•	02											V67 V67			
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SAMPLE#	Mo ppm				-	Ni ppm	Co ppm	Mn ppm			-					Sb ppm		V ppm	Ca %	P %	La ppm	-
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STANDARD DS5/AU-R		2 133		-														-	.71	.011 .089	-	18

GROUP 1D - 0.50 GM SAMPLE LEACHED WITH 3 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR, DILUTED TO 10 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-ES. UPPER LIMITS - AG, AU, HG, W = 100 PPM # MO, CO, CD, SB, BI, TH, U & B = 2,000 PPM; CU, PB, ZN, NI, MN, AS, V, LA, CR = 10,000 PPM. ASSAY RECOMMENDED FOR ROCK AND CORE SAMPLES IF CU PB ZN AS > 1%, AG > 30 PPM & AU > 1000 PPB - SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK R150 60C AU\*\* GROUP 3B - 30.00 GM SAMPLE ANALYSIS BY FA/ICP.

2002 SIGNED BY

DATE RECEIVED: AUG 29 2003 DATE REPORT MAILED:

All results are considered the confidential property of the client. Acme assumes the liabilities for actual cost of the analysis only.

PHONE (604) 253-3158 FAX (604) 253-1716 36 er Ross Cr Mg Ba Ti B Αl Na K W Au\*\* % ppm ppm : % ppm % % % ppm ppb 1 .01 4 <.01 <3 .02 -48 .01 <2 <2 .18 29 <.01 <3 5 .23 .01 .07 <2 <2 .19 12 <.01 <3 .05 .01 .02 <2 <2 4 .20 8 <.01 <3 .02 .01 .01 <2 2 4 182 .61 134 .10 18 1.95 .04 .14 3 493

..D. TOYE, C.LEONG, J. WANG; CERTIFIED B.C. ASSAYERS

## ACME ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES LTD.

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#### GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

Ross, John Peter PROJECT NUR File # A305408 BI - 2002 Centennial St., Whitehorse YT Y1A 327 Submitted by: John Peter Ross

SAMPLE#			Pb ppm		Ag Pomi		Co ppm	Mn ppm	Fe %	As ppm	U ppm	Au ppm	Th ppm	Sr ppm	Cd ppm		Bi ppm	V ppm	Ca %	P %	La ppm	Cr ppm	Mg %	Ba ppm	Ti %	B ppm	Al %	Na %	K %		Au** ppb
SI	<1	<1	<3	<1	<.3	<1	<1	3	.03	<2	<8	<2	<2	3	<.5	<3	<3	<1	11	<.001	<1	1	<.01	4	<.01	<3	.01	.52	.01	<2	<2
NR 3	12		-	-	.5	19	5	380 4		-	<8	<2	4		4.1	3	3	27	.18			20			.01	-	-88	.02	_14	6	7
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NR 9	1	4	13	13	<.3	5	3	363 1	.09	50	<8	<2	4	58	<.5	<3	<3	2	1.16	.010	10	7	.21	29	<.01	4	.30	.02	.09	<2	2
NR 15	<1	9	22	39	<.3	9	4	623 1	.38	38	<8	<2	3	674	<.5	<3	<3	1	20.21	.041	8	3	.18	23	<.01	<3	.18		.11	<2	4
NR 16	<1	10	33	120	<.3	9	5	623 1	.68	15	<8	<2	6	401	2.9	<3	<3	2	11.24	.020	17	4	.21	36	<.01	<3	.35	.01	.15	2	<2
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NR 20	1	25	24	25	<.3	7	3	504 <b>*</b> 1	.94	319	<8	<2	5	6	<.5	<3	3	4	.07	.015	7	14	.15	30	<.01	<3	.43	.03	.06	2	<2
NR 22	1	40	785	327	6.3	8	2	191 1	.72	133	<8	<2	4	6	3.9	27	<3	3	.05	.015	9	13	.05	26	<.01	<3	.31	.01	.15	2	2
STANDARD DS5/AU-R	12	146	24	135	.3	24	12	781 2	.99	17	<8	<2	3	46	5.4	4	3	60	.72	.092	12 '	185	.69	138	.09	18	2.15	.03	.16	4	481

