

YUKON

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ONE THOUSAND METRE

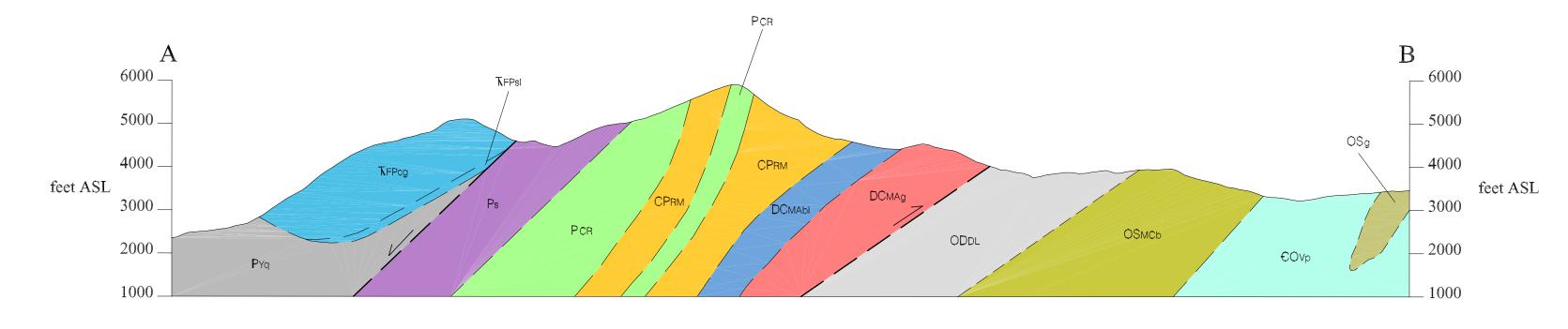
Universal Transverse Mercator Grid

ZONE 8

SCALE 1:25 000

CONTOUR INTERVAL 100 FEET

Elevations in feet above Mean Sea Level North American Datum 1983 Transverse Mercator Projection



## LEGEND

# INTRUSIVE ROCKS

quartz-feldspar porphyry white-weathering, aphanitic to fine-grained, locally flow-banded quartz-feldspar Eqfp porphyry; commonly contains phenocrysts of smoky grey quartz, biotite and white feldspar

## CRETACEOUS

granite to granodiorite undifferentiated

grey, resistant, generally medium- to coarse-grained, locally megacrystic, MK∪g undifferentiated Tay River plutonic suite or Anvil plutonic suite granite to granodiorite

Tay River plutonic suite

MKTRg Orchay phase - biotite ± hornblende granite to granodiorite

Anvil plutonic suite

MKAg Mount Mye phase - biotite-muscovite granite; locally foliated

## PERMIAN?

gabbro, harzburgite, serpentinite

mafic and ultramafic intrusive rocks; locally extensively sheared and Ps - serpentinite; Phz - harzburgite; Pg - gabbro

## ORDOVICIAN-SILURIAN

dark green, locally magnetic, coarse- to fine-grained, massive to foliated gabbro; subvolcanic dykes and sills to Menzie Creek basalts (OSMCb); enclosing phyllites locally display thin contact metamorphic aureoles

dark green, locally magnetic, coarse-grained, massive to foliated, variably serpentinized pyroxenite; subvolcanic dykes and sills to Menzie Creek basalts (OSMCb); enclosing phyllites locally display thin contact metamorphic aureoles

## LAYERED ROCKS

YUKON-TANANA TERRANE

## Faro Peak formation

resistant, massive, polymictic conglomerate; clasts include quartzite, chert, limestone and serpentinite; matrix contains detrital muscovite

dark grey carbonaceous, locally calcareous shale or siltstone interbedded with medium to dark grey, fine-grained limestone

interbedded cherty argillite, chert, sandstone and mafic greywacke or

massive, dark green, fine-grained to aphanitic <u>basalt;</u> may be equivalent to Anvil Range Group basalt

## PALEOZOIC

metasedimentary and metavolcanic rocks

medium to dark grey, locally gritty, muscovitic meta-quartzite to quartzose schist; contains bands of greywacke, gabbro, phyllite; rarely contains eclogite

PYI grey to tan, massive <u>limestone or dolostone</u> medium to dark olive green, chloritic phyllite to amphibolite; locally displays

relict equigranular igneous texture; locally includes ultramafic rocks and/or

Pyog felsic orthogneiss or paragneiss

## SLIDE MOUNTAIN TERRANE

## Campbell Range formation

Epidotized, locally hematitic, dark green, resistant, massive, poorly foliated PCR <u>basalt or brecciated basalt;</u> contains lesser grey, green, red and black bedded chert, and pale green epivolcaniclastic sandstone or conglomerate

## EARLY CARBONIFEROUS-PERMIAN

Rose Mountain formation pale green, tan-weathering, bedded phyllitic chert interbedded with lesser

maroon chert and argillite, especially near top of unit; also contains minor black bedded chert, black chert-pebble conglomerate, siltstone, limestone and DEVONIAN-PERMIAN

