



### INTRODUCTION

stream sediment samples have been assessed using represented in a given model due to similarities in weighted sums modeling and catchment basin analysis as elemental abundances and associations. The model for described in the methodology report that accompanies Porphyry Cu-Mo deposits could not be validated as no this map (Mackie et al., 2015). Both commodity and occurrences of this deposit type exists in the map area. pathfinder element abundances are evaluated to highlight areas that show geochemical responses consistent with a variety of base and precious-metal mineral deposit types. The results of modeling, completed using two approaches, are presented as a series of catchment maps and associated data files. This release is part of a regional assessment of stream sediment geochemistry that covers a large part of Yukon.

#### SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAMS

Stream sediment and water samples from the McQueston area (NTS 115P) were collected at a reconnaissance scale in 1987 as part of the Canada – Yukon Mineral Development Agreement (Hornbrook & Friske, 1988). Field descriptions and initial geochemical data for 841 sites were originally released in Geological Survey of Canada (GSC) Open File 1650. New geochemical data from the re-analysis of archive sample material were released in Yukon Geological Survey (YGS) Open File 2012-9 (Jackaman, 2012). The reader is referred to these reports for detailed descriptions of sampling techniques, analytical procedures and quality control measures.

#### MINERAL OCCURRENCES

have been identified in the McQueston area as listed in responses related to known mineral occurrences. Table 1 (Yukon MINFILE, 2015). The most significant Levelling by mapped geology is less effective at filtering deposits are classed as intrusion-related Au (Hobo, the lithological control for certain elements however given Pukelman and Highet prospects), polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn the strength of the mineralization signal the models vein (Quest, East Ridge, May Creek and Hawthorne generated using the two approaches are quite similar. prospects prospects), W skarn/porphyry (Rhosgobel and The effectiveness of historical sampling coverage has Scheelite Dome prospects) and Sn-Ag vein/greisen (Zeta deposit and Jabberwock prospect). The Nucleus-Revenue Cu-Mo porphyry and Minto Cu deposits occur in the prospectivity of the region for these types of deposits.

#### WEIGHTED SUMS MODELING

As described in the methodology report (Mackie et al., geochemical anomalism. Given the likelihood that a 2015), two approaches have been used to subdue the influence of background lithological variation and effects of secondary absorption. One uses data levelled by the dominant geology mapped within each catchment, while the other uses residuals calculated from regression against selected principal components. Weighted sums models (WSM) have been generated using the processed

data. The importance rankings used in WSMs are summarized in Table 2. Each model is optimized for a New geochemical data from re-analysis of archived target deposit type however other deposit types may be

Exploratory data analysis using both raw element data

and principal components indicate that lithological variation exhibits a significant control on the distribution of many commodity and pathfinder elements. Importantly, for this map area, much of the variability is linked to mineralization. The first component (PC1) accounts for ~25% of the total geochemical variation and has high positive loadings in Na, Ti, Sc, V, Nb and Ca; and high negative loadings in Pb, Bi, Li, Zn, La and As. Positive PC1 generally corresponds to felsic intrusive rocks of the Sulphur Creek Suite that dominate the southern part of the map area. Negative responses of PC1 are relatable to polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn occurrences in the northern part of the map area and therefore is interpreted to represent a mineralization signal. The second component, with high loadings of Cd, Se, loss-on-ignition, Ca, Sr, Cu and Sb, corresponds to areas of carbonate bedrock and low-lying topography. The third component with high loadings in Ni, Fe, Mg, Co, Cu and Cr shows elevated responses associated with ultramafic intrusions and, sporadically, within areas mapped as Hyland group sedimentary rocks.