GROUP 1D - 0.50 GM SAMPLE LEACHED WITH 3 ML 2-2-2 HCL-HNO3-H2O AT 95 DEG. C FOR ONE HOUR, DILUTED TO 10 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-ES. UPPER LIMITS - AG, AU, HG, W = 100 PPM; MO, CO, CD, SB, BI, TH, U & B = 2,000 PPM; CU, PB, ZN, NI, MN, AS, V, LA, CR = 10,000 PPM. ASSAY RECOMMENDED FOR ROCK AND CORE SAMPLES IF CU PB ZN AS > 1%, AG > 30 PPM & AU > 1000 PPB - SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK R150 60C AU\*\* GROUP 3B - 30.00 GM SAMPLE ANALYSIS BY FA/ICP.

OCT 29 2003 DATE REPORT MAILED: 17/03DATE RECEIVED:

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## Appendix 5

Rock Sample Descriptions

Sample Number	Description
NR3	Wad: limonite plus rock chunks in side
NR8	Calcite, quartz and black areas
NR9	Phyllite – light grey, small amount of hematite stain, fizzes/acid
NR11	Phyllite – light grey, small amount of hematite stain, fizzes/acid
NR12	Limonitic phyllite, grey areas, fizzes/acid
NR13	Marble? Limestone? Large grey/white zones
NR15	Phyllite with black carbonaceous layers
NR16	Phyllite with black carbonaceous layers
NR18	Quartz with manganese and pyrrhotite, fizzes/acid
NR20	Phyllite – orange stain, vugs, fizzes/acid
NR22	Phyllite – grey, platey, limonite areas, calcite