## undivided Rose Mountain formation and Mount Aho formation

dark grey to black, pale green, and maroon noncalcareous argillite and bedded DPRMMA chert with lesser siltstone, sandstone, chert-pebble conglomerate and

## DEVONIAN-EARLY CARBONIFEROUS Mount Aho formation

silvery cream, tan-weathering, bedded phyllitic chert with light grey barite beds dark grey to black, noncalcareous, siliceous argillite and bedded chert with

lesser siltstone, sandstone, chert-pebble conglomerate and limestone pale green, noncalcareous argillite and bedded chert with lesser shale chip and siltstone breccia, grey sandstone and chert-pebble conglomerate; locally contains maroon argillite and bedded chert

## ANCIENT NORTH AMERICA

DEVONIAN-EARLY CARBONIFEROUS Earn Group

dark grey to black, noncalcareous, siliceous argillite with lesser siltstone, sandstone, chert-pebble conglomerate and limestone

## SILURIAN siltstone

105K/11

105K/2

5 SE
THIS
MAP

Use diagram to obtain numerical values APPROXIMATE MEAN DECLINATION 1972 FOR CENTRE OF MAP

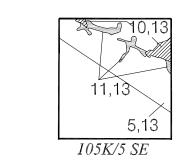
Annual change decreasing 4.0'

dark grey to black, platy, tan-weathering, thinly laminated, dolomitic siltstone

### Road River Group Steel Formation

Ss tan- to orange-weathering, dolomitic, bioturbated, silty mudstone

## COMPILATION SOURCES



quartz sandstone and dolostone

ORDOVICIAN-DEVONIAN

Massive, medium-grained, <u>quartz sandstone</u> interbedded with pale tan-weathering limestone or dolostone

#### Road River Group Duo Lake Formation

dark grey to black, graptolitic argillite; contains lesser medium to pale grey siltstone and fine sandstone, medium grey limestone and basalt flows

## Menzie Creek formation

undivided dark grey green, foliated <u>basalt</u>; includes massive and pillowed, locally amygdaloidal flows and heterolithic or monolithic breccias with lesser limestone, argillite and tuff

# dark grey green, locally amygdaloidal, <u>massive and pillowed basalt</u> with minor monolithic basalt breccia, volcaniclastic sandstone, siltstone and tuff

dark grey green, monolithic basalt breccia with lesser volcaniclastic sandstone,

## siltstone and tuff, and massive and pillowed flows grey to off-white limestone locally interbedded with orange-weathering

CAMBRIAN-ORDOVICIAN

#### Vangorda formation soft, silvery grey, calcareous phyllite with lesser medium crystalline, grey marble, dark grey to black phyllite and dark green gabbro sills and dykes

pale green and dark purplish brown, thinly banded calc-silicate rock with lesser black schist, marble and dark green gabbro dykes and sills ( $OS_g$ )

black, locally calcareous, carbonaceous phyllite or schist; commonly contains €Ovg thin quartzose siltstone interbeds; interbanded with dark green gabbro dykes \_\_\_\_\_\_ and sills (OSg)

## €O∨ı pale to dark grey, foliated <u>marble</u>

UPPER PROTEROZOIC-CAMBRIAN

brownish grey, noncalcareous, pervasively foliated phyllite; locally indistinctly UP€MMp bedded; contains minor siltstone, marble, calc-silicate rock, carbonaceous phyllite and dark green gabbro dykes and sills (OSg)

brownish grey, noncalcareous, pervasively foliated muscovite-biotite schist; may contain staurolite, garnet, andalusite, or fibrolite; locally indistinctly bedded; contains minor siltstone, marble, calc-silicate rock, carbonaceous phyllite and dark green gabbro dykes and sills (  $OS_g$  )

pale green and dark purplish brown, thinly banded <u>calc-silicate rock</u>; contains UP€MMcs marble and silicated marble beds and dark green gabbro dykes and sills ( OSg ); lithologically similar to Vangorda calc-silicate rock

dark to pale grey, medium crystalline marble; typically contains abundant UP€MMI boudins of calc-silicate rock and/or quartz; locally contains coarsely crystalline garnet-pyroxene skarn

black phyllite to schist; locally contains lenses and beds of black carbonaceous limestone and dark green gabbro dykes and sills ( OSg)

geological contact

primary road.....

secondary road, trail, cut line.....

(defined, approximate, assumed).....