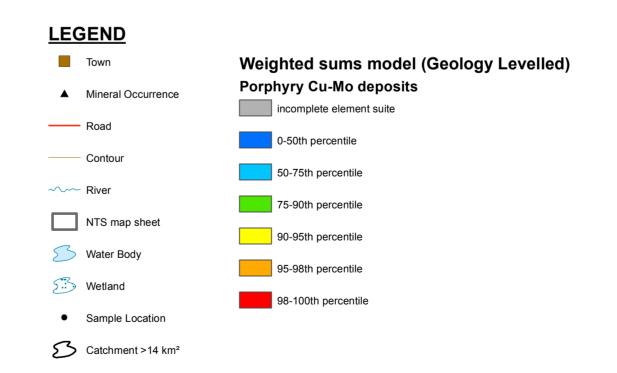
Regression analysis of selected metals against the relevant principal component(s) effectively filters the Various types of base and precious-metal mineralization interpreted lithological control and consequently enhances

been assessed empirically using graphs of WSMs plotted against catchment surface area to determine the ideal adjacent NTS map area to the south supporting the maximum catchment size (14 km²). Catchments that cover larger areas (shown on the map with bold outlines) are interpreted to have been under-sampled and thus require further sampling to properly evaluate the area for mineralization signal would be progressively diluted with increasing catchment size, marginally high WSM scores in large catchments may also be of interest.

	Name	Туре	Status	Commodities
115P 001	JAYBEE	Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Anomaly	Lead, Silver
115P 002	SEATTLE	Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Showing	Lead, Silver
115P 003	HAWTHORNE	Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Drilled Prospect	Antimony, Arsenic, Silver, Lead, Gold, Bismuth
				Arsenic, Tungsten, Copper, Gold
115P 004   SCHEELITE DOME		Porphyry W	Drilled Prospect	Tin, Molybdenum, Bismuth Antimony, Tin, Bismuth, Copper,
115P 007 MAHTIN		Skarn Au	Drilled Prospect	Silver, Gold, Arsenic
115P 008	EAST RIDGE	  Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Prospect	Copper, Zinc, Lead, Silver, Tungsten, Tin, Gold
115P 009	LUGDUSH	Skarn W	Prospect	Lead, Tungsten, Silver
115P 010	RIDGE	Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Showing	Lead, Silver, Zinc, Tin
115P 011	JOSEPHINE	Plutonic Related Au	Showing	Gold, Tungsten
				Arsenic, Gold, Tungsten, Silver,
	RHOSGOBEL	Skarn W	Drilled Prospect	Bismuth
	PUKELMAN	Plutonic Related Au	Drilled Prospect	Gold Therium Uranium
115P 014		Porphyry-related Au	Showing	Thorium, Uranium
	MOOSE RIDGE	Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Showing	Silver
	ROSEBUD	Ultramafic-hosted asbestos	Showing	Asbestos
115P 021		Unknown	Anomaly	Gold
		Plutonic Related Au	Drilled Prospect	Gold
	BOULDER	Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Showing	Copper
115P 027		Sediment hosted Mississippi Valley-Type Pb-Zn (MVT)		Lead
115P 028		Plutonic Related Au	Anomaly	Gold, Tungsten, Silver, Tin
115P 030		Skarn Sn	Drilled Prospect	Copper, Zinc, Tin, Silver, Gold
115P 031	BIX	Plutonic Related Au	Prospect	Tin
115P 033	HIGHET	Plutonic Related Au	Drilled Prospect	Antimony, Arsenic, Bismuth, Copper, Gold, Silver, Tungsten
115P 034		Plutonic Related Au	Showing	Tin, Tungsten
115P 036		Vein and Greisens Sn	Showing	Lead
115P 044		Plutonic Related Au	Unknown	Arsenic, Gold
115P 045		Sediment hosted Stratiform Barite	Deposit	Barite, Zinc, Silver
115P 047		Vein and Greisens Sn	Deposit	Barite, Zinc, Tin, Copper, Silver
115P 048		Skarn Sn	Prospect	Gold, Lead, Silver, Tin, Zinc
115P 049		Vein Au-Quartz	Anomaly	Gold
	JABBERWOCK	Vein and Greisens Sn	Prospect	Copper, Silver, Tin
115P 055		Plutonic Related Au	Anomaly	Antimony, Arsenic, Gold
	MAY CREEK	Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Prospect	Copper, Silver, Zinc, Lead
115P 057		Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Prospect	Gold, Silver, Lead
1131 031	QUEST	Vein Folymetallic Ag-Fb-2112Au	Flospect	Arsenic, Gold, Manganese,
115P 061	BIG	Plutonic Related Au	Showing	Tungsten, Silver, Lead, Bismuth
115P 063	VAN	Unknown	Showing	Arsenic, Silver, Zinc, Tungsten, Lead, Bismuth, Copper, Gold
115P 040	FIONA	Unknown	Unknown	
	MCGUINTY	Unknown	Anomaly	
115P 006	HOBO	Plutonic Related Au	Deposit	Gold, Copper, Silver, Molybdenum, Lead
115P 041		Unknown	Unknown	
115P 046		Unknown	Unknown	
115P 032		Porphyry Cu-Mo-Au	Anomaly	
115P 032		Unknown	Unknown	
	PENTICTON	Unknown	Unknown	
115P 054 115P 062		Porphyry Alkalic Cu-Au	Showing	
	TWENTYSIX	Unknown Vein Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn±Au	Unknown	
	CLEMENT	, ,	Unknown	
115P 059		Unknown	Unknown	
	LOST HORSES	Unknown	Anomaly	
115P 038	FIKEBIKD	Unknown	Unknown	1