## Appendix 6

Soil Geochemistry Results

		cred										GE	OC	HI	EM	IC	AL	, I	LN.	AL	YS	IS	C	ER	TI	FJ	. C2	ΑT	E												
						_																																			
						K		s, Ecor																								ac R									
																								0000000											<u></u>		<u></u>				
	SAMPLE#	M pp	10 DM	Cu ppm	Pb ppm			g Ni b ppm								Th S pm pp																						•		re G xm pp	GaSamp1 pmt g
	G-1	1.5	53 2	2.64	2.40	44.2	16	54.6	4.3	585	2.06		12.	0 <.	24	.7 83.	9.(	01	.02	. 15	41	.59.(	)89 9	.1 1	4.5	.57 2	36.9	. 137	1 1	L.05	.095	.52	2.0	2.2	. 28	.0]	i <	5 <.	1 <.0	2 4.	.71
	AN+1500	N 1.4	10 30	).84	9.83	76.2	123	3 26.9	9.1	334	2.37	22.	41.	1 3.	24	.9 22.	0.1	17 1	. 23	. 27	40	.25 .0	)65 18	.1 2	3.8	. 39 5	60.1	.027	1 1	L.09	006	.04	.5	3.5	.06	<.01	ι 4 <del>(</del>	δ.	3.0	4 3.	.2 1
	AN+1200							7 24.8																																	
	AN+900N AN+600N							522.3 528.1																								1								2 2.4	
	AN+OUUN	1.4	14 04	+.10 1	12.01	09.5	105	20.1	10.2	554	2.00	00.		0 0.	5 5	. 9 19.	5.1	10 1	• = =	. 27	-0		/J- 10	.0 2	7.4	2 - 1	54.0	.072	1		,		1.4	0.0	.00	01		,	J .0	+ 0.	. 1
	AN+300N	1.6	53 29	9.85 1	10.18	92.9	381	1 32.0	13.6	819	3.46	415.	41.	47.	1 5	.9 14.	9.3	39 1.	. 37	. 48	30	. 20 .(	)74 18	.72	0.1	.31 14	47.9	.017	1 1	l.19	.004	.03	7.5	2.6	. 08	.01	. 39	<b>∂</b> 2.9	8.1	2 3.	.0 1
	AN							3 24.5																																	
	AN+300S							7 29.0			40																						-								
	AN+600S AN+900S							325.7 533.7																																	
	,																																								
	AN+1200							3 33.4																																6 3.4	
	AN+1500							5 23.4																								1									
	AN+1800							923.1 528.0																																	
	AN+2100 AN+2400							3 31.4																																4 2. <u>5</u> 4 3.4	
	AN+2700							3 13.8																																	
	AN+3000					•		23.2																																	
	AN+3300							521.4 923.4																																	
	AN+3600 RE AN+3							, 23.4 23.3																																	
	BN+1500							5 14.4																															1.04	4 4.4	4 15
	BN+1200	• • • •						5 11.2																																3 3.9	
	BN+900N						÷	27.2																																5.3.6	
	BN+600N BN+300N							23.0 23.0																																	
	24.000	1.0	.0 00			• · · ·																																			
	BN	1.0	2 17	.00	8.95	48.3	166	5 12.4	5.2	167	1.97	117.0	) .:	7 2.	0.	9 8.	7.2	21.	.66	. 19	35.	08 :0	53 12	.7 13	7.5	28 12	8.6.	016	<11	.03 .	004	.03	.8	1.2	.07	<.01	20	, <u>,</u>	1.04	4 3.4	4 15
	BN+300S							8 16.1																																	
	BN+600S							23.0																																	
	BN+900S BN+1200							10.4 16.7																							· · ·										
	DIN+1200		2 13	.00 1			290	, 10.7	0.4	1,74	2.20			, ,,,	- 0.	/ 10.	•••						00 15	.0 1					-1 1				±.,	1.5			24		. 1 -	0.4	• 15
	BN+1500	5.7	8 20	. 27 1	1.30	51.8	225	6 16.6	6.2	216	1.92	264.6	<b>5</b> .1	7 13.	71.	5 15.2	2.1	19.	64	.25	32.	16 .0	60 17	.8 17	7.4.	28 26	0.9.	016	1	.99 .	004	.03	1.5	1.7	.06	<.01	30	4	.06	5 3.3	3 15
	BN+1800							21.0																																	
	BN+2100							27.1																																	
	BN+2400 BN+2700							5 19.4 21 7																																	8 15 7 · 15
	DI(+2700		1 20	1.04 1		50.5	50	, 21.1	9.0	-0-	1.75	120.0	,		5 5.	1 14.1				10	20 .	17 .0	00 1/			04 22	0.4.	200	1	.02 .		.00	.0	2.5		01	27	. 2	.02	. 2.1	1 1 1
	STANDAR	DS5 12.9	4 144	.62 2	23.71	139.7	283	24.9	12.5	784	2.94	19.5	5 6.2	2 42.0	02.	8 48.3	75.9	90 3.	976	38	59.	71 .0	96 12	5 185	5.7.	67 13	7.8.	097	16 2	.09 .	034	. 14	5.1	3.4	1.03	.03	170	4.7	.87	6.5	5 15
	GROUP 1F15 - 1	5 00 GM	A SA	MPI	ΕI	FAC	HFD	ur:	тн с	ю м	IL 2	-2-	2 Н	CL -	HNO	3-H	20	AT	95	DEG	. c	FO		IE H	OUR	. D	ILU	TED	то	300	) Mi	1	ANA	LYS	ED	BY	TCF	>/F!	<b>.</b> 2	MS.	_
	UPPER LIMITS -																																								
	- SAMPLE TYPE:	SOIL S	s\$80	) 60	)C		Sam	ple	s be	gin	nir	ig /	RE'	ar	e R	eru	ns	and	'R	RE'	ar	e Re	ejec	t R	eru	ns.						-		-		-	-		-		-
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ካልጥፑ	RECEIVED:	AUG 29	> 20	03	D		E 1	REF	OR	TI	(AN	LE	D:	$\left( \right)$	Q.	h2	1	121	20	2	S	GN	ED	B	τĹ.	/[]	λ.	$\square$	ノ ン・・	- D	. T	OYF	. r	:_1F	ONC	<b>.</b> .	J_ 4		6-	CER	TIFIE
	فالسلاقية الاستنقاد مقدم																			and the second se						- 1-1															

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000 PPM.

