





















#### **INTRODUCTION**

New geochemical data from re-analysis of archived calculated from regression against principal components. stream sediment samples have been assessed using Weighted sums models (WSM) were generated using the weighted sums modeling and catchment basin analysis as processed data for a variety of deposit types. The described in the report accompanying this map (Mackie et importance rankings used in WSMs are summarized in al., 2015). Both commodity and pathfinder element Table 2. Each model is optimized for a target deposit type abundances are evaluated to highlight areas that show however other deposit types may be represented in a geochemical responses consistent with a variety of base- given model due to similarities in elemental abundances and precious-metal mineral deposit types. The results of and associations. Notably, only a few of the known modeling, completed using two approaches, are deposits are located within delineated catchment basins presented as a series of catchment maps and associated limiting the ability to validate the models. data files. This release is part of a regional assessment of stream sediment geochemistry that covers a large portion

#### SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAMS

Stream sediment and water samples from the Glenlyon map area (NTS 105L) were collected at a reconnaissance scale in 1988 as part of the Canada-Yukon Mineral Development Agreement (Friske & Hornbrook, 1989). This survey also covered the western part of the adjacent map sheet to the east (105K) however the current assessment deals only with samples located within NTS 105L (905 sites). Field descriptions and initial The first principal component, accounting for ~30% of the geochemical data were release in Geological Survey of total variation, shows high positive loadings for Se, Cd, and quality control measures.

While the database for this area contains 905 sample sites, only 795 samples are included in this assessment as catchment basins (provided by the YGS) were only generated for those samples that could be reasonably assigned to a specific stream polyline. This unusually high proportion of 'missing' catchments reflects both the inaccuracy of the location data from the historic sampling programs and the difficulty in defining catchment basins in areas of subdued topography.

### MINERAL OCCURRENCES

As shown in Table 1 (Yukon MINFILE, 2015), the most significant metal mineral occurrences documented within the Glenlyon map sheet are of the sedimentary exhalative Zn-Pb-Ag type (Clear Lake deposit; Hackey, Lobo and Zn Skarn (Carlson and Little Salmon prospects), The Minto Cu-Au-Ag Mine and Williams Creek Cu-Au-Ag- also be of interest. Mo and Mt. Nansen Cu-Au-Mo deposits are located in the adjacent NTS map sheet to the west (115I).

## WEIGHTED SUMS MODELING

As described in the report accompanying this map (Mackie et al., 2015), two approaches have been used to subdue the influence of background lithological variation and secondary absorption on the composition of stream sediments.

One uses data levelled by the dominant geology mapped within each catchment, while the other uses residuals

For certain elements (e.g., Cd, Ag, Sb and Zn) levelling by dominant lithology did not fully subdue the interpreted stratigraphic control on the spatial distribution of these elements. In order to reduce this impact in the WSMs these elements were given lower importance rankings (or were omitted) for certain deposit types. Negative rankings were assigned to certain variables to help differentiate deposit types with similar metal associations. Despite these efforts this approach generates WSM models that preferentially highlight catchments within the northern part of the map area.

Canada (GSC) Open File 1961. Re-analysis of archived Hg, Ag, Sb, Mo, Ba, Cu and Zn; and high negative sample material was completed in two stages and the loadings for Ce, La, Rb, Li, Al, Ti, Y and Sn. These geochemical data were released in Yukon Geological associations for spatial groups that match the distribution Survey Open File 2015-9 (Jackaman, 2012 & 2015). The of Earn and Askin group and Mount Christie Formation reader is referred to these open files for detailed sedimentary rocks in the northern part of the map area, descriptions of sampling techniques, analytical procedures and felsic intrusive rocks of the Cassiar Suite in the central portion of the map area, respectively. The second principal component, accounting for ~17% of the total variation, shows high negative loadings for Mg, Ca, Sr, Na, Zr and Cr forms a spatial trend matching the distribution of Carmacks suite mafic volcanic rocks and adjacent Laberge Group sedimentary rocks in the southern part of the map area. The third principal component shows high negative loadings for Ni, Co, As, Cr and Cu and matches the distribution of Klinkit Group metamorphosed mafic-intermediate volcanic and sedimentary rocks. Regression analysis of these metals against the relevant principal component effectively subdued these terrane-effects while preserving and in some cases enhancing responses related to known