(defined, approximate, assumed)	/
fault or vein-fault, displacement unknown (defined, approximate, assumed)	
thrust fault (defined, approximate, assumed, teeth on hanging wall)	
normal fault (defined, approximate, assumed, dot on downthrown side)	
strike-slip fault (defined, approximate, assumed)	
fold surface axial trace (upright anticline, syncline, overturned anticline, syncline)	
metamorphic boundary (symbol on higher grade side)	schist
bedding (tops not known)	<u>090</u> 20
foliation (one tick indicates earliest phase of deformation, two or more ticks indicate subsequent phase(s) of deformation)	090 090
foliation (phase of deformation unknown)	090
lineation (one arrow indicates earliest phase of deformation, two or more arrows indicate subsequent phase(s) of deformation)	/ 045/05 / 045/05
joint	090
igneous compositional banding	<u>090</u> 20
igneous mineral lineation	<b>1</b> 045/05
fault plane orientation, shear band (C-bands) orientation	090
shear band plane of flattening (S bands)	090
mineral lineation/rodding associated with shear bands	045/05
apparent dip of measured bedding, foliation (in cross-section)	
foliation form lines in cross-section	
limit of outcrop, subcrop	
projection to surface of mineralized volume	
limit of mapping	
isotopic age determination sample location and age includes radiometric age, 2 sigma error, and sample number	$\bullet \begin{array}{l} 69.3 \pm 0.5 \ Ma \\ GSC70-45 \end{array}$
fossil sample, includes sample reference number	f GC-98-05
barren fossil sample, includes sample reference number	© GC-98-05
geochemical sample-whole rock with major oxides, minor and trace elements, includes assay number and reference	■ A098, (1)
survey control station with station name and elevation (in metres)	HIW10 1500
diamond drill hole collar (overburden depth/ total depth) in metres	70X-01 <sub>°</sub> (15/100
rotary drill hole collar (overburden depth/ total depth) in metres	70RH-01 <sub>□</sub> (15/100)
field station	•
trench	
line of cross-section	A B

# MINERAL OCCURRENCES Yukon MINFILE Exploration Target Deklerk, R., 2003. Yukon MINFILE-a database of mineral occurrences. Yukon Geological Survey, CD-ROM.

FOSSILS				
GSC ocation No.	Material	Age Range	Ref	
O-080025	fusulinid	earlest Permian	(11)	
O-093500	conodont	Late Carboniferous - Pennsylvanian	(6)	
O-086347	conodont	Late Triassic - Late Norian-Rhaetian	(9)	
O-086348	conodont	Late Triassic - Late Carnian	(9)	
LP99-180	radiolarian	Early Permian - Asselian-Sakmarian	(1)	
C-304122	conodont	Barren - Indeterminate	(7)	
C-304123	conodont	Barren - Indeterminate	(7)	
C-304124	conodont	Barren - Indeterminate	(7)	
C-304784	conodont	Barren - Indeterminate	(8)	
C-304785	conodont	Early Carboniferous - ?Serpukhovian	(8)	
C-304786	conodont	Early Carboniferous - ?Visean	(8)	
C 204797	conodont	Fault Caultaurifaurus	(n)	

Barren - Indeterminate

Barren - Indeterminate

## REFERENCES

C-304788

C-304789

conodont

conodont

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- 11) Pigage, L.C., 2004. Bedrock geology compilation of the Anvil District (parts of 105K/2, 3, 5,
- 6, 7, and 11), central Yukon. Yukon Geological Survey, Bulletin 15. 12) Tempelman-Kluit, D.J., 1972. Geology and origin of the Faro, Vangorda, and Swim concordant zinc-lead deposits, central Yukon Territory. Geological Survey of Canada,
- 13) Woolham, R.W., 1996. Report on a combined helicopter-borne electromagnetic and
- magnetic survey, Faro, Yukon, NTS 105K/2,3,5,6,7. Unpublished Aerodat Inc. company report for Anvil Range Mining Corporation (1:24 000 scale).

## RECOMMENDED CITATION

Pigage, L.C., 2004. Geological map of Rose Mountain (NTS 105K/5 SE), central Yukon (1:25 000 scale). Yukon Geological Survey, Geoscience Map 2004-5, also Plate 5 in Bulletin 15.

This map accompanies the bulletin: Pigage, L.C., 2004. Bedrock geology compilation of the Anvil District (parts of 105K/2, 3, 5, 6, 7, and 11), central Yukon. Yukon Geological Survey, Bulletin 15.

An earlier version of this map was published as Open File 2001-4 by Exploration and Geological Services Division, Yukon Region, Indian and Northern Affairs

The legend shown here is for the entire Anvil District (shown in Plate 2 -Geoscience Map 2004-2). Rock units not present in this map area are not coloured in this legend.

Digital cartography and drafting by L.C. Pigage, Yukon Geological Survey. Any revisions or additional geological information known to the user would be welcomed by the Yukon Geological Survey.

Paper copies of this map, the accompanying report and Yukon MINFILE may be purchased from the Geoscience Information and Sales, c/o Whitehorse Mining Recorder, P.O. Box 2703 (K-102), Whitehorse, Yukon, Y1A 2C6. Phone 867-667-5200, Fax 867-667-5150, Email geosales@gov.yk.ca.

A digital PDF (Portable Document Format) file of this map may be downloaded free of charge from the Yukon Geological Survey website at www.geology.gov.yk.ca.

Keep this map in a dark area to keep colours from fading.

Yukon Geological Survey Energy, Mines and Resources Yukon Government

Plate 5 Geoscience Map 2004-5 Geological Map of Rose Mountain (NTS 105K/5 SE) Central Yukon (1:25 000 scale)

> compiled by L. C. Pigage