B.C. ASSAYERS Data\_\_\_ FA



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## Ross, John Peter PROJECT NUR FILE # A303935

 																																				 	 LYTICAL
SAMPLE#	Мо	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Ni	Со	Mn	Fe	As	U	Au	Th	Sr i	Cd Sb	Bi			-		Mg			В							-			Ga Sar	nple		
 	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm	8	ppm	ррт	ppb p	pat p	pm p	pm ppm	ppm	ррп	*	<b>% p</b> p	n ppn	1 %	ppm	8	ppm	8 8	* <b>%</b>	ppm	ppm	ppm	% p	obp b	pm -	ppm p	pm	gm	 	 
G-1	1.63	2.87	2 60	47 N	15	51	45	604 2	.11	4	21	.2 -	.0 84	.8	02 .03	.15	43	.60 (	088 10	) 14 (	59	276 2	145	11	12 .112	55	2.4	2.3	.34	.01	<5 <	.1	.02 5	.4	15		
BN+3000S															12 1.76											1									15		
BN+3300S															97 7.80																				15		
BN+3600S															18 3.30																				15		
BN+3900S															14 1.85																				15		
0000000	.00	10.00	11.13	5.0	2/4	17.2	/.1	402 Z.		01.3	.4 1	U.U (	.0 10		1.03	. 21	21	.00.0	JJ 10.	J 14.4	, .JU	177.1	.000	~1 1.0	.003	.00	.4	1.5	.00 <		14	. 2	.00 3		13		
BN+4200S	.84	32.91	24.70	58.6	451	17.4	7.2	319 3.	.23 9	934.5	.71	5.5 6	.6 13	.4 .	10 1.85	.33	24	.05 .0	023 16.	3 15.9	.47	140.0	.005	<1 1.3	39.004	. 05	.2	1.5	.06 <	.01	17	.4	.06 4	.0	15		
CN+1500N	1.45	26.77	10.38	70.0	197	18.9	7.9	301 2	.36 4	129.0	1.0 1	7.7 1	.5 12	.2 .	55 1.45	.36	33	.11 .0	68 20.	) 18.4	. 28	113.7	.016	<1 .9	98 .004	.03	1.3	1.3	.07	.01	23	.7	.09 3	.5	15		
CN+1200N	1.31	25.29	11.55	64.6	107	22.1	10.4	276 2.	.49 2	260.2	.8 2	1.7 5	.6 10	.5 .2	23.99	. 24	44	.08 .0	42 14.	4 24.3	.38	140.0	.026	1 1.5	59.005	.04	.7	2.5	.10 <	.01	36	.6	.08 4	.4	15		
CN+900N	1.36	38.50	11.36	68.9	95	28.3	11.4	352 2.	.47 2	234.6	1.0	4.7 <del>(</del>	.1 10	.6.3	34 1.14	.23	42	.08 .0	36 14.	3 25.3	.39	133.7	.028	<1 1.4	49 .005	.04	1.0	2.9	.07 <	.01	37	.6	.09 3	.5	15		
CN+600N	1.11								बुरू:																										15		
																									.•	!											
CN+300N	1.67	35.96	11.41	64.6	136	19.7	9.1	301 2.	.35 2	272.0	1.4	4.9 4	.8 14	.6 .	18 1.11	. 26	45	.07 .(	)41 17.	2 24.1	38	294.2	.028	<1 1.3	36 . <b>00</b> 5	.03	.7	3.5	.08 <	.01	38	.6	.10 4	.1	15		
CN .	2.01	35.43	17.70	76.8	282	20.6	8.4	280 2.	.42 4	104.8	2.5	4.9 5	.3 29	.2 .:	31 1.28	.31	47	.11 .(	064 18.	25.6	.40	329.6	.027	<1 1.4	42 .005	.04	.7	3.9	.10 <	.01	48	.8	.18 4	.4	15		
CN+300S	2.23	38.13	13.70	85.8	210	27.5	12.6	440 2.	.65 3	360.1	1.2	7.5 6	.4 19	.6.4	22 1.20	. 28	42	.12 .(	37 20.	5 23.3	.44	493.1	.034	<1 1.3	37 .006	. 05	1.0	4.0	.08 <	.01	56	.7	, 15 4	.1	15		
CN+600S	2.00	51.84	16.38	101.4	441	33.0	14.3	751 3.	. 15 6	550.9	1.1 1	2.7 7	.8 42	.9.4	48 1.50	.42	38	.43 .0	74 22.	2 22.0	.47	463.0	.025	1 1.4	46 .007	. 07	.9	3.4	.09	.03	37	.9	.20 4	.3	15		