The effectiveness of historical sampling coverage has McArthur prospects). Other types of mineralization include been assessed empirically using graphs of WSMs plotted polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn vein (Front, Hub and Muir against catchment surface area to determine the ideal prospects), W skarn (Felix and Dromedary prospects), Pb- maximum catchment size (10 square km). Catchments that larger than this are interpreted to have been undervolcanogenic massive sulphide Zn-Pb (Government and sampled and thus require further sampling to properly Highway showings) and Cu-Ag vein (Frenchman and evaluate the area for geochemical anomalism. Given the Oobird showings). The past producing Faro and likelihood that a mineralization 'signal' would be Vangorda Zn-Pb-Ag mines (Anvil SEDEX district) are progressively diluted with increasing catchment area, located in the adjacent NTS map sheet to the east (105K). large catchments with marginally high WSM scores may

NUMBER	NAME	DEP_TYPE	DEP_STATUS	COMMODITY							
105L 001	LOKKEN	Skarn Pb-Zn	Prospect	Lead, Silver, Zinc							
105L 003	LITTLE SALMON	Skarn Pb-Zn	Drilled Prospect	Arsenic, Gold, Lead, Silver, Tin, Zinc							
	BRANDY	Unknown	Unknown	Copper							
	JUMPONT	Coal	Showing	Coal							
	GLENLYON LAKE	Unknown	Showing	Copper, Lead							
105L 017		Sediment hosted Sedimentary Exhalative Zn-Pb-Ag (Sedex)	Drilled Prospect	Copper							
105L 019		Unknown	Showing	Lead, Zinc, Silver							
105L 022		Skarn W	Showing	Tungsten							
105L 023		Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Drilled Prospect	Copper, Gold, Silver							
105L 024		Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Drilled Prospect	Copper, Gold, Silver							
105L 025		Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Drilled Prospect	Copper, Gold, Silver, Zinc							
	SEARFOSS	Vein Polymetallic Aq-Pb-Zn±Au	Prospect	Copper, Silver, Gold							
	GE	Unknown	Showing	Copper, Silver							
	MCCOWAN	Iron Formation	Drilled Prospect	Copper, Silver							
				Copper, Lead, Zinc							
	HACHEY	Sediment hosted Sedimentary Exhalative Zn-Pb-Ag (Sedex)	Drilled Prospect								
	CARLSON	Skarn Pb-Zn	Drilled Prospect	Lead, Silver, Zinc							
	HORSFALL	Sediment hosted Sedimentary Exhalative Zn-Pb-Ag (Sedex)	Anomaly	Barite, Lead							
	FISH HOOK	Coal	Unknown	Coal							
105L 036		Coal	Unknown	Coal							
	MCARTHUR		Prospect	Gold, Lead, Silver, Zinc							
	EUGENE	Coal	Unknown	Coal							
	ALPHABET		Drilled Prospect	Copper, Zinc, Lead							
105L 040	FELIX	Skarn W	Drilled Prospect	Tungsten, Zinc							
				Lead, Silver, Zinc, Titanium, Barite,							
	CLEAR LAKE	Sediment hosted Sedimentary Exhalative Zn-Pb-Ag (Sedex)		Phosphorus							
105L 046	SAP	Unknown	Anomaly	Zinc							
				Arsenic, Copper, Silver, Tungsten,							
	DROMEDARY	Skarn W	Drilled Prospect	Zinc, Lead, Barite							
105L 054		Sediment hosted Stratiform Barite	Prospect	Barite, Silver, Zinc, Gold, Lead							
	HODDER	Porphyry Mo (Low F-Type)	Showing	Molybdenum							
105L 056	TUM	Sediment hosted Sedimentary Exhalative Zn-Pb-Ag (Sedex)	Drilled Prospect	Zinc							
105L 057	LONE MOUNTAIN.	Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Showing	Lead, Silver, Zinc							
105L 058	LITTLE FISH HOOK	Vein Barite-Fluorite	Showing	Fluorite, Gold							
105L 060	MARBLE	Unknown	Anomaly	Gold							
105L 061	OOBIRD	Porphyry Alkalic Cu-Au	Showing	Copper, Silver							
105L 062	GOVERNMENT	Volcanogenic Massive Sulphide (VMS) Kuroko Cu-Pb-Zn	Showing	Copper, Zinc, Lead, Silver							
105L 063	HIGHWAY	Volcanogenic Massive Sulphide (VMS) Kuroko Cu-Pb-Zn	Showing	Copper, Gold, Lead							
105L 064		Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Showing	Copper, Silver, Zinc, Lead							
105L 065	GLAD	Vein Cu±Ag Quartz	Showing	Copper, Gold, Silver							
				Arsenic, Zinc, Silver, Lead, Copper,							
105L 052	ANACONDA	Sediment hosted Stratiform Barite	Prospect	Barite							
105L 005		Unknown	Drilled Prospect								
	RAGGED	Unknown	Unknown								
105L 016		Unknown	Anomaly								
105L 034		Unknown	Anomaly								
105L 033		Unknown	Unknown								
	CONWEST	Unknown	Drilled Prospect								
105L 021		Unknown	Showing								
	WHEELTON	Unknown	Anomaly								
105L 009											
		Plutonic Related Au	Anomaly								
	FRENCHMAN	Vein Cu±Ag Quartz	Anomaly								
105L 049		Unknown	Anomaly								
105L 048		Unknown	Unknown								
105L 004		Unknown	Anomaly								
105L 014		Unknown	Unknown								
105L 008		Unknown	Anomaly								
105L 042	TREDGER	Unknown	Drilled Prospect								