Table 2: Importance rankings for weighted sums models using data levelled by mapped geology.																					
Target Deposit Type <sup>a</sup>	Other Deposit Types <sup>a</sup>	Mn	Fe	Со	Ni	Cu	Мо	Zn	Pb	Ag	Au <sup>1</sup>	As <sup>2</sup>	Ва	Cd	Sn <sup>1</sup>	Sb	Те	Hg	TI	Bi	w¹
Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn	SEDEX; VMS; Pb-Zn skarn							2	4	2		1	-2	1		1					
SEDEX Pb-Zn	Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn; VMS; Pb- Zn skarn							3	3	1			1	1					1		-2
Intrusion-related Au	Epithermal Au-Ag; Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn								-2	1	4	3				1				2	
Porphyry Cu-Mo	Intrusion-related Au; Cu skarn; Porphyry Mo				-2	4	3	-1	-1	1		2									1
W skarn	Porphyry W; Sn skarn/greisen;						1					1			2					2	4

Polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn type includes vein and manto styles; SEDEX = sedimentary exhalative; VMS = volcanic-hosted/associated massive sulphide  $^1$ For heavily censored elements and those not strongly controled by geology, raw data are used following a log  $_{
m 10}$  transformation.



# REFERENCES

Hornbrook, E.H.W. and Friske, P.W.B., 1988. Regional Stream Sediment and Water Geochemical Data, central Yukon (NTS 115P and part of 105M). Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 1650. Jackaman, W., 2012. Regional Stream Sediment Geochemical Data, McQueston area, central Yukon (NTS 115P). Yukon Geological Survey, Open File 2012-9.

Mackie, R., Arne, D. and Brown, O., 2015. Enhanced interpretation of regional stream sediment geochemistry from Yukon: catchment basin analysis and weighted sums modeling. Yukon Geological Survey, Open File

Yukon MINFILE, 2015. Yukon MINFILE – A database of mineral occurrences. Yukon Geological Survey, www.data.geology.gov.yk.ca, accessed May 2015.

## RECOMMENDED CITATION

MACKIE, R., ARNE, D. AND PENNIMPEDE, C., 2016. Weighted sums model for Porphyry Cu-Mo deposits levelled by geology. In: Enhanced interpretation of stream sediment geochemical data for NTS map sheet 115P. Yukon Geological Survey, Open File 2016-31, scale 1:250 000, sheet 3 of 11

Catchment basin polygons generated by the Yukon Geological Survey (J. O. Bruce).

Any revisions or additional geological information known to the user would be welcomed by the Yukon Geological Survey.

Paper copies of this map and the accompanying report may be obtained from the Yukon Geological Survey, Energy, Mines and Resources, Government of Yukon, Room 102-300 Main St., Whitehorse, Yukon, Y1A 2B5. Ph. 867-667-3201, Email geology@gov.yk.ca.

A digital PDF (Portable Document File) file of this map may be downloaded free of charge from the Yukon Geological Survey website: http://www.geology.gov.yk.ca.

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Weighted sums model for Porphyry Cu-Mo deposits levelled by mapped geology (NTS 115P) Sheet 3 of 11

Rob Mackie, Dennis Arne,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Calculated residual from regression against Fe and Mn.