CN+900S	1.02	33.62	21.25	77.3	322	22.3	9.9	389 3.	.02 17	33.8	1.2 1	0.8 7	.9 19	.0.2	25 1.85	.66	21	.07 .0	40 26.4	14.0	.34	157.1	.010	<1 1.(	03 .004	.06	1.6	1.7	.07	.03	23	.7	. 30 - 3	.2	15		
RE CN+900S	1.08	36.05	2] 97	70 <i>/</i>	337	23 1	10 0	407 3	19 19	133 R	1310	989	-2 20	0 3	25 2 03	68	27	08 (	41 27	5 14 4	36	169 7	010	<111	9 004	. 06	16	1 8	06	02	26	7	30 3	3	15		
CN+1200S	1.51																																		15		
CN+12003	1.09														5																				15 15		
CN+1800S															1.40																				15 15		
CN+21005	1.12																																		15		
												_ •					•										2.9				•	-	•	-			
CN+2400S	1.22	27.96	18.51	71.8	840	25.4	10.7	283 2.	.80 2	224.7	1.1	7.1 7	.0 8	.6.1	16 1.87	. 30	50	.06.0	28 14.	5 33.7	.44	186.7	.036	1 1.9	96.004	. 05	.6	2.8	.10 <	.01 .	54	.6	.04 5	.0	15		
CN+2700S	.90	20.36	14.14	57.0	307	17.7	8.8	269 2.	.35 3	801.3	1.2	3.6 5	.6 12	.1 .(	.83	. 28	43	.11 .0	22 17.	3 24.9	.37	230.5	.029	<1 1.3	36.004	.03	.4	3.4	.09 <	.01	31	.5	.03 4	.1	15		
CN+3000S	. 67	29.27	12.10	50.5	182	18.2	9.2	204 2.	.00	49.1	.6 4	4.3 6	.2 7	.1 .1	13 1.42	. 17	28	.07 .0	29 14.	5 17.2	.30	109.6	.026	<1 1.0	6.003	.04	.3	2.0	.06 <	.01	23	.5	.02 2	.8	15		
CN+3300S	.92	31.32	14.73	54.9	78	21.7	8.1	185 2.	. 17 2	218.7	1.1 (	6.7 5	.8 9	.7.0	07 1.67	. 20	37	.05 .0	13 19.8	3 21.5	.33	167.7	.033	<1 1.1	.004	.04	.3	4.1	.07 <	.01	38	.5	.03 3	.4	15		
CN+3600S															6 4.14																				15		
CN+3900S															1 2.60																				15		
CN+4200S															10 2.63																				15		
DN+1500N	1.18																																		15		
DN+1200N	7.54																																				
DN+900N	1.38	25.77	13.14	63.3	297	18.1	8.9	266 2.	.62 6	572.5	1.2 8	3.3 5	.8 10	.5 .1	1.26	.39	45	.08 .0	46 15.9	28.8	.42	172.9	.029	1 1.9	52.005	.04	1.0	3.0	.11 <	.01	38	.8	. 21 4	.6	15		
DN+600N	1.79	19.65	15,16	78.0	170	23.2	12.0	388 3	.33 1	45.4	.7	3.2 5	.6 10	.4 .2	29 1.01	.27	59	.08 .0	57 13 9	37.1	.45	237.9	.028	12	3 .005	. 05	.7	2.9	.12 <	.01	39	.7	.08 5	.6	15		
	11.48																																		15		
	21.54																																		15		
DN+300S	1.39																																		15		
DN+600S	3.48																									1.1									15		
STANDARD DS5	13.09 14	40.78	24.14	132.6	282	24.2	11.9	766 2.	88	18.5	5.9 42	2.4 2	.7 46	8 5.5	6 4.09	6.27	58	.72 .0	94_11.6	5 182.0	. 65	138.2	.093	17 2.0	3 .034	. 14	5.0	3.4	1.04	.02 1	81 4	.8	.89 6	.4	15		

Sample type: SOIL SS80 60C. Samples beginning 'RE' are Reruns and 'RRE' are Reject Reruns.