/olcanogenic Massive Sulphide (VMS) Kuroko Cu-Pb-Zn

Table 1: List of Mineral Occurrences for NTS map sheet 105L (Yukon MINFILE, 2015)

Target Deposit Type <sup>a</sup>	Other Deposit Types <sup>a</sup>	Mn	Fe	Со	Ni	Cu	Мо	Zn	Pb	Ag	Au <sup>1</sup>	As	Ва	Cd	Sn	Sb	Те	Hg	TI	Bi	W¹
Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn	SEDEX (high Ag); VMS (felsic); Pb- Zn skarn							2	4	3		1				1					
SEDEX Pb-Zn	VMS (felsic); Pb-Zn skarn; Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn					1		3	4	1			1	1					1		-2
VMS (mafic)	Cu skarn			1		3	-1	1													-1
Intrusion-related Au	Epithermal Au-Ag							-1	-1		4	2				2				1	
Epithermal Au-Ag	Intrusion-related Au									3	3	1				1		2			
Porphyry Cu-Mo	Cu skarn; Cu-Ag vein; Porphyry Mo				-2	4	3			2	1	1									
W skarn	Porphyry Mo						1													2	3

<sup>a</sup>Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn type includes vein and manto styles; SEDEX = sedimentary exhalative; VMS (felsic) = Zn-rich volcanic-hosted/associated massive sulphide deposits (i.e., Kuroko type); VMS (mafic) = Cu-rich volcanic-hosted/associated massive sulphide (i.e., Cyprus and Besshi types) <sup>1</sup>Raw data following a log10 transformation.

<b>LEGEND</b>	
Town	Weighted sums model (PC residuals)
▲ Mineral Occurrence	Porphyry Cu-Mo deposits
Road	incomplete element suite
Contour	0-50th percentile
~~~ River	50-75th percentile
NTS map sheet	75-90th percentile
Water Body	90-95th percentile
Wetland	95-98th percentile
Sample Location	98-100th percentile
Catchement	
Catchments >14 km <sup>2</sup>	

## **REFERENCES**

Friske, P.W. and Hornbrook, E.H., 1989. National geochemical reconnaissance stream sediment and water geochemical data, central Yukon (105K/W and 105L), Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 1961. Jackaman, W., 2012. Regional stream sediment geochemical data, Glenlyon Area, central Yukon (NTS 105K

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# RECOMMENDED CITATION

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Catchment basin polygons generated by the Yukon Geological Survey (J. O. Bruce).

Any revisions or additional geological information known to the user would be welcomed by the Yukon

Paper copies of this map and the accompanying report may be obtained from the Yukon Geological Survey, Energy, Mines and Resources, Government of Yukon, Room 102-300 Main St., Whitehorse, Yukon, Y1A 2B5. Ph. 867-667-3201, Email geology@gov.yk.ca.

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Weighted sums model for Porphyry Cu-Mo deposits using principal component residuals (NTS 105L) **Sheet 11 of 15** 

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