All results are considered the confidential property of the client. Acme assumes the liabilities for actual cost of the analysis only.

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Page 2



ACME ANALYTICAL

## Ross, John Peter PROJECT NUR FILE # A303935

ANALYTICAL						_																				•												 ACME	ANALY	YTICAL	
	SAMPLE#	Мо						Ni			e A	-	U Au			Cd SI		۷	Ca	P L					-	A1	Na						Se								
		ppm	рр	m pp			ppb t		ppin	рри	% рр		add w	ррн	ppin t	pili ppi	a ppa	рря		z pp	na bb	n x	s ppm	<u>ъ</u>	ppm	*	*	* p	om pp	om ppr	1 %	ppb	ррт	ppm	ppm	gn		 			
	G-1	1.54	2.7	6 2.5	0 44	4.0	14 4	4.6	4.4	551 1.9	9 <.	1 1.	9 <.2	4.4 8	31.2	01 .0	3.14	41	.56 .	083 9.	6 13.4	4.53	3 225.1	. 131	11	.02 .0	84	45 2	3 2	.3 .32	۰ < ۱۱	<5	1.	< 02	4.7	15					
	DN+900S										0 423.8																						-		1.8	15				·	
	DN+1200S										3 687.4																									15					
	DN+1500S										6 3956.2																									15					
	DN+1800S										0 1590.9																									15					
																																•,	.0		0.0	10					
	DN+2100S	.83	21.9	6 51.1	6 93	3.3	773 23	3.5	8.6	474 2.4	5 982.0	5.	7 4.2	9.3 1	.4.5	34 3.49	9 1.45	27	. 20 .	039 21.	15.9	9.32	136.3	.009	11	.23 .0	03.	07.	72.	1.07	<.01	23	.5	.53	3.2	15					
	DN+2400S	.77	16.2	1 22.4	4 50	).5	272 19	9.3	6.6	210 2.3	3 520.9	э.	4 1.6	7.7	8.2.	09 1.50	.57	29	.07 .0	035 21.3	2 14.0	.26	101.3	.013	11	.03 .0	03 .	05.	41.	6.06	<.01	13	.4	. 26	3.4	15					
	DN+2700S	.53	21.6	3 20.4	8 51	.3	350 21	1.4	8.0	272 2.2	7 601.9	Э.	8 8.7	8.4 2	20.3.	11 2.57	.55	28	.27 .0	032 22.3	3 15.6	5.28	177.9	.012	1	.87 .0	03.	04 1.	4 2.	5.05	<.01	32	.3	.30	2.6	15					
	DN+3000S	.91	39.98	8 44.8	2 111	.9	895 34	4.5 1	6.1	529 3.4	1 2010.3	3.	8 13.2	15.4 3	84.4.	34 9.26	51.39	20	.49 .0	<b>051 34</b> .	12.7	7.35	206.7	.009	1	.79 .0	04 .	06 1.	4 2.	5.05	<.01	36	.9	.72	2.6	15					
	DN+3300S	.64	40.48	8 40.2	5 99	9.5	891 31	1.21	4.5	559 3.4	3 2261.9	<b>)</b> 1.	1 13.2	15.3 2	25.6.	33 4.43	8 1.30	15	. 29 .(	<b>)53 35</b> .3	11.4	4.36	170.3	.007	8	.84 .0	05 .	<b>)</b> 52.	71.	9.04	.01	24	.8	.70	2.6	15					
	DN+3600S	. 65	36.02	2 30.2	894	.5	938 27	7.7 1	1.6 1	128 2.9	1 1644.0	) 1.2	2 15.3	12.6 2	. 7.0	31 3.83	1.06	16	.36 .(	50 28.9	11.2	2 .33	136.3	.005	<1	.77 .0	03 .(	<b>)</b> 52.	21.	8.04	.02	23	.8	.56	2.5	15					
	EN+1500N	1.50	47.94	4 11.5	985	.0	105 30	.21	1.8 3	363 2.6	0 38.8	3.9	9 6.5	5.6 1	1.7 .	52 1.42	.32	39	.08.0	<b>)37 17</b> .1	. 27.2	.42	154.4	.025	11.	.48 .0	04 .(	)4.	42.	2.08	<.01	41	.8	.06	3.6	15					
	EN+1200N	3.11	49.4(	14.1	7 64	.6	412 18	3.3	7.0 2	250 2.6	7 61.1	1.0	5 23.8	6.4 1	2.7 .	15 2.41	48	43	.04 .0	)51 21.5	28.2	.40	121.6	.028	11.	.43 .0	04.0	)4.	23.	1.08	.01	31	1.5	. 19	4.1	15					
	EN+900N										4 33.4																							. 19	5.4	15					
	EN+600N	.96	21.43	3 9.9	5 56	i.1 :	147 20	.8 1	B.2 2	210 2.3	3 28.7	.!	5 5.9	4.0	8.1 .	29 .82	. 19	44	.06.0	47 12.4	26.2	2.37	207.2	.026	11.	.55 .0	04.0	)3.	3 2.	0.08	<.01	29	.4	.03	3.9	15				`	
	EN+300N										9 83.5																			0.09						15	• • •				
	EN										8 927.4														11.	.62 .00	03.0	5.	9 2.	1.09	<.01	43	.9	. 81	4.3	15					
	EN+300S										9 207.2														1.											15					
	EN+600S										9 86.5														11.	38 .00	)4.0	3.	2 3.0	6.08	<.01	60	.7	. 05	3.5	15					
	EN+900S	1.34	34.98	3 15.2	4 64	.0 2	226 17	.2	7.2 1	188 2.3	1 447.9	(-1.7)	7 11.8	5.5 1	1.5 .	30 1.19	. 34	40	.06 .0	33 18.0	25.3	.36	235.2	.026	11.	35 .00	)4.0	4 4.	1 2.9	9.09	<.01	25	.9	. 16	3.6	15					
	RE EN+900S										0 439.6																			9.10						15					
	EN+1200S										2 739.6																									15					
	EN+1500S										B 1021.3														1.											15					
	EN+1800S										9 724.5																									15					:
	EN+2100S	2.58	39.6/	21.8	8 109.	.4 4	1/4 2/	.4 1.	1.4 4	36 3.1	8 1405.3	1.4	8.5	10.6 2	2.3 .1	33 3.08	. 48	22	.13 .0	64 26.9	14.6	.4/	/10.9 .	.006	11.	09.00	)3 .0	6 1.8	3 1.7	.05	.01	25	1.0	.45	3.0	15					
	EN+2400S	2 43	34 30	16 6	ายว	5 6	47 21	5 9	22 2	xx 2 2 E	7 990.5	1 /	11 2	505	03	14 2 90	30	28	E3 0	51 19 C	14 0	26	250 E	009	2 1	11 00	u ÷ n	E /			00		1.0	~				-			
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	EN+27003 EN+3900S										4 20.6																			.05			.9.			15					
	EN+39003 EN+4200S										+ 20.0 3 25.8														11.											15					
	STANDARD DS5																								11.											15					
	STANUARU USS	10.20 1	.+2.11		5 13/.	.0 2	.00 24			00 2.9	1/.9	J.9	44.1	2.0 45	7.1 0.1	0 0.90	0.00	00	.12 .0	74 IJ.U	102.4	. 05	130.3 .	090	10 2.		ა .I	4 4.5	3.5	1.0/	.03	183	5.1 .	88	0.0	15		 			

Sample type: SOIL SS80 60C. Samples beginning 'RE' are Reruns and 'RRE' are Reject Reruns.

All results are considered the confidential property of the client. Acme assumes the liabilities for actual cost of the analysis only.

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Page